NumPy Exercises Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions. Import NumPy as np In [5]: **import** numpy **as** np Create an array of 10 zeros In [6]: np.zeros(10) array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]) Out[6]: Create an array of 10 ones In [7]: np.ones(10) array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.]) Create an array of 10 fives In [10]: np.ones(10)*5 array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.]) Out[10]: Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50 In [11]: np.arange(10,51) array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, Out[11]: 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50]) Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50 In [14]: np.arange(10,51,2) array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, Out[14]: 44, 46, 48, 50]) Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8 In [17]: arr=np.arange(0,9) arr.reshape(3,3) array([[0, 1, 2], Out[17]: [3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8]]) Create a 3x3 identity matrix In [18]: np.eye(3) array([[1., 0., 0.], Out[18]: [0., 1., 0.], [0., 0., 1.]]) Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1 In [21]: np.random.rand(1,1) array([[0.35081628]]) Out[21]: Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution In [22]: np.random.rand(5,5) Out[22]: array([[0.17957756, 0.29253026, 0.90939774, 0.0328454 , 0.3627764], [0.0633633 , 0.52776024, 0.97464817, 0.68905466, 0.48893405], [0.44928245, 0.62646588, 0.97615826, 0.60650298, 0.09302573], [0.93585361, 0.3844494 , 0.34673025, 0.90252018, 0.43233927], [0.49378965, 0.37961568, 0.44260032, 0.64888103, 0.03905851]]) Create the following matrix: In [27]: arr=np.arange(0.01,1.01,0.01) array([0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1 , 0.11, Out[27]: 0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2, 0.21, 0.22, $0.23,\ 0.24,\ 0.25,\ 0.26,\ 0.27,\ 0.28,\ 0.29,\ 0.3\ ,\ 0.31,\ 0.32,\ 0.33,$ 0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4, 0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44, $0.45,\ 0.46,\ 0.47,\ 0.48,\ 0.49,\ 0.5\ ,\ 0.51,\ 0.52,\ 0.53,\ 0.54,\ 0.55,$ $0.56,\ 0.57,\ 0.58,\ 0.59,\ 0.6\ ,\ 0.61,\ 0.62,\ 0.63,\ 0.64,\ 0.65,\ 0.66,$ $0.67,\ 0.68,\ 0.69,\ 0.7\ ,\ 0.71,\ 0.72,\ 0.73,\ 0.74,\ 0.75,\ 0.76,\ 0.77,$ $0.78,\ 0.79,\ 0.8\ ,\ 0.81,\ 0.82,\ 0.83,\ 0.84,\ 0.85,\ 0.86,\ 0.87,\ 0.88,$ 0.89, 0.9, 0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99, 1.]) Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1: In [28]: np.linspace(0,1,20) , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632, 0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421, 0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211, 0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1. Numpy Indexing and Selection Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs: In [30]: mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5) mat array([[1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8, 9, 10], [11, 12, 13, 14, 15], [16, 17, 18, 19, 20], [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]]) In [34]: mat=np.array([12,13,14,15,17,18,19,20,22,23,24,25]).reshape(3,4) Out[34]: array([[12, 13, 14, 15], [17, 18, 19, 20], [22, 23, 24, 25]]) In [40]: mat[1:2,3:] Out[40]: array([[20]]) In [47]: mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5) mat[0:3,1:2] Out[47]: array([[2], [7], [12]]) In [48]: mat[4:] Out[48]: array([[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]]) In [49]: mat[3:] array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20], Out[49]:

[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])

Get the sum of all the values in mat

Get the sum of all the columns in mat

Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

Now do the following

In [50]: np.sum(mat)

In [51]: np.std(mat)

7.211102550927978

Out[53]: array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])

In [53]: np.sum(mat,axis=0)

Out[50]: 325

Out[51]: