

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

dff=sns.load_dataset('car_crashes')
dff.head(6)
```

	total	speeding	alcohol	not_distracted	no_previous	ins_premium
0	18.8	7.332	5.640	18.048	15.040	784.55
1	18.1	7.421	4.525	16.290	17.014	1053.48
2	18.6	6.510	5.208	15.624	17.856	899.47
3	22.4	4.032	5.824	21.056	21.280	827.34
4	12.0	4.200	3.360	10.920	10.680	878.41
5	13.6	5.032	3.808	10.744	12.920	835.50

	ins_losses	abbrev
0	145.08	AL
1	133.93	AK
2	110.35	AZ
3	142.39	AR
4	165.63	CA
5	139.91	CO

```
dff.tail(8)
```

	total	speeding	alcohol	not_distracted	no_previous	ins_premium
43	19.4	7.760	7.372	17.654	16.878	1004.75
44	11.3	4.859	1.808	9.944	10.848	809.38
45	13.6	4.080	4.080	13.056	12.920	716.20
46	12.7	2.413	3.429	11.049	11.176	768.95
47	10.6	4.452	3.498	8.692	9.116	890.03
48	23.8	8.092	6.664	23.086	20.706	992.61
49	13.8	4.968	4.554	5.382	11.592	670.31
50	17.4	7.308	5.568	14.094	15.660	791.14

	ins_losses	abbrev
43	156.83	TX
44	109.48	UT
45	109.61	VT
46	153.72	VA
47	111.62	WA
48	152.56	WV
49	106.62	WI
50	122.04	WY

```
dff.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 51 entries, 0 to 50
```

```
Data columns (total 8 columns):
```

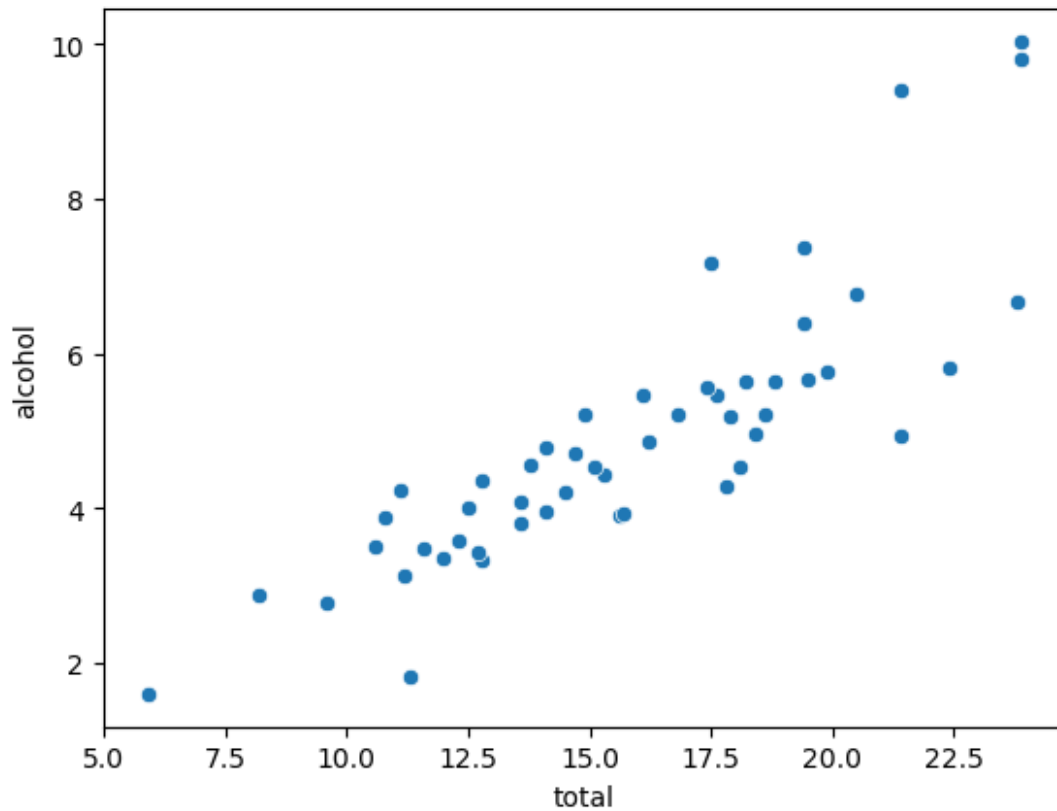
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	total	51 non-null	float64
1	speeding	51 non-null	float64
2	alcohol	51 non-null	float64
3	not_distracted	51 non-null	float64
4	no_previous	51 non-null	float64
5	ins_premium	51 non-null	float64
6	ins_losses	51 non-null	float64
7	abbrev	51 non-null	object

```
dtypes: float64(7), object(1)
```

```
memory usage: 3.3+ KB
```

```
sns.scatterplot(x="total",y="alcohol",data=dff)
```

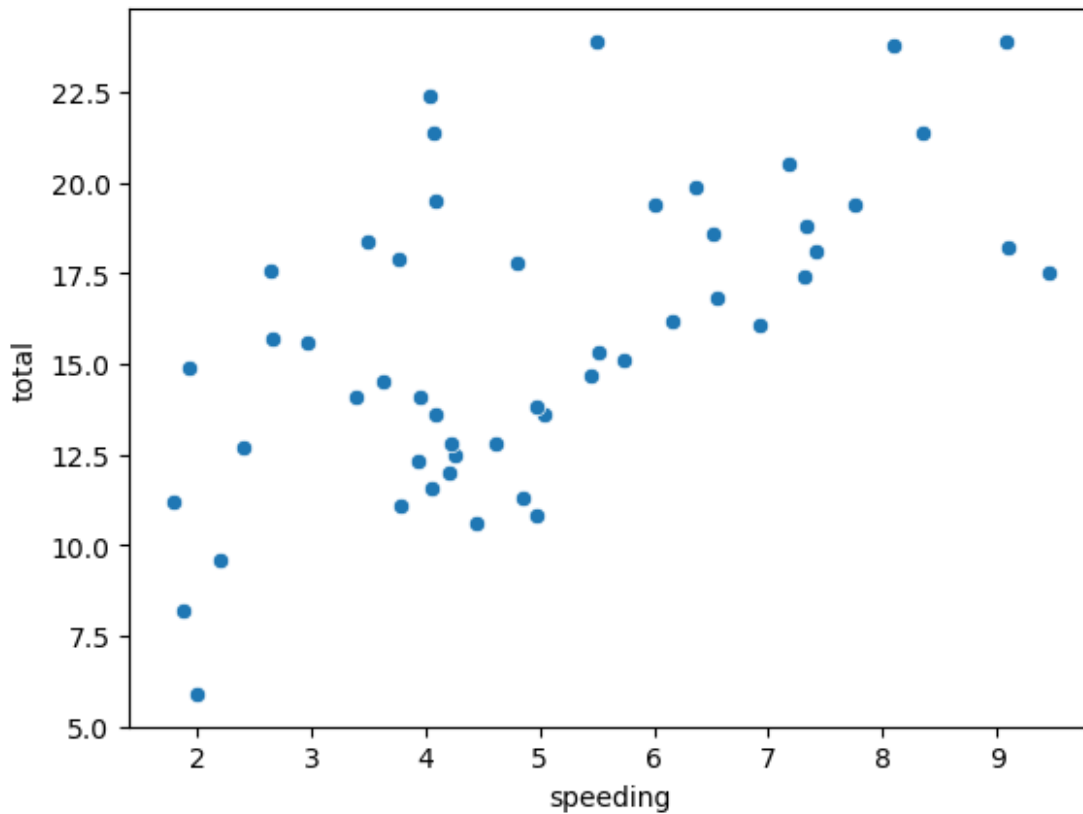
```
<Axes: xlabel='total', ylabel='alcohol'>
```



Inference from the plot is as car crashes increases as alcohol consumption increases.
Directly proportional

