Numpy Exercise- 21BIT0433

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1 NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

```
Import NumPy as np
 [1]: import numpy as np
     Create an array of 10 zeros
 [7]: x=np.zeros(10)
     Create an array of 10 ones
 [6]: x=np.ones(10)
     Create an array of 10 fives
 [4]: z=np.full(10,5.0)
     Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50
 [8]: x=np.arange(10,51,1)
     Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50
 [9]: x=np.arange(10,51,2)
     Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8
[10]: x=np.arange(0,9).reshape(3,3)
     Create a 3x3 identity matrix
[11]: x=np.eye(3)
     Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1
[12]: x=np.random.random()
     Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard
     normal distribution
[13]: x=np.random.rand(25)
```

```
[14]: x=np.arange(0.01, 1.01, 0.01).reshape(10, 10)
     Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:
[15]: x=np.linspace(0,1,20)
     1.1 Numpy Indexing and Selection
     Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:
[20]: mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
 [0]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
      # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
      # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
[19]: x=mat [2:5,1:5]
 [O]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
      # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
      # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
[21]: x=mat[3,4]
 [O]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
      # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
      # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
[22]: x = mat[0:3, 1:2]
 [0]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
      # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
      # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
[23]: x=mat[-1]
 [O]: # WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
      # BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
      # BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
[24]: x=mat[3:5,0:5]
     1.1.1 Now do the following
     Get the sum of all the values in mat
[25]:
     x=np.sum(mat)
```

Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

Create the following matrix:

[26]: x=np.std(mat)

Get the sum of all the columns in mat [27]: x=np.sum(mat,axis=0)