Assignment 15 sep

```
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()

Choose Files No file chosen Upload widget is only available when the cell has been executed in the current browser session.
Please rerun this cell to enable.
Saving Titanic-Dataset csv to Titanic-Dataset csv
```

Perform Data preprocessing on Titanic dataset 1.Data Collection. Please download the dataset from https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/yasserh/titanic-dataset

2.Data Preprocessing o Import the Libraries. o Importing the dataset. o Checking for Null Values. o Data Visualization. o Outlier Detection o Splitting Dependent and Independent variables o Perform Encoding o Feature Scaling. o Splitting Data into Train and Test

▼ 1.Data Collection:

Data Set is collected from the kaggle website

▼ 2.Data Preprocessing :

▼ Importing the Libraries

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

▼ Importing the DataSet

df=pd.read_csv('Titanic-Dataset.csv')
df.head()

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	S
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss.	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	S

df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 891 entries, 0 to 890
Data columns (total 12 columns):
                 Non-Null Count Dtype
 # Column
    PassengerId 891 non-null
 0
                                   int64
                  891 non-null
                                   int64
 1
     Survived
                  891 non-null
                                   int64
     Pclass
     Name
                  891 non-null
                                   object
     Sex
                  891 non-null
                                   object
                  714 non-null
                                   float64
     SibSp
                  891 non-null
                                   int64
     Parch
                  891 non-null
                                   int64
                  891 non-null
     Ticket
                                   object
                  891 non-null
                                   float64
    Fare
                  204 non-null
 10 Cabin
                                   object
 11 Embarked
                  889 non-null
                                   object
dtypes: float64(2), int64(5), object(5) memory usage: 83.7+ KB
```

df.describe()

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
count	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000	714.000000	891.000000	891.000000	891.000000
mean	446.000000	0.383838	2.308642	29.699118	0.523008	0.381594	32.204208
std	257.353842	0.486592	0.836071	14.526497	1.102743	0.806057	49.693429
min	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.420000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	223.500000	0.000000	2.000000	20.125000	0.000000	0.000000	7.910400
50%	446.000000	0.000000	3.000000	28.000000	0.000000	0.000000	14.454200
75%	668.500000	1.000000	3.000000	38.000000	1.000000	0.000000	31.000000
max	891.000000	1.000000	3.000000	80.000000	8.000000	6.000000	512.329200

Checking for Null Values