```
sns.scatterplot(x="speeding",y="total",data=dff)
```

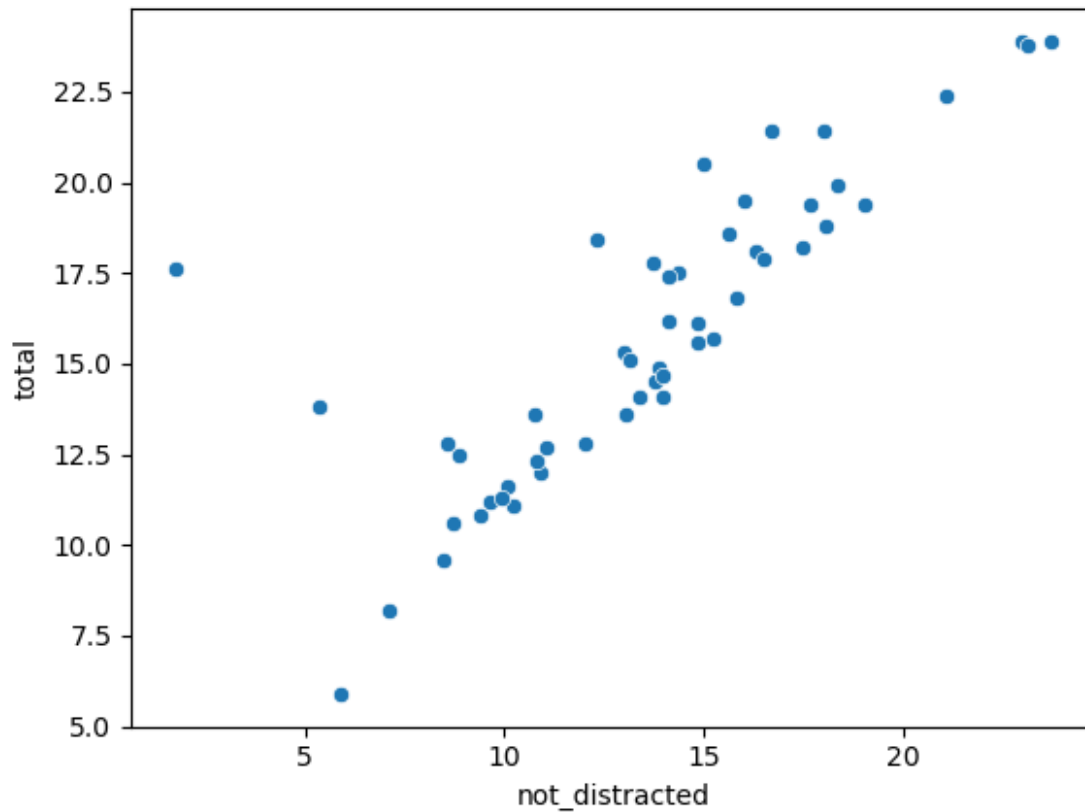
```
<Axes: xlabel='speeding', ylabel='total'>
```



Inference: This means that as the speed increases, the total number of car crashes also increases. The trend line shows that the relationship is not linear, but rather exponential.

```
sns.scatterplot(x="not_distracted", y="total", data=df)
```

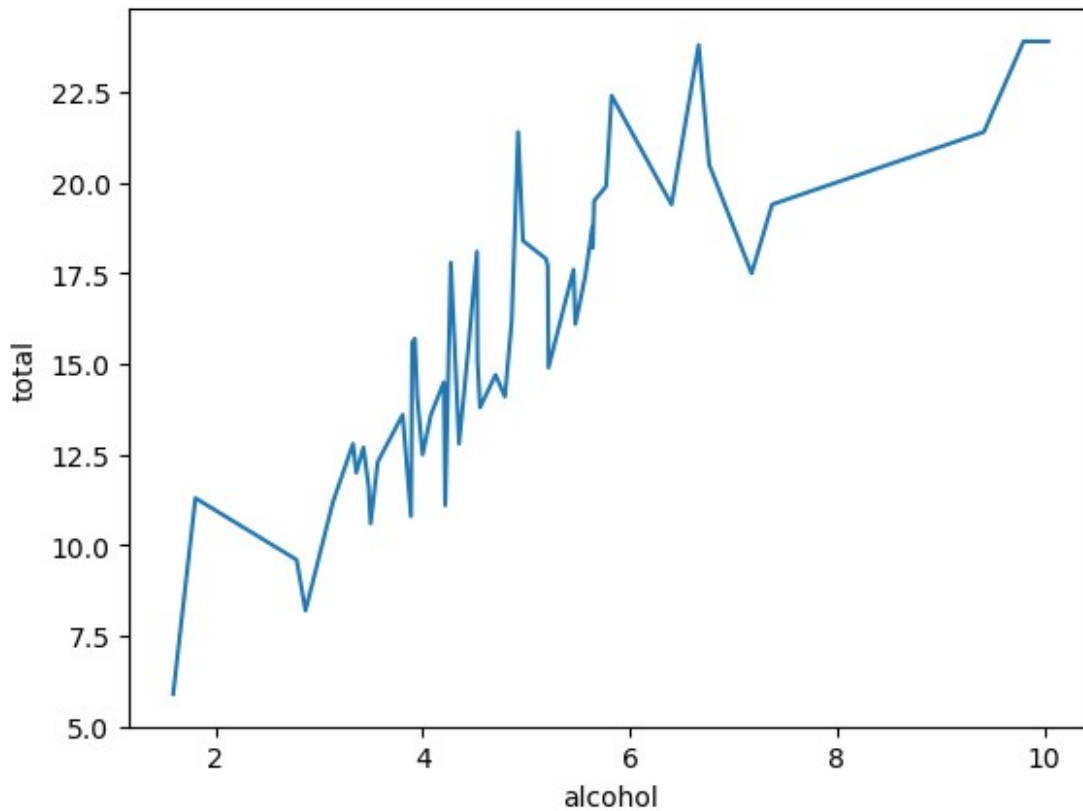
```
<Axes: xlabel='not_distracted', ylabel='total'>
```



Inference: This means that as the level of distraction increases, the number of car accidents also increases

