

▼ NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

▼ Import NumPy as np

```
#Anish Narla 21BCE2018
import numpy as np
```

▼ Create an array of 10 zeros

```
zeros_array = np.zeros(10)
print(zeros_array)

[0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.]
```

▼ Create an array of 10 ones

```
ones_array = np.ones(10)
print(ones_array)

[1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.]
```

▼ Create an array of 10 fives

```
fives_array = 5 * np.ones(10)
print(fives_array)

[5.  5.  5.  5.  5.  5.  5.  5.  5.  5.]
```

▼ Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

```
integers_array = np.arange(10, 51)
print(integers_array)

[10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50]
```

▼ Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

```
even_integers_array = np.arange(10, 51, 2)
print(even_integers_array)

[10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50]
```

▼ Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

```
matrix = np.arange(9).reshape(3, 3)
print(matrix)

[[0 1 2]
 [3 4 5]
 [6 7 8]]
```

▼ Create a 3x3 identity matrix

```
identity_matrix = np.eye(3)
print(identity_matrix)

[[1.  0.  0.]
 [0.  1.  0.]
 [0.  0.  1.]]
```

▼ Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

```
random_number = np.random.rand()
print(random_number)

0.519355371056869
```

▼ Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution

```
random_numbers = np.random.randn(25)
print(random_numbers)

[ 2.03973017 -0.3458599 -1.11786523 -0.18101932 -0.28543603  1.16270786
 -0.15033806 -0.0141422  0.89533411  0.27103241  0.54511343  0.07376987
 -1.51140638  0.88052737 -1.27329422 -1.3252319 -0.30638883  0.22168153
 0.85428331  0.90052312  0.9998707  0.84057368  0.11237109 -1.86286626
 1.17575064]
```

▼ Create the following matrix:

```
matrix = np.arange(0.01, 1.01, 0.01).reshape(10, 10)
print(matrix)

[[0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.1 ]
 [0.11 0.12 0.13 0.14 0.15 0.16 0.17 0.18 0.19 0.2 ]
 [0.21 0.22 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.26 0.27 0.28 0.29 0.3 ]
 [0.31 0.32 0.33 0.34 0.35 0.36 0.37 0.38 0.39 0.4 ]
 [0.41 0.42 0.43 0.44 0.45 0.46 0.47 0.48 0.49 0.5 ]
 [0.51 0.52 0.53 0.54 0.55 0.56 0.57 0.58 0.59 0.6 ]
 [0.61 0.62 0.63 0.64 0.65 0.66 0.67 0.68 0.69 0.7 ]
 [0.71 0.72 0.73 0.74 0.75 0.76 0.77 0.78 0.79 0.8 ]
 [0.81 0.82 0.83 0.84 0.85 0.86 0.87 0.88 0.89 0.9 ]
 [0.91 0.92 0.93 0.94 0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99 1.  ]]
```

▼ Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

```
linear_points = np.linspace(0, 1, 20)
print(linear_points)

[0.          0.05263158 0.10526316 0.15789474 0.21052632 0.26315789
 0.31578947 0.36842105 0.42105263 0.47368421 0.52631579 0.57894737
 0.63157895 0.68421053 0.73684211 0.78947368 0.84210526 0.89473684
 0.94736842 1.          ]
```

▼ Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
mat

array([[ 1,  2,  3,  4,  5],
       [ 6,  7,  8,  9, 10],
       [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])

# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE

mat[2:5,1:5]

array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
       [17, 18, 19, 20],
       [22, 23, 24, 25]])

# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE

mat[3,4]
```

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```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
mat[0:3,1:2]
```

```
array([[ 2],
       [ 7],
       [12]])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
mat[4:5,0:6]
```

```
array([[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
mat[3:5,0:6]
```

```
array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

▼ Now do the following

▼ Get the sum of all the values in mat

```
print(mat.sum());
```

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▼ Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

```
print(mat.std())
```

7.211102550927978

▼ Get the sum of all the columns in mat

```
print(mat.sum(axis=0))
```

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```
☐ [55 60 65 70 75]
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit

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