## NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

Import NumPy as np

```
import numpy as np
```

Create an array of 10 zeros

```
z=np.zeros(10)
z
array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
```

Create an array of 10 ones

```
z=np.ones(10)
z
array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
```

Create an array of 10 fives

```
z=np.ones(10)*5
z
array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
```

Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

▼ Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

```
a=np.arange(10,51,2)
a
array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42,
44, 46, 48, 50])
```

Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

▼ Create a 3x3 identity matrix

▼ Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution

```
a=np.random.normal(0,1,25)
a

array([ 0.5821851 , -0.96280394, -0.53178634,  0.46301296,  1.02200435,  -0.55067055,  0.39542813,  0.27217915, -1.58673825,  1.75305457,  -0.23027849,  0.01375966, -0.11436924,  1.4812874 , -1.07827287,  0.72480186, -0.46765871, -0.26062129,  0.14421389, -0.69459816,  0.68197907, -1.29350119,  0.54265793, -0.60951633, -0.77952879])
```

Create the following matrix:

```
[0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44, 0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5], [0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55, 0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6], [0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66, 0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7], [0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77, 0.78, 0.79, 0.8], [0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88, 0.89, 0.9], [0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99, 1.]])
```

Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

```
np.linspace(0,1,20)

array([0. , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632, 0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421, 0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211, 0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1. ])
```

## ▼ Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
mat
     array([[ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
            [6, 7, 8, 9, 10],
            [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
            [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
            [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
mat[2:,1:]
     array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
            [17, 18, 19, 20],
            [22, 23, 24, 25]])
mat[3,4]
     20
mat[:3,1:2]
     array([[ 2],
            [7],
            [12]])
mat[4,:]
     array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
mat[3:5,:]
```

```
array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20], [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

- ▼ Now do the following
- ▼ Get the sum of all the values in mat

```
mat.sum()
```

▼ Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

```
mat.std()
7.211102550927978
```

▼ Get the sum of all the columns in mat

Double-click (or enter) to edit

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