```
sns.lineplot(x="alcohol", y="total", data=df, errorbar=None)
```

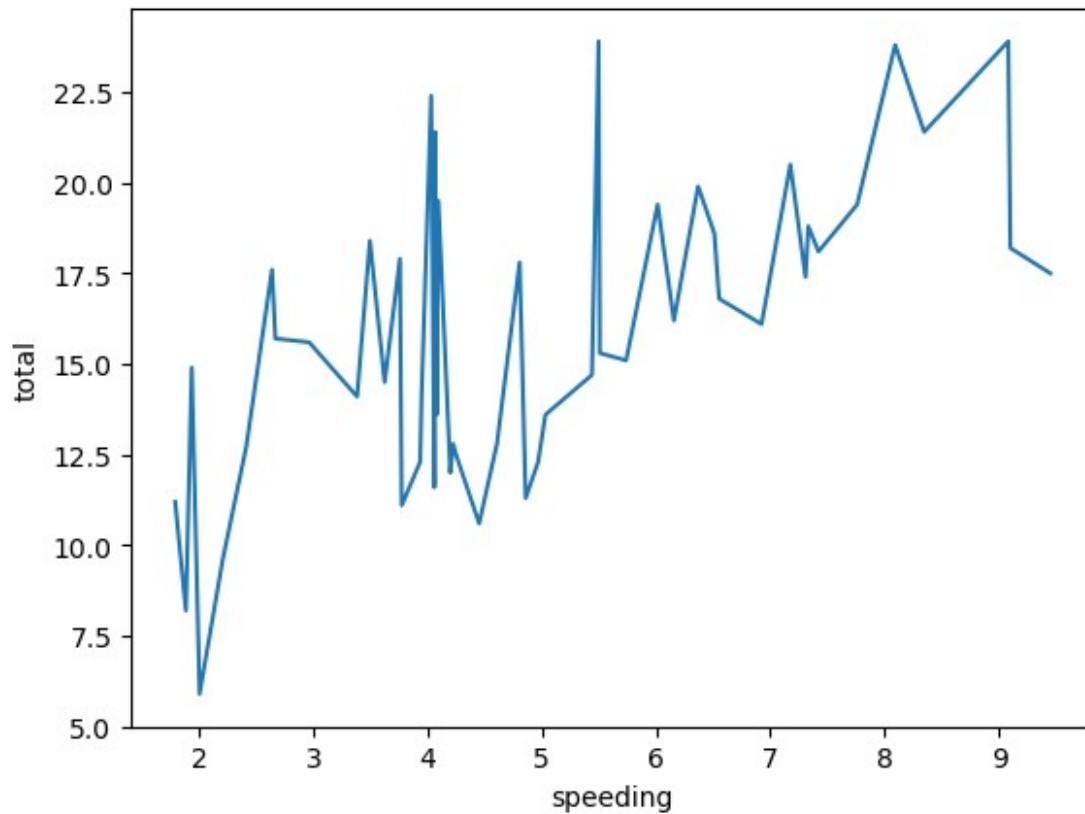
```
<Axes: xlabel='alcohol', ylabel='total'>
```



Inference from the graph:-as car crashes increases as alcohol consumption increases.

```
sns.lineplot(x="speeding",y="total",data=dff,errorbar=None)
```

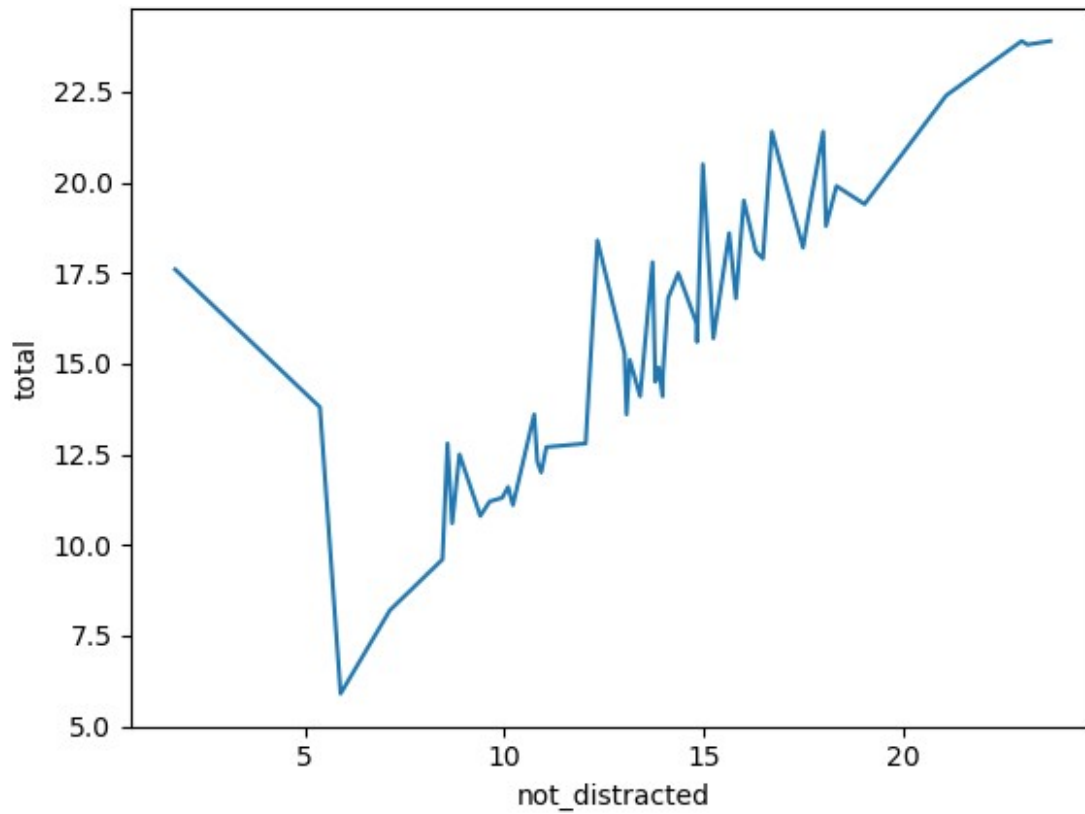
```
<Axes: xlabel='speeding', ylabel='total'>
```



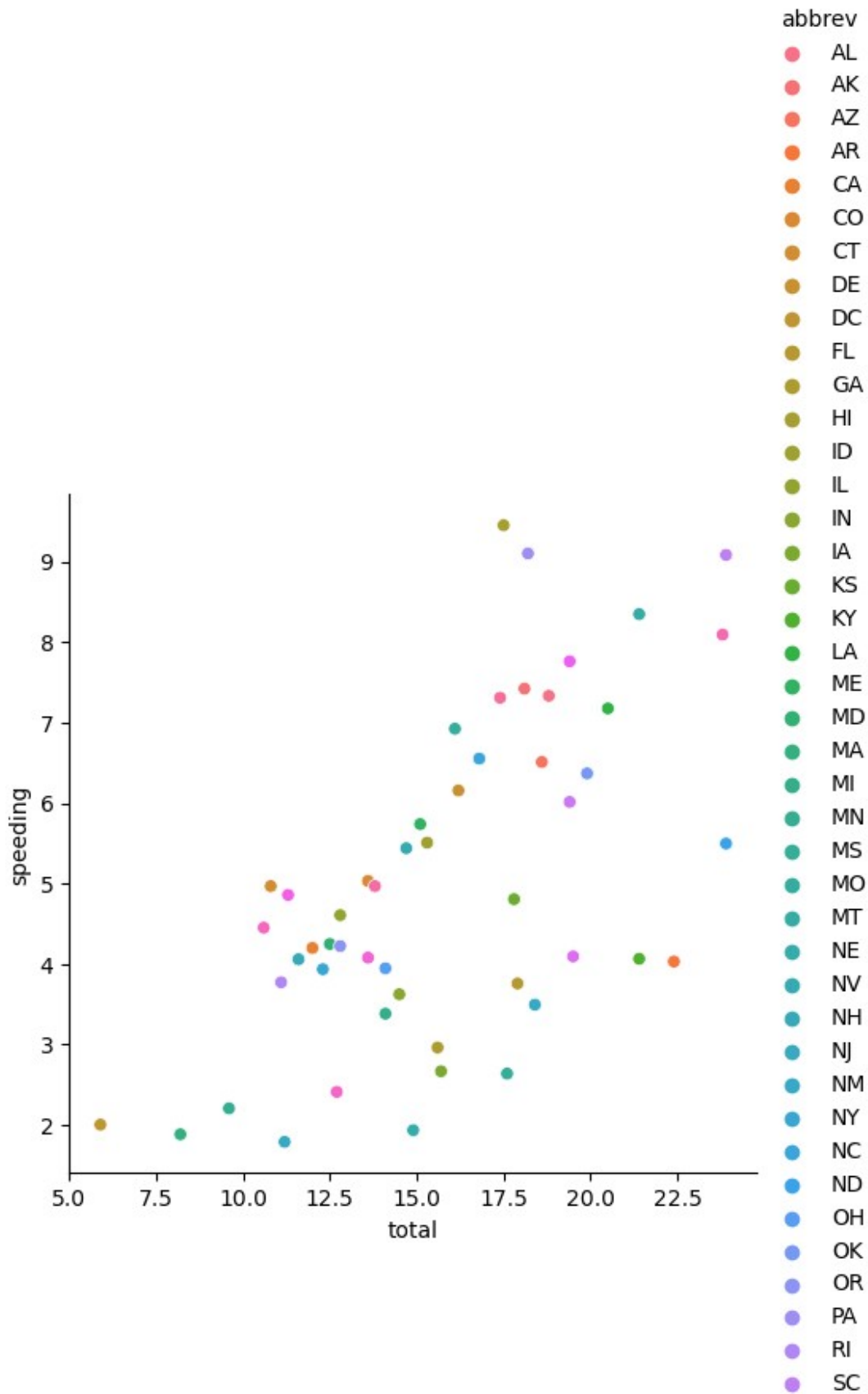
Inference: This means that as the speed increases, the total number of car crashes also increases.

