# 21BAI1105 AnandMisra

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## 1 Assignment 1

## 1.1 Anand Misra - 21BAI1105

## 2 NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

```
Import NumPy as np
```

```
[2]: import numpy as np
```

### Create an array of 10 zeros

```
[3]: arr_0 = np.zeros(10) arr_0
```

[3]: array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])

#### Create an array of 10 ones

```
[5]: arr_1 = np.ones(10) arr_1
```

[5]: array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])

### Create an array of 10 fives

```
[7]: arr_5 = np.ones(10) * 5 arr_5
```

[7]: array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])

#### Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

```
[9]: arr_10to50 = np.arange(10,51)
arr_10to50
```

```
[9]: array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50])
```

```
Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50
[10]: arr_even = np.arange(10,51,2)
      arr even
[10]: array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42,
            44, 46, 48, 50])
     Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8
[11]: matrix 3x3 = np.arange(9).reshape(3, 3)
      matrix_3x3
[11]: array([[0, 1, 2],
             [3, 4, 5],
             [6, 7, 8]])
     Create a 3x3 identity matrix
[12]: id_matrix_3x3 = np.eye(3)
      id_matrix_3x3
[12]: array([[1., 0., 0.],
             [0., 1., 0.],
             [0., 0., 1.]])
     Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1
[13]: rand = np.random.rand()
      rand
[13]: 0.364865756037417
     Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard
     normal distribution
[15]: rand_sample = np.random.randn(25)
      rand sample
[15]: array([ 0.79520668, 1.73029785, 0.50144765, -0.06138078, -2.28399832,
             0.8607485, 0.84008663, 0.90509332, -0.9899608, -1.37568289,
             0.24905431, -0.09195265, 1.2824688, 0.05616804, -0.25514416,
             -0.41962915, 0.81113355, 0.25674028, 1.18758735, -0.00540194,
            -2.21112132, -0.59796574, -0.54279296, -2.06703142, -1.77173925)
     Create the following matrix:
[16]: matrix_100 = np.arange(0.01, 1.01, 0.01).reshape(10, 10)
      matrix 100
[16]: array([[0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1],
             [0.11, 0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2],
             [0.21, 0.22, 0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28, 0.29, 0.3],
```

```
[0.31, 0.32, 0.33, 0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4], [0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44, 0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5], [0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55, 0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6], [0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66, 0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7], [0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77, 0.78, 0.79, 0.8], [0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88, 0.89, 0.9], [0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99, 1.]])
```

### Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

```
[17]: equispaced_20 = np.linspace(0, 1, 20)
equispaced_20
```

```
[17]: array([0. , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632, 0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421, 0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211, 0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1. ])
```

### 2.1 Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
[18]: mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
mat
```

```
[]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
[25]: mat_q1 = mat[2:,1:] mat_q1
```

```
[25]: array([[12, 13, 14, 15], [17, 18, 19, 20], [22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
[ ]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
[27]: mat_q2 = mat[3,4] mat_q2
```

```
[27]: 20
 []: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
      # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
      # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
[32]: mat_q3 = mat[:3,1].reshape(3, 1)
      mat_q3
[32]: array([[ 2],
             [7],
             [12]])
 []: | # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
      # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
      # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
[33]: mat_q4 = mat[4,]
      mat_q4
[33]: array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
 [ ]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
      # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
      # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
[35]: mat_q5 = mat[3:,]
      mat_q5
[35]: array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
             [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
     2.1.1 Now do the following
     Get the sum of all the values in mat
[37]: | sum = np.sum(mat)
      sum
[37]: 325
     Get the standard deviation of the values in mat
[38]: sd = np.std(mat)
      sd
[38]: 7.211102550927978
```

Get the sum of all the columns in mat

```
[41]: sum_cols = np.sum(mat, axis=0)
sum_cols
```

[41]: array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])