```
df.isnull().any()
     PassengerId
     Survived
                     False
     Pclass
                     False
                     False
     Name
     Sex
                     False
     Age
                      True
     SibSp
                     False
     Parch
                     False
     Ticket
                     False
     Fare
                     False
     Cabin
                      True
     Embarked
                      True
     dtype: bool
df.isnull().sum()
     PassengerId
     Survived
     Pclass
     Name
                        0
     Sex
     Age
     SibSp
                       0
                       0
     Parch
     Ticket
                       a
     Fare
                       0
     Cabin
                      687
     Embarked
     dtype: int64
print("Null percentage in columns : ")
for i in df.columns:
    c=df[i].count()
    n=df[i].isnull().sum()
    print(i," : ",(n/(n+c)) * 100)
     Null percentage in columns :
     PassengerId : 0.0
     Survived : 0.0
Pclass : 0.0
     Name : 0.0
Sex : 0.0
     Age : 19.865319865319865
     SibSp : 0.0
Parch : 0.0
     Ticket : 0.0
     Fare : 0.0
Cabin : 77.10437710437711
Embarked : 0.22446689113355783
df.shape
     (891, 12)
df["Age"].fillna(df["Age"].median(),inplace=True)
df["Embarked"].fillna(df["Embarked"].mode()[0],inplace=True)
print(df["Age"].isnull().any())
print(df["Embarked"].isnull().any())
     False
     False
```

df.head()

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
	0 1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	S
	1 2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	71.2833	C85	С
:	2 3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. Laina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	S
;	3 4	1	1	Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)	female	35.0	1	0	113803	53.1000	C123	S

print(df.shape)

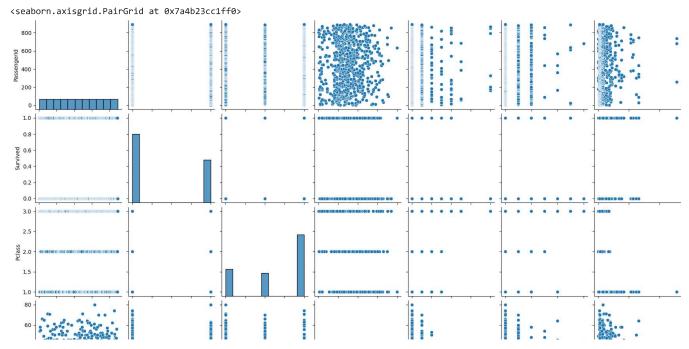
(891, 12)

df.isnull().any()

False PassengerId Survived False Pclass False Name False Sex False Age False SibSp False Parch False Ticket False Fare False True False Cabin Embarked dtype: bool

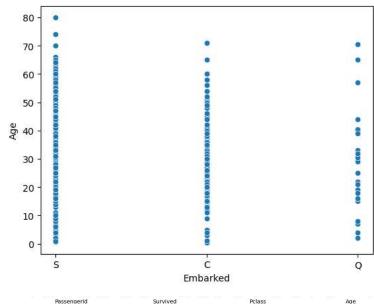
▼ Data Visualization

sns.pairplot(df)



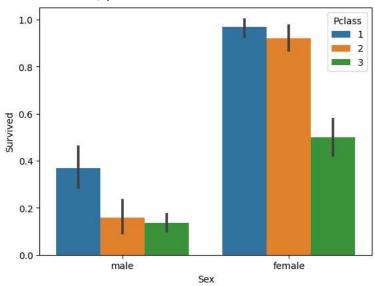
sns.scatterplot(x="Embarked",y="Age",data=df)





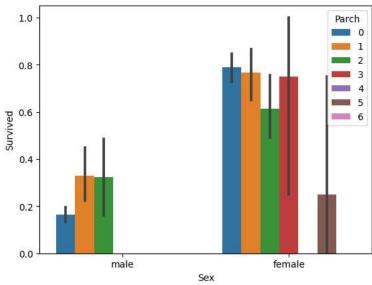
sns.barplot(x="Sex",y="Survived",data=df,hue="Pclass")

<Axes: xlabel='Sex', ylabel='Survived'>



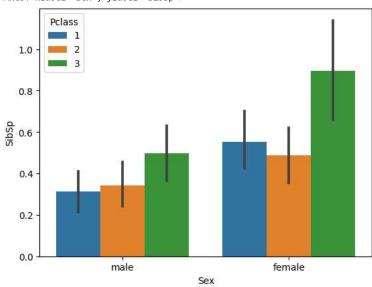
sns.barplot(x="Sex",y="Survived",data=df,hue="Parch")

<Axes: xlabel='Sex', ylabel='Survived'>



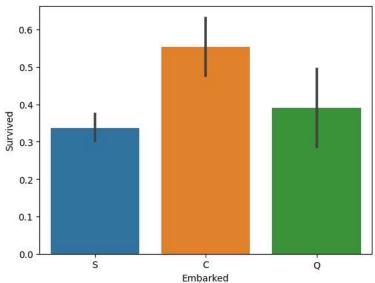
sns.barplot(x="Sex",y="SibSp",data=df,hue="Pclass")

<Axes: xlabel='Sex', ylabel='SibSp'>



sns.barplot(x="Embarked",y="Survived",data=df)

<Axes: xlabel='Embarked', ylabel='Survived'>



sns.distplot(df["Survived"])

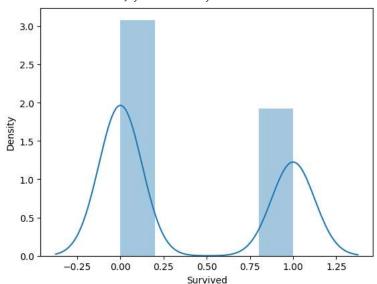
<ipython-input-15-6525837c6049>:1: UserWarning:

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see $\underline{\text{https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751}}$

sns.distplot(df["Survived"])
<Axes: xlabel='Survived', ylabel='Density'>



corr=df.corr(numeric_only=True)
corr

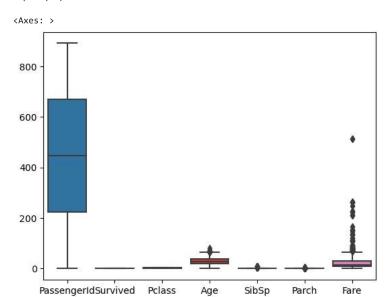
	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
Passengerld	1.000000	-0.005007	-0.035144	0.036847	-0.057527	-0.001652	0.012658
Survived	-0.005007	1.000000	-0.338481	-0.077221	-0.035322	0.081629	0.257307
Pclass	-0.035144	-0.338481	1.000000	-0.369226	0.083081	0.018443	-0.549500
Age	0.036847	-0.077221	-0.369226	1.000000	-0.308247	-0.189119	0.096067
SibSp	-0.057527	-0.035322	0.083081	-0.308247	1.000000	0.414838	0.159651
Parch	-0.001652	0.081629	0.018443	-0.189119	0.414838	1.000000	0.216225
Fare	0.012658	0.257307	-0.549500	0.096067	0.159651	0.216225	1.000000

sns.heatmap(corr,annot=True)



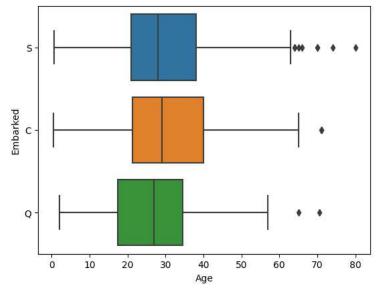
▼ Outlier Detection

sns.boxplot(df)



sns.boxplot(data=df,x="Age",y="Embarked")

<Axes: xlabel='Age', ylabel='Embarked'>



sns.boxplot(data=df,x="Fare",y="Embarked")