```
sns.lineplot(x="not_distracted",y="total",data=df,errorbar=None)
```

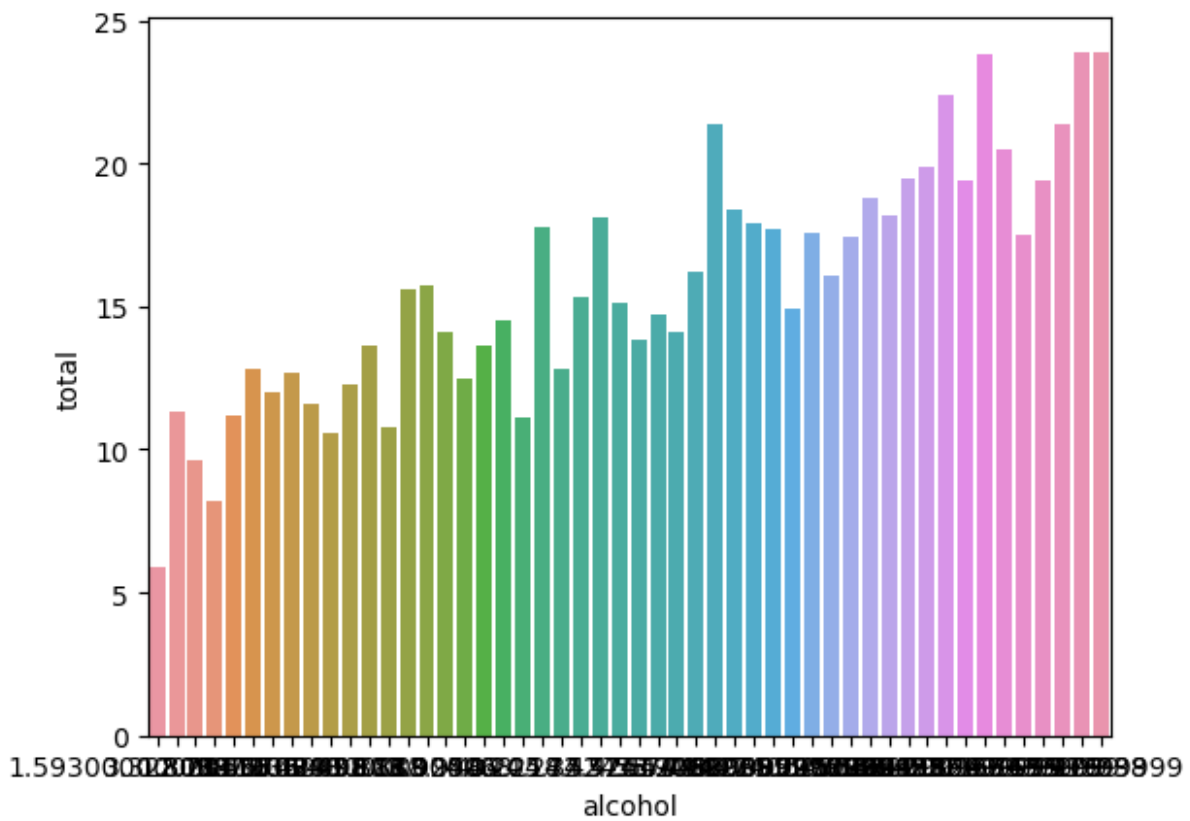
```
<Axes: xlabel='not_distracted', ylabel='total'>
```



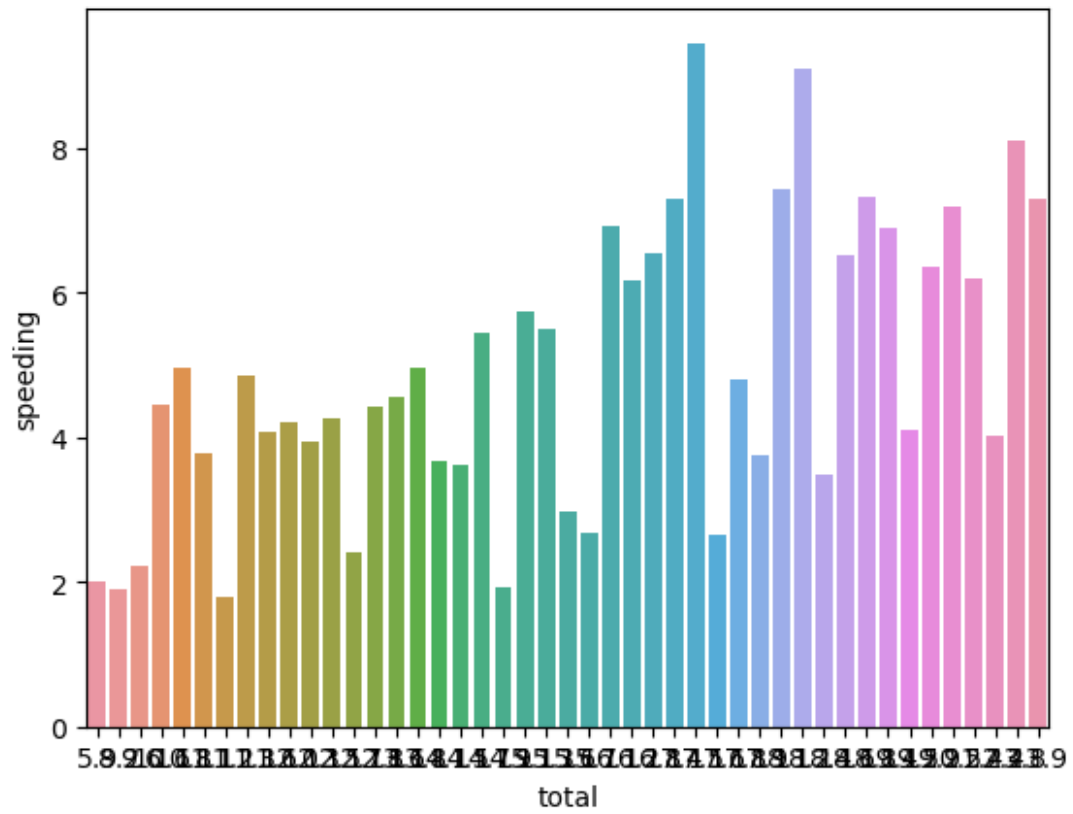
```
sns.relplot(x="total",y="speeding",data=df,hue="abbrev")  
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x272cca87340>
```

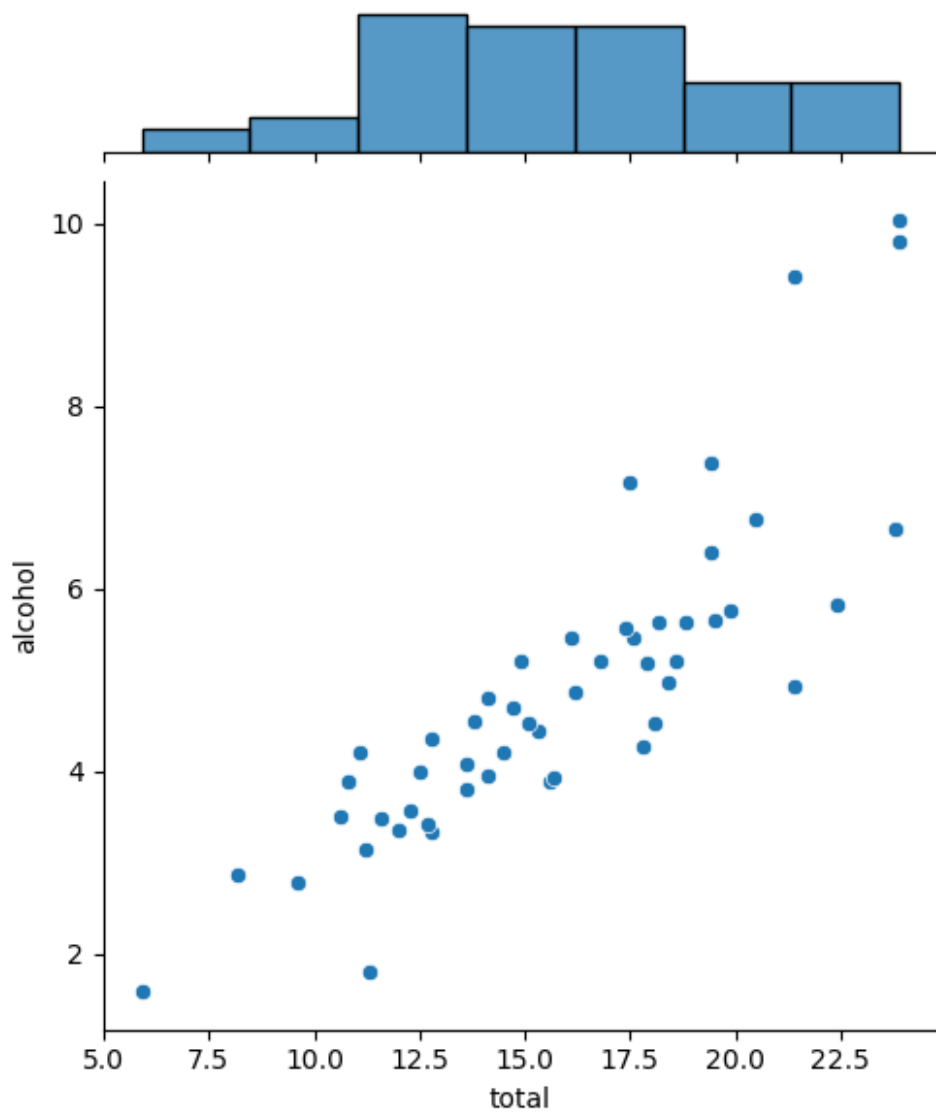
```
sns.barplot(data=dff,x="alcohol",y="total",errorbar=None)
<Axes: xlabel='alcohol', ylabel='total'>
```



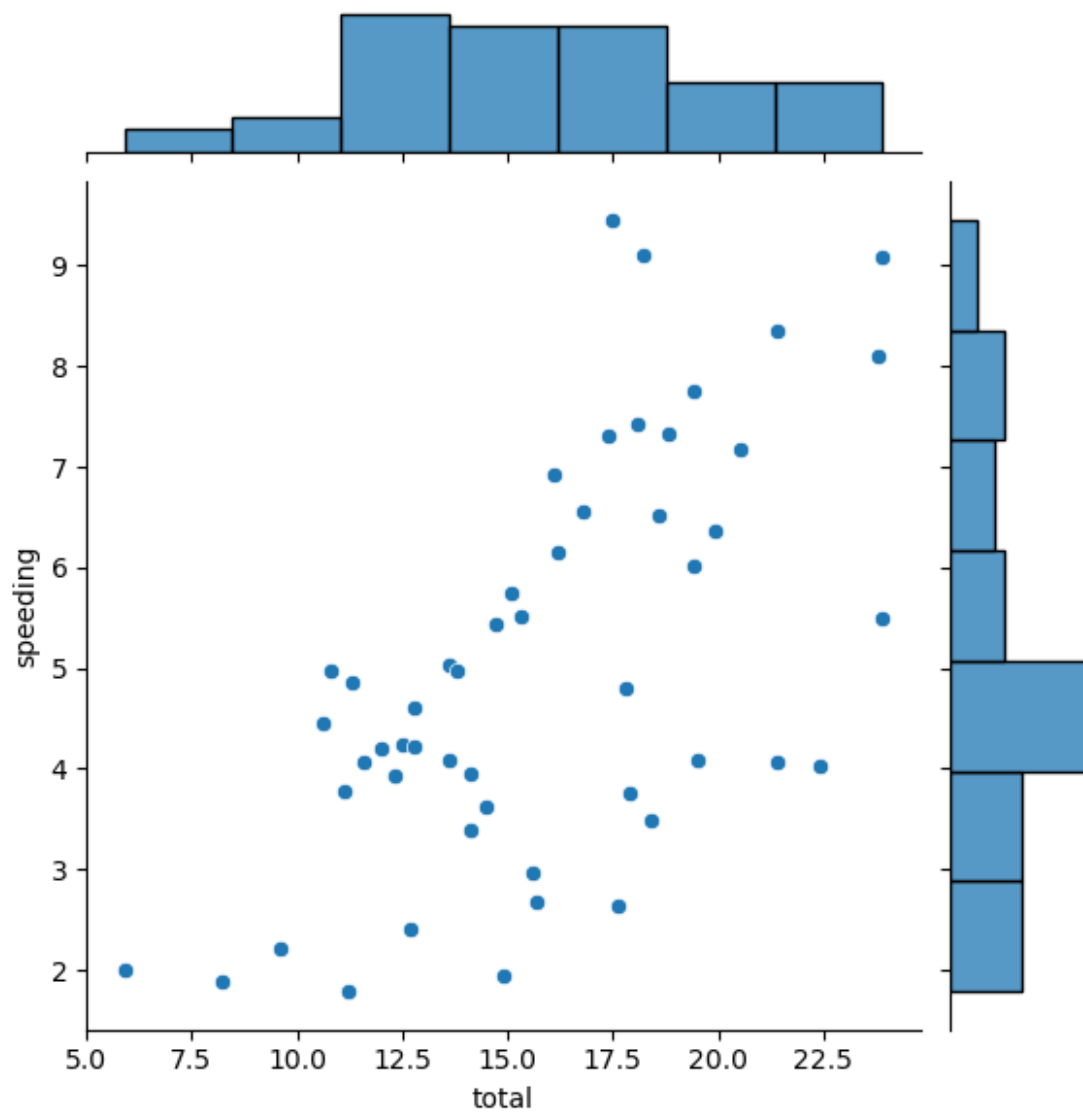
```
sns.barplot(data=dff,x="total",y="speeding",errorbar=None)
<Axes: xlabel='total', ylabel='speeding'>
```



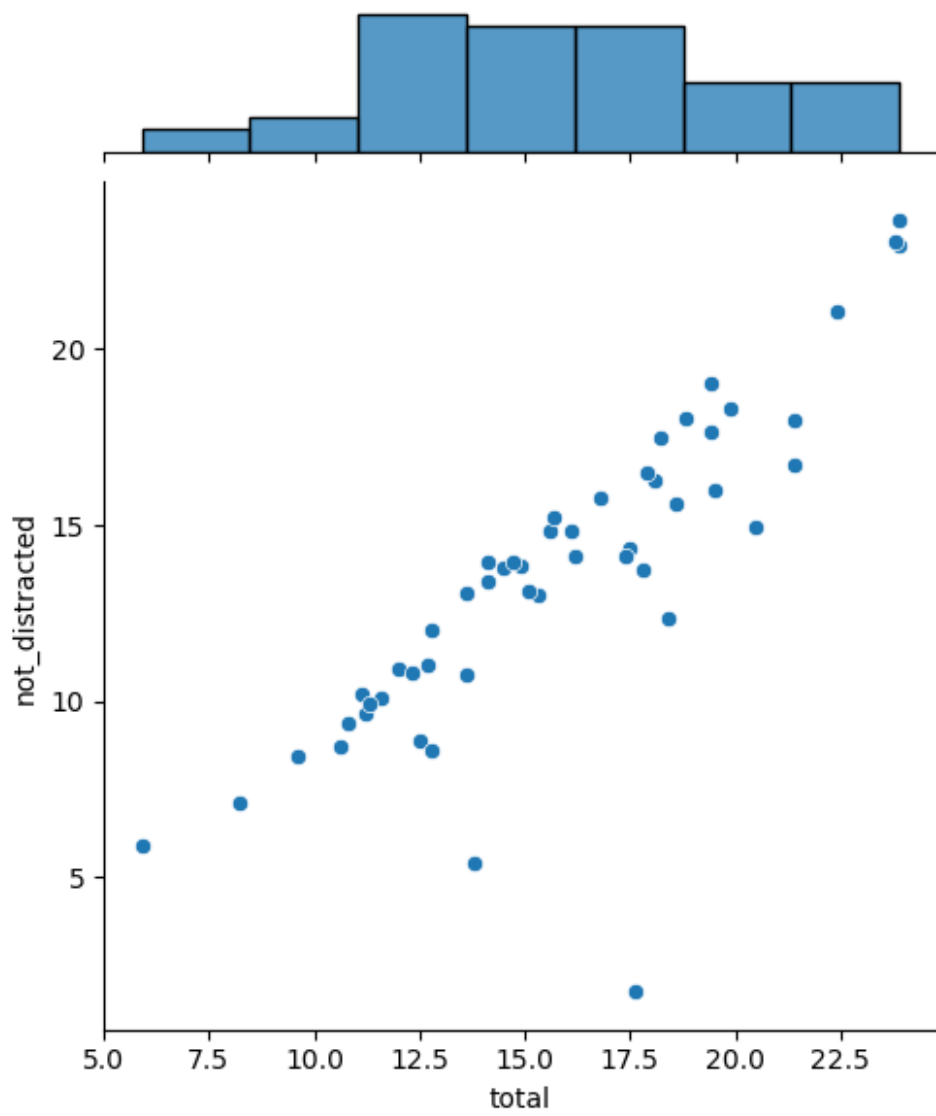
```
sns.jointplot(x="total",y="alcohol",data=df)
<seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x272cfbbe110>
```



