

# NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

Import NumPy as np

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
```

Create an array of 10 zeros

```
In [3]: c1=np.zeros(10)
c1
```

```
Out[3]: array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
```

Create an array of 10 ones

```
In [5]: z=np.ones(10)
z
```

```
Out[5]: array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
```

Create an array of 10 fives

```
In [6]: c3=np.full(10,5.0)
c3
```

```
Out[6]: array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
```

Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

```
In [7]: a=np.arange(10,51)
a
```

```
Out[7]: array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26,
              27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43,
              44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50])
```

Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

```
In [10]: arr=np.arange(10,51,2)
arr
```

```
Out[10]: array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42,
              44, 46, 48, 50])
```

Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

```
In [11]: m1=np.array([[0,1,2],[3,4,5],[6,7,8]])
m1
```

```
Out[11]: array([[0, 1, 2],
              [3, 4, 5],
              [6, 7, 8]])
```

Create a 3x3 identity matrix

```
In [22]: m3=np.eye(3)
m3
```

```
Out[22]: array([[1., 0., 0.],
              [0., 1., 0.],
              [0., 0., 1.]])
```

Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

```
In [13]: ran_num=np.random.rand()
ran_num
```

```
Out[13]: 0.7777983301335633
```

Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution

```
In [15]: a=np.random.randn(25)
a
```

```
Out[15]: array([ 2.17386203,  0.57653176, -0.4607796 , -0.45312483,  0.72885871,
                -0.78027078,  0.86279454, -1.31284256,  1.96943485, -1.98389753,
                -2.53566527,  1.08247581,  0.83575977,  0.10724748,  0.47316344,
                -0.20324953, -2.52996629, -0.32981416,  0.30156149,  0.26648898,
                 1.18480237, -0.89594871, -0.04684343,  0.1028005 ,  0.46379591])
```

Create the following matrix:

```
In [17]: ar=np.arange(0.01,1.0,0.01)
ar
```

```
Out[17]: array([0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1 , 0.11,
              0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2 , 0.21, 0.22,
              0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28, 0.29, 0.3 , 0.31, 0.32, 0.33,
              0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4 , 0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44,
              0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5 , 0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55,
              0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6 , 0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66,
              0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7 , 0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77,
              0.78, 0.79, 0.8 , 0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88,
              0.89, 0.9 , 0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99])
```

Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

```
In [18]: la=np.linspace(0,1,20)
la
```

```
Out[18]: array([0.          , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632,
              0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421,
              0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211,
              0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1.          ])
```

## Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
In [19]: mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
mat
```

```
Out[19]: array([[ 1,  2,  3,  4,  5],
              [ 6,  7,  8,  9, 10],
              [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
              [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
              [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
In [0]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
In [20]: mat[2:6,1:6]
```

```
Out[20]: array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
              [17, 18, 19, 20],
              [22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
In [0]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
In [21]: mat[3:4,4:6]
```

```
Out[21]: array([[20]])
```

```
In [0]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
In [23]: mat[0:3,1:2]
```

```
Out[23]: array([[ 2],
              [ 7],
              [12]])
```

```
In [0]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
In [24]: mat[4:6,0:6]
```

```
Out[24]: array([[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
In [0]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
In [25]: mat[3:6,0:6]
```

```
Out[25]: array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
              [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

Now do the following

Get the sum of all the values in mat

```
In [26]: sum1=np.sum(mat)
sum1
```

```
Out[26]: 325
```

Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

```
In [27]: sd=np.std(mat)
sd
```

```
Out[27]: 7.211102550927978
```

Get the sum of all the columns in mat

```
In [29]: col_sum=np.sum(mat,axis=0)
col_sum
```

```
Out[29]: array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])
```