#### NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

# Import NumPy as np

```
# D GUNASEKHAR(21BCI0243)
import numpy as np
```

# Create an array of 10 zeros

```
ten_zeros_array = np.zeros(10)
print(ten_zeros_array)
[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
```

# Create an array of 10 ones

```
ten_ones_array = np.ones(10)
print(ten_ones_array)
[1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.]
```

# Create an array of 10 fives

```
ten_ones_array = np.ones(10)
ten_fives_array = 5 * ten_ones_array
print(ten_fives_array)
[5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5. 5.]
```

# Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

```
int_arr=np.arange(10,51)
print(int_arr)
[10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
33
34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50]
```

# Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

```
evenint_arr=np.arange(10,51,2)
print(evenint_arr)
[10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50]
```

Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

### Create a 3x3 identity matri

```
iden_matrix=np.eye(3)
print(iden_matrix)

[[1. 0. 0.]
  [0. 1. 0.]
  [0. 0. 1.]]
```

# Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

```
random_number = np.random.rand()
print(random_number)
0.023907744207952275
```

# Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution

```
random_numbers=np.random.randn(25)
print(random_numbers)

[-0.17696033 -1.04329672 -0.11682796 -0.24035229 0.23322279 -0.55327961
```

#### Create the following matrix:

```
matrix_1=np.arange(0.01,1.01,0.01).reshape(10,10)
print(matrix_1)

[[0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.1 ]
  [0.11 0.12 0.13 0.14 0.15 0.16 0.17 0.18 0.19 0.2 ]
  [0.21 0.22 0.23 0.24 0.25 0.26 0.27 0.28 0.29 0.3 ]
  [0.31 0.32 0.33 0.34 0.35 0.36 0.37 0.38 0.39 0.4 ]
  [0.41 0.42 0.43 0.44 0.45 0.46 0.47 0.48 0.49 0.5 ]
  [0.51 0.52 0.53 0.54 0.55 0.56 0.57 0.58 0.59 0.6 ]
  [0.61 0.62 0.63 0.64 0.65 0.66 0.67 0.68 0.69 0.7 ]
  [0.71 0.72 0.73 0.74 0.75 0.76 0.77 0.78 0.79 0.8 ]
  [0.81 0.82 0.83 0.84 0.85 0.86 0.87 0.88 0.89 0.9 ]
  [0.91 0.92 0.93 0.94 0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99 1. ]]
```

### Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

### Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
matrix[2:5,1:5]
array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
       [17, 18, 19, 20],
       [22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
matrix[3,4]
20
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
matrix[0:3,1:2]
array([[ 2],
       [7],
       [12]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
matrix[4:5,0:6]
array([[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
matrix[3:5,0:6]
array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

## NOW DO THE FOLLOWING

### Get the sum of all the values in mat

```
print(matrix.sum())
325
```

Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

```
print(matrix.std())
7.211102550927978
```

Get the sum of all the columns in mat

```
print(matrix.sum(axis=0))
[55 60 65 70 75]
```