```
sns.jointplot(x="total",y="speeding",data=dff)
<seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x272cfcc01f0>
```

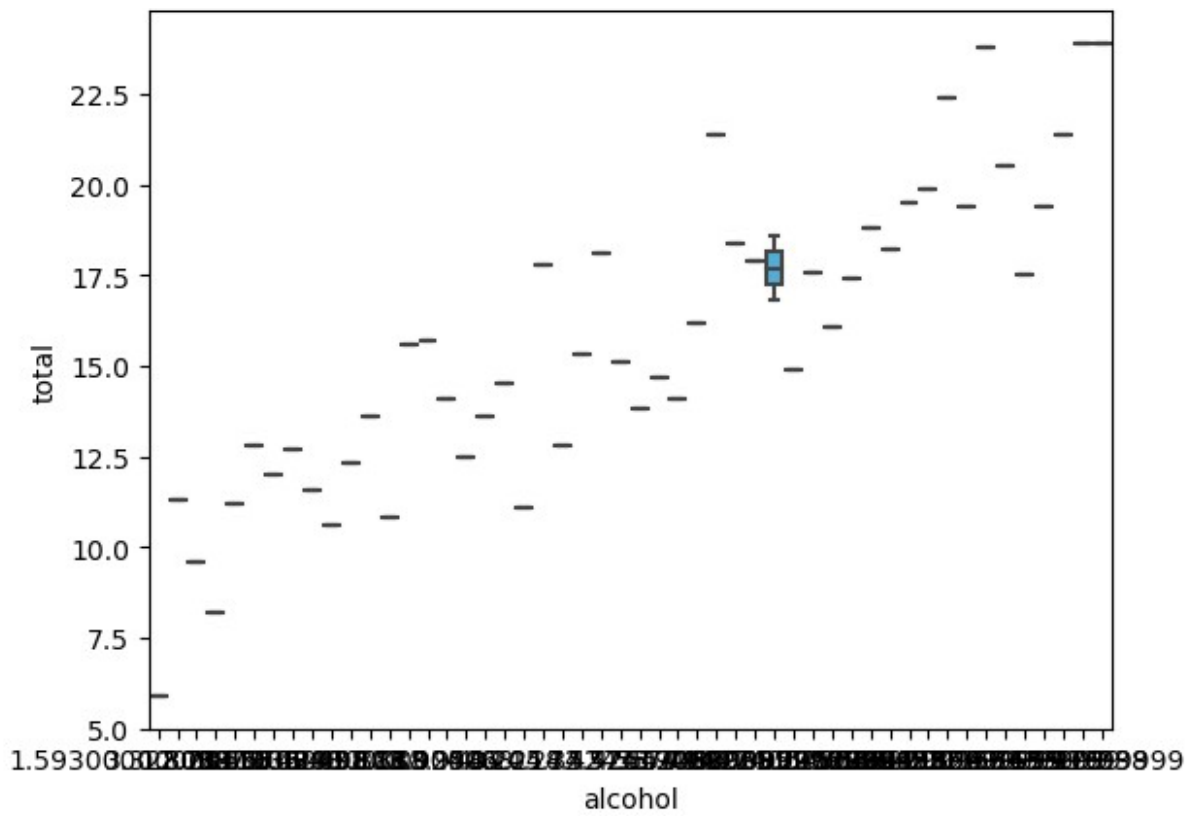


