NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

Import NumPy as np

```
import numpy as np
```

Create an array of 10 zeros

```
np.zeros(10)
array([ 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
```

Create an array of 10 ones

```
np.ones(10)
array([ 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
```

Create an array of 10 fives

```
np.full(10,5)
array([ 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
```

Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

```
np.arange(10,51,2)
array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50])
```

Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

```
arr=np.arange(0,9)
arr=arr.reshape(3,3)
arr
```

Create a 3x3 identity matrix

Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

```
arr=np.random.random(1)
arr
array([ 0.42829726])
```

Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution

Create the following matrix:

```
arr=np.arange(0.01,1.01,0.01)
arr=arr.reshape(10,10)
arr
array([[ 0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08,
                                                           0.09,
0.1],
      [ 0.11, 0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17,
                                                     0.18,
                                                            0.19,
0.2],
      [ 0.21, 0.22, 0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28,
                                                           0.29,
0.3 1,
      [ 0.31, 0.32, 0.33, 0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38,
                                                            0.39,
0.4],
```

```
0.42,
                     0.43, 0.44, 0.45, 0.46, 0.47,
                                                     0.48,
                                                            0.49,
      [ 0.41,
0.5],
      [ 0.51,
              0.52,
                     0.53,
                           0.54, 0.55, 0.56,
                                               0.57,
                                                     0.58,
                                                            0.59,
0.6],
      [ 0.61, 0.62,
                     0.63,
                           0.64, 0.65, 0.66,
                                               0.67.
                                                     0.68.
                                                            0.69.
0.7],
                           0.74, 0.75, 0.76,
      [ 0.71,
              0.72,
                     0.73,
                                               0.77,
                                                     0.78,
                                                            0.79,
0.8],
                           0.84, 0.85, 0.86,
                                               0.87,
                                                            0.89,
      [ 0.81, 0.82,
                     0.83,
                                                     0.88,
0.9],
      [ 0.91, 0.92,
                     0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97,
                                                     0.98,
                                                            0.99.
1.
  ]])
```

Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
mat = np.arange(1, 26).reshape(5, 5)
mat
array([[ 1, 2, 3,
                     4, 5],
                     9, 10],
       [6,
             7,
                 8,
       [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat=mat[2:,1:]
mat
array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
       [17, 18, 19, 20],
       [22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[1][-1]
20
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat = np.arange(1, 26).reshape(5, 5)
mat=mat[0:3,1].reshape(3,1)
mat
array([[ 2],
       [7],
       [12]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat = np.arange(1, 26).reshape(5, 5)
mat[-1]
array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat = np.arange(1, 26).reshape(5, 5)
mat[3:]
array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

Now do the following

Get the sum of all the values in mat

```
mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
print(np.sum(mat))
325
```

Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

```
mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
print(np.std(mat))
```

7.2111025509279782

Get the sum of all the columns in mat

```
mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
print(np.sum(mat,0))
array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])
```