```
df["Age"].skew()
```

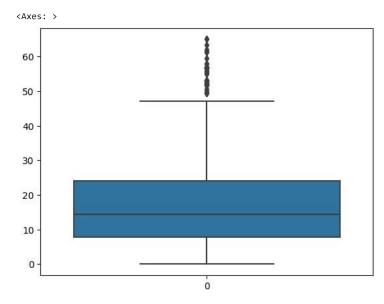
0.38910778230082704

4.787316519674893

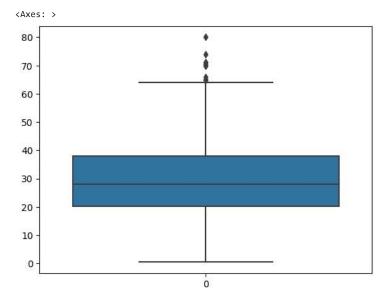
df["Fare"].skew() # as skewness should be -1 to +1 is normal range but here we are having so much outliers and should be treated first

```
Q1 = df['Fare'].quantile(0.25)
Q3 = df['Fare'].quantile(0.75)
IQR = Q3 - Q1
width = 1.5
lower_limit = Q1 -(width*IQR)
upper_limit = Q3 + (width*IQR)
df['Fare']=np.where(df['Fare']>upper_limit,14.4542,np.where(df['Fare']<lower_limit,14.4542,df["Fare"]))</pre>
```

sns.boxplot(df["Fare"])



sns.boxplot(df.Age)

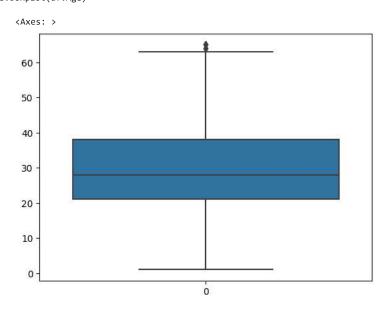


print(df.Age.median())
print(df.Age.shape)

28.0 (891,)

p=df["Age"].quantile(0.99)
p1=df['Age'].quantile(0.01)
df=df[df['Age']<=p]
df=df[df['Age']>=p1]

sns.boxplot(df.Age)



sns.boxplot(df)



	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0	1	0	3	Braund, Mr. Owen Harris	male	22.0	1	0	A/5 21171	7.2500	NaN	S
1	2	1	1	Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th	female	38.0	1	0	PC 17599	14.4542	C85	С
2	3	1	3	Heikkinen, Miss. I aina	female	26.0	0	0	STON/O2. 3101282	7.9250	NaN	S
df.shape	2											
(69	99, 12)											
	<u>=</u> 6			3570	50							

▼ Splitting Dependent and Independent variables

df.drop(["PassengerId","Name","Ticket","Cabin"],axis=1,inplace=True)
df.head()

	Survived	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked
0	0	3	male	22.0	1	0	7.2500	S
1	1	1	female	38.0	1	0	14.4542	С
2	1	3	female	26.0	0	0	7.9250	S
3	1	1	female	35.0	1	0	53.1000	S
4	0	3	male	35.0	0	0	8.0500	S

X=df.iloc[:,1:]
y=df.iloc[:,:1]

X.head()

	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked
0	3	male	22.0	1	0	7.2500	S
1	1	female	38.0	1	0	14.4542	С
2	3	female	26.0	0	0	7.9250	S
3	1	female	35.0	1	0	53.1000	S
4	3	male	35.0	0	0	8.0500	S

y.head()

	Survived
0	0
1	1
2	1
3	1
4	0

y=y.squeeze()

type(X)

pandas.core.frame.DataFrame

type(y)

```
pandas.core.series.Series
y.head()
```

```
0 0
1 1
2 1
3 1
```

Name: Survived, dtype: int64

▼ Perform Encoding

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le=LabelEncoder()
X["Sex"]=le.fit_transform(X["Sex"])
mapping1=dict(zip(le.classes_,range(len(le.classes_))))
X["Embarked"]=le.fit_transform(X["Embarked"])
mapping2=dict(zip(le.classes_,range(len(le.classes_))))

print("For Sex Column :",mapping1)
print("For Embarked Column :",mapping2)

For Sex Column : {'female': 0, 'male': 1}
For Embarked Column : {'C': 0, 'Q': 1, 'S': 2, nan: 3}
```