```
sns.jointplot(x="total",y="not_distracted",data=dff)  
<seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x272d03cb400>
```

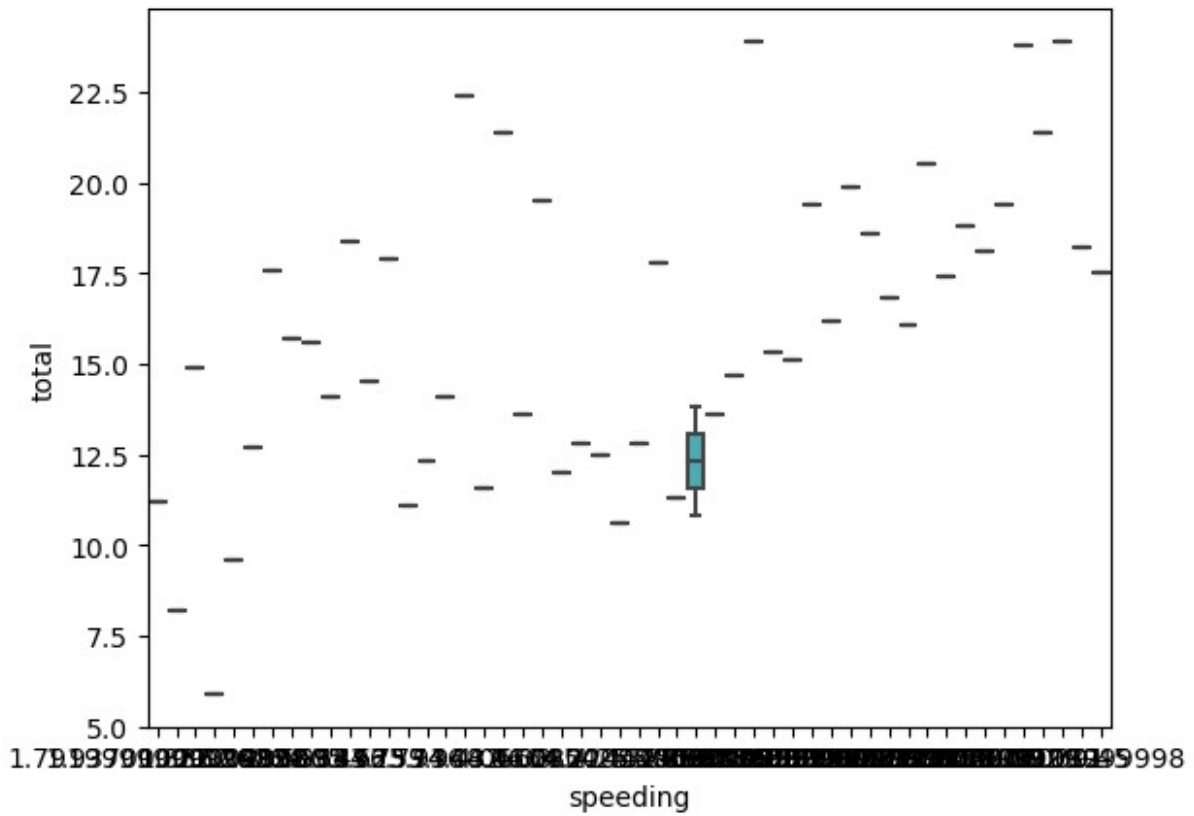


