```
#Import NumPy as np__rachanavarsha
import numpy as np
#Create an array of 10 zeros__rachanavarsha
z1=np.zeros(10)
z1
     array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
#Create an array of 10 ones rachanavarsha
z2=np.ones(10)
z2
     array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
#Create an array of 10 fives__rachanavarsha
z=np.full(10,5.0)
z
     array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
#Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50__rachanavarsha
i=np.arange(10,51)
i
     array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26,
            27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43,
            44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50])
#Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50 rachanavarsha
e1=[]
for j in i:
 if i%2==0:
    e1.append(j)
e1_arr=np.array(e1)
e1 arr
ev_arr=np.arange(10,51,2)
ev_arr
     array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42,
            44, 46, 48, 50])
#Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8__rachanavarsha
a1=np.array([[0,1,2],[3,4,5],[6,7,8]])
a1
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array([[0, 1, 2],
            [3, 4, 5],
            [6, 7, 8]])
#Create a 3x3 identity matrix rachanavarsha
a2=np.eye(3)
a2
     array([[1., 0., 0.],
            [0., 1., 0.],
            [0., 0., 1.]])
#Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1__rachanavarsha
ran num=np.random.rand()
ran num
     0.6464024276155605
#Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution rachanavarsha
c=np.random.randn(25)
С
     array([-1.39765765, -2.96252371, 0.66280222, -0.82082562, -0.34234319,
            -0.47571051, 3.2514936, -0.30716788, 1.21567691, 0.33269017,
            -0.14532567, -0.07562363, -0.99218526, 1.03052571, -1.03361821,
            -1.06330386, 1.04272025, 1.04113522, 0.18424914, -1.09563515,
            -3.36506315, -0.88317701, -0.93364365, -0.41329918, -1.25748937])
# rachanavarsha
ar=np.arange(0.01,1.01,0.01)
     array([0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1, 0.11,
            0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2, 0.21, 0.22,
            0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28, 0.29, 0.3, 0.31, 0.32, 0.33,
            0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4, 0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44,
            0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5, 0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55,
            0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6, 0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66,
            0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7, 0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77,
            0.78, 0.79, 0.8, 0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88,
            0.89, 0.9, 0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99,
           1. ])
#Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1: rachanavarsha
la=np.linspace(0,1,20)
la
                    , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632,
            0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421,
            0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211,
            0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1.
```

```
#Numpy Indexing and Selection
mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
mat
     array([[ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
            [6, 7, 8, 9, 10],
            [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
            [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
            [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
mat[2:6,1:6]
    array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
            [17, 18, 19, 20],
            [22, 23, 24, 25]])
mat[3:4,4:6]
    array([[20]])
mat[0:3,1:2]
     array([[ 2],
            [7],
            [12]])
mat[4:6,0:6]
    array([[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
mat[3:6,0:6]
     array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
            [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
#Get the sum of all the values in mat__rachanavarsha
sum1=np.sum(mat)
sum1
    325
#Get the standard deviation of the values in mat__rachanavarsha
sd=np.std(mat)
sd
    7.211102550927978
#Get the sum of all the columns in mat__rachanavarsha
col sum=np.sum(mat,axis=0)
col_sum
     array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])
```