NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

Import NumPy as np

```
In [1]:
```

```
import numpy as np
```

Create an array of 10 zeros

```
In [2]:
```

```
np.zeros(10)
```

```
Out[2]:
```

```
array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
```

Create an array of 10 ones

```
In [3]:
```

```
np.ones(10)
```

```
Out[3]:
```

```
array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
```

Create an array of 10 fives

```
In [4]:
```

```
np.full(10,5.0)
```

```
Out[4]:
```

```
array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
```

Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

```
In [5]:
```

```
np.arange(10,51)
```

Out[5]:

```
array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50])
```

Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

In [6]:

```
np.arange(10,51,2)
```

Out[6]:

```
array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 4 2, 44, 46, 48, 50])
```

Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

In [7]:

```
np.arange(9).reshape((3,3))
```

Out[7]:

```
array([[0, 1, 2],
[3, 4, 5],
[6, 7, 8]])
```

Create a 3x3 identity matrix

In [8]:

```
np.eye(3)
```

Out[8]:

Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

```
In [9]:
np.random.rand(1)
Out[9]:
array([0.29938901])
Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal
distribution
In [10]:
np.random.randn(25)
Out[10]:
array([-1.02799207, 0.89669325, 0.06490438, -0.02818939,
                                                            1.11310702,
        1.2146714 , -0.93080572, -0.84739366, 0.10529498, 1.14801108,
       -0.23848723, 0.428965 , 1.26130258, 1.21022476, -2.59487825,
       -0.0439077 , -1.70781739 ,-1.15157477 , 1.38043925 , 0.25218295 ,
        0.28182412, 0.14809255, -0.94711359, -1.21186705, -0.35220621)
Create the following matrix:
In [11]:
np.arange(0.01, 1.01, 0.01).reshape(10, 10)
Out[11]:
array([[0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1],
       [0.11, 0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2],
       [0.21, 0.22, 0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28, 0.29, 0.3],
       [0.31, 0.32, 0.33, 0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4],
       [0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44, 0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5],
       [0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55, 0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6],
       [0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66, 0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7],
       [0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77, 0.78, 0.79, 0.8],
       [0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88, 0.89, 0.9],
       [0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99, 1. ]])
Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:
In [12]:
np.linspace(0, 1, 20)
Out[12]:
                 , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632,
array([0.
       0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421,
       0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211,
       0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1.
```

])

Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
In [14]:
matrix = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
In [15]:
matrix
Out[15]:
array([[1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
       [6, 7, 8, 9, 10],
       [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
In [ ]:
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
In [17]:
mat_1=matrix[2:6,1:5]
In [18]:
mat 1
Out[18]:
array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
       [17, 18, 19, 20],
       [22, 23, 24, 25]])
In [19]:
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
In [20]:
mat_1[1][-1]
Out[20]:
```

```
In [21]:
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
In [22]:
matrix[0:3,1:2]
Out[22]:
array([[ 2],
       [7],
       [12]])
In [23]:
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
In [24]:
matrix[-1]
Out[24]:
array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
In [25]:
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
In [26]:
matrix[-2:]
Out[26]:
array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
```

Now do the following

Get the sum of all the values in mat

[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])

```
In [27]:
matrix.sum()
Out[27]:
325
Get the standard deviation of the values in mat
In [28]:
np.std(matrix)
Out[28]:
7.211102550927978
Get the sum of all the columns in mat
In [29]:
np.sum(matrix, axis=0)
Out[29]:
array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])
Type \it Markdown and LaTeX: \it \alpha^2
```