```
sns.boxplot(x="alcohol",y="total",data=dff)
```

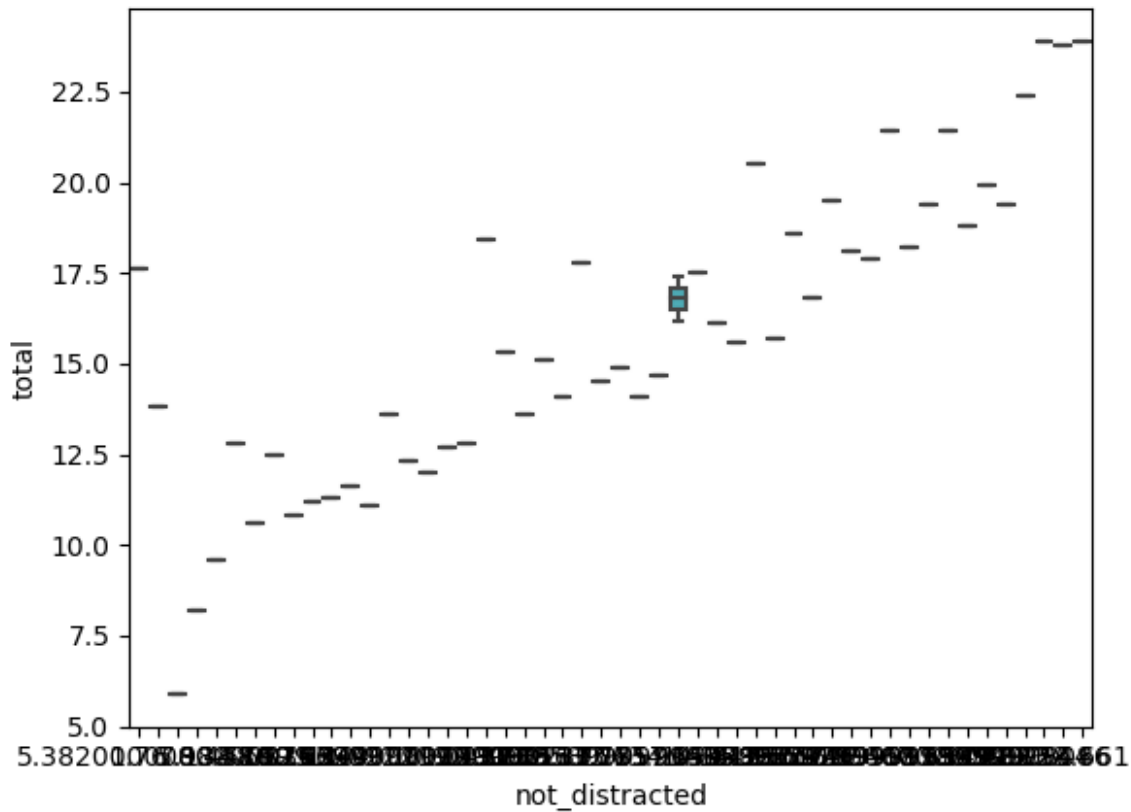
```
<Axes: xlabel='alcohol', ylabel='total'>
```



```
sns.boxplot(x="speeding",y="total",data=df)  
<Axes: xlabel='speeding', ylabel='total'>
```



```
sns.boxplot(x="not_distracted",y="total",data=dff)  
<Axes: xlabel='not_distracted', ylabel='total'>
```

```
cor=dff.corr()
cor
```

C:\Users\mrmel\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_4704\2441568840.py:1:
FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric_only to silence this warning.

```
cor=dff.corr()
```

	total	speeding	alcohol	not_distracted	
no_previous \					
total	1.000000	0.611548	0.852613	0.827560	
0.956179					
speeding	0.611548	1.000000	0.669719	0.588010	
0.571976					
alcohol	0.852613	0.669719	1.000000	0.732816	
0.783520					
not_distracted	0.827560	0.588010	0.732816	1.000000	
0.747307					
no_previous	0.956179	0.571976	0.783520	0.747307	
1.000000					
ins_premium	-0.199702	-0.077675	-0.170612	-0.174856	-
0.156895					

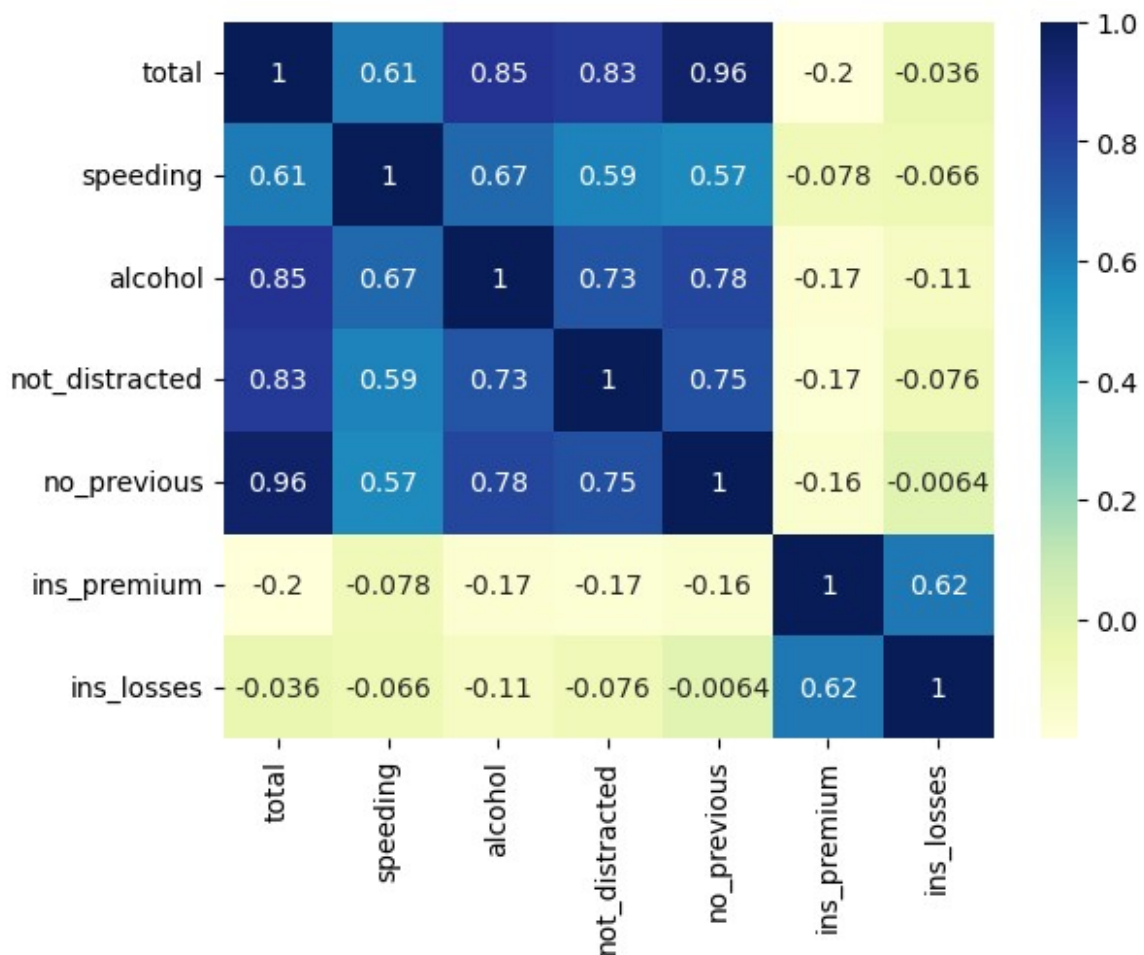
```
ins_losses      -0.036011 -0.065928 -0.112547      -0.075970      -
0.006359
```