Χ

	Pclass	Sex	Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare	Embarked
0	3	1	22.0	1	0	7.2500	2
1	1	0	38.0	1	0	14.4542	0
2	3	0	26.0	0	0	7.9250	2
3	1	0	35.0	1	0	53.1000	2
4	3	1	35.0	0	0	8.0500	2
885	3	0	39.0	0	5	29.1250	1
886	2	1	27.0	0	0	13.0000	2
887	1	0	19.0	0	0	30.0000	2
889	1	1	26.0	0	0	30.0000	0
890	3	1	32.0	0	0	7.7500	1

699 rows × 7 columns

```
У
```

```
0 0

1 1

2 1

3 1

4 0

...

885 0

886 0

887 1

889 1

890 0

Name: Survived, Length: 699, dtype: int64
```

▼ Feature Scaling

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
ss=StandardScaler()
X_Scale=pd.DataFrame(ss.fit_transform(X),columns=X.columns)
X_Scale.head()
```

```
Pclass
                        Sex
                                           SibSp
                                                     Parch
                                                                 Fare Embarked
                                   Age
         0.905476  0.767226  -0.549792
                                        0.522797 -0.498639 -0.842268
                                                                        0.507051
        -1.482931 -1.303396
                             0.621533
                                        0.522797 -0.498639
                                                            -0.282045 -2.070610
         0.905476 -1.303396 -0.256960
                                       -0.548860 -0.498639
                                                            -0.789777
                                                                        0.507051
        -1.482931 -1.303396 0.401910
                                        0.522797 -0.498639
                                                             2.723181
                                                                       0.507051
y.head()
     0
     1
          1
     2
          1
     3
          0
     Name: Survived, dtype: int64
X_Scale.shape
     (699, 7)
v.shape
     (699,)
```

Splitting Data into Train and Test

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
\label{lem:condition} \textbf{X\_train,X\_test,y\_train,y\_test=train\_test\_split} (\textbf{X\_Scale,y,test\_size=0.2,random\_state=0})
print(X_train,"\n",X_test,"\n","\n",y_train,"\n",y_test)
           Pclass
                                       SibSp
                                                Parch
                                                               Embarked
                                Age
    293 -1.482931 0.767226 -0.549792 -0.548860 -0.498639 -0.282045 -2.070610
        -0.288727 -1.303396 -0.915831 -0.548860 -0.498639 -0.589537
    485 0.905476 0.767226 -0.623000 -0.548860 -0.498639 -0.795283 0.507051
         0.905476 -1.303396 -1.501493 3.737769 1.840613 1.025996 0.507051
        332
    192 0.905476 0.767226 0.035871 -0.548860 -0.498639 -0.844212 -2.070610
        0.905476  0.767226  0.109079 -0.548860 -0.498639 -0.801442  0.507051
    559 -1.482931 -1.303396  0.621533 -0.548860 -0.498639 -0.282045 -2.070610
    684 -0.288727 -1.303396 -0.110545  0.522797 -0.498639  0.460268 -2.070610
    [559 rows x 7 columns]
           Pclass
                                        SibSp
                                                 Parch
                                                           Fare Embarked
                       Sex
                                Age
    476 0.905476 0.767226 0.401910 -0.548860 -0.498639 -0.780057
                                                               0.507051
    531 -0.288727 0.767226 2.232105 0.522797 0.670987 1.626718
                                                               0.507051
    40 -0.288727 -1.303396 -0.623000 -0.548860 -0.498639 -0.589537 0.507051
    432 0.905476 0.767226 -0.549792 -0.548860 -0.498639 -0.844212 -2.070610
    14 -0.288727 -1.303396 1.866066 -0.548860 -0.498639 -0.161839 0.507051
    310 -1.482931 -1.303396 -0.476584 0.522797 -0.498639 -0.282045 -2.070610
         523 0.905476 0.767226 -0.842623 -0.548860 -0.498639 -0.801442 0.507051
    470 0.905476 0.767226 0.475118 0.522797 -0.498639 -0.196832
                                                               0.507051
    45 -1.482931 -1.303396 0.621533 -0.548860 -0.498639 -0.282045
    [140 rows x 7 columns]
     373
            0
    84
           1
    623
           0
    541
    421
          0
    453
           1
    244
           0
    805
           a
    716
    874
    Name:
          Survived, Length: 559, dtype: int64
     614
    684
    56
           1
    553
           1
    15
           1
    393
          1
    821
```

→ Preprocessing Done

▼ Testing for accuracy