```

            ins_premium  ins_losses
total      -0.199702   -0.036011
speeding   -0.077675   -0.065928
alcohol    -0.170612   -0.112547
not_distracted -0.174856 -0.075970
no_previous -0.156895  -0.006359
ins_premium  1.000000   0.623116
ins_losses  0.623116   1.000000
```

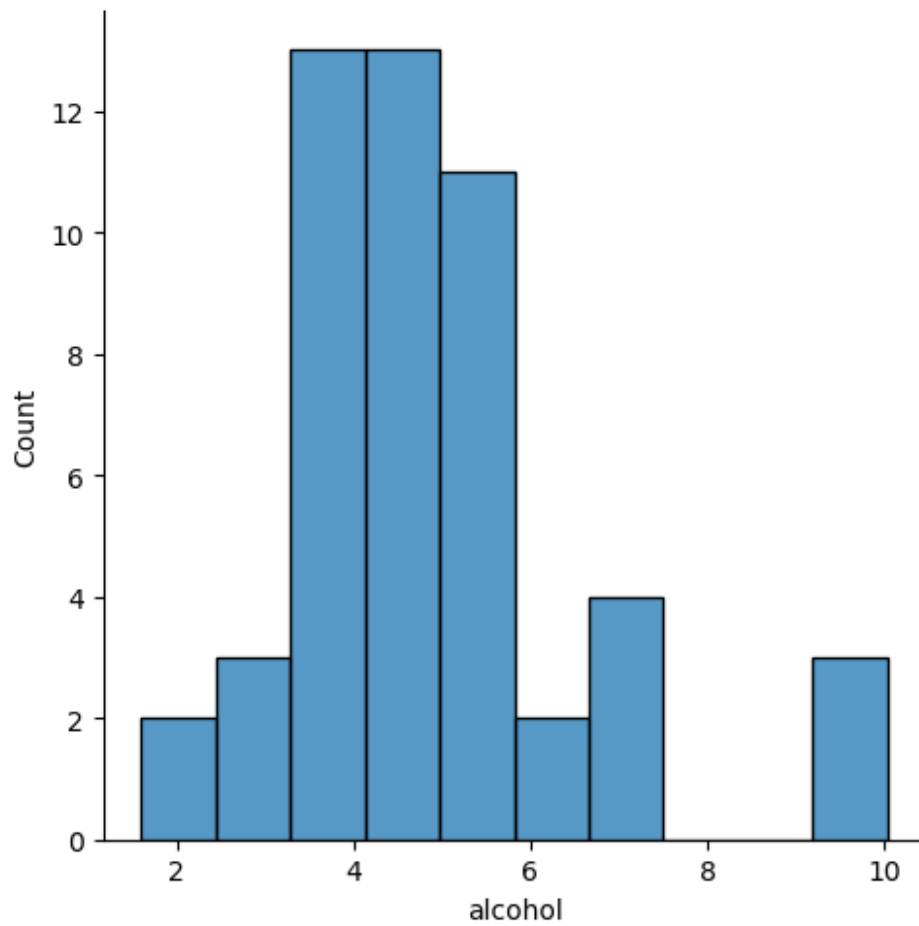
```
sns.heatmap(cor,annot=True,cmap="YlGnBu")
```

```
<Axes: >
```

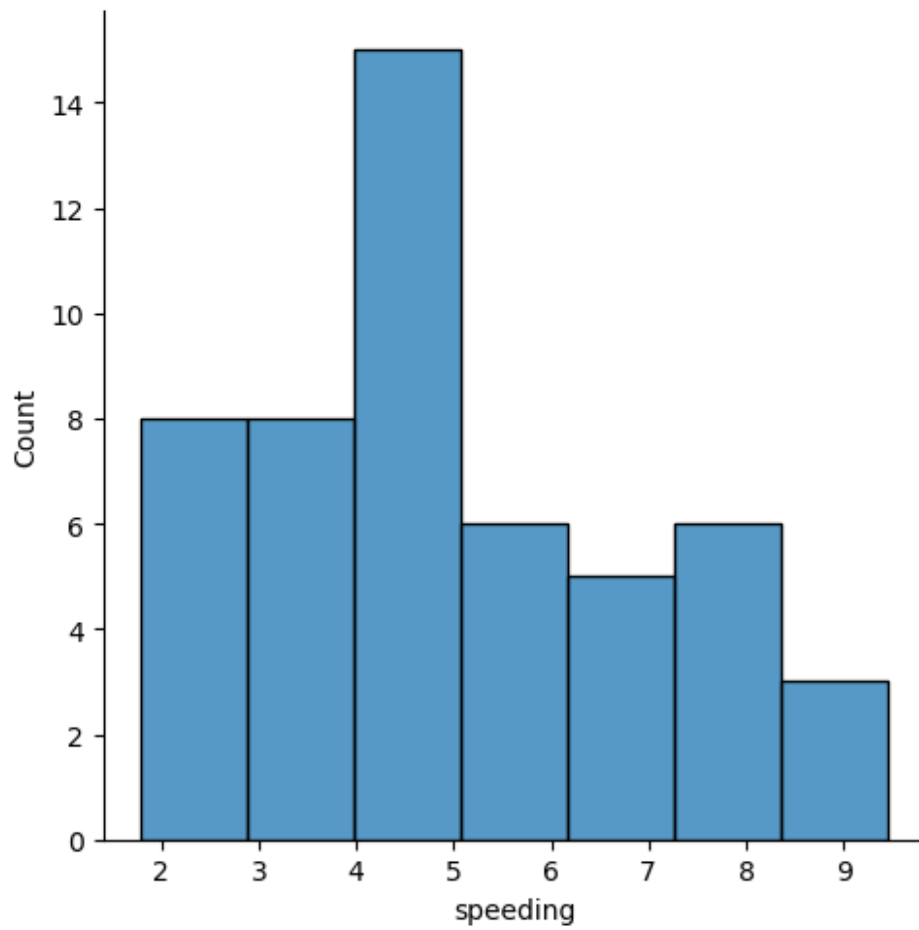


```
sns.displot(dff["alcohol"])
```

```
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x272d49c3d90>
```



```
sns.displot(dff["speeding"])  
<seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x272d330d2a0>
```



```
sns.countplot(x="ins_premium",data=dff)  
<Axes: xlabel='ins_premium', ylabel='count'>
```

