NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

▼ Import NumPy as np

```
import numpy as np
```

▼ Create an array of 10 zeros

```
np.zeros(10)

array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
```

▼ Create an array of 10 ones

```
np.ones(10)

array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
```

▼ Create an array of 10 fives

```
np.full(10,5)

array([5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5])
```

▼ Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

```
np.arange(10, 51)

array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50])
```

▼ Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

```
np.arange(10, 51, 2)

array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50])
```

▼ Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

▼ Create a 3x3 identity matrix

▼ Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

```
random_number = np.random.rand()
print(random_number)

0.4010433365000152
```

▼ Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution

▼ Create the following matrix:

```
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```

```
[0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44, 0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5], [0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55, 0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6], [0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66, 0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7], [0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77, 0.78, 0.79, 0.8], [0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88, 0.89, 0.9], [0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99, 1.]])
```

▼ Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

```
np.linspace(0, 1, 20)

array([0. , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632, 0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421, 0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211, 0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1. ]
```

Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
mat
     array([[ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
            [ 6, 7, 8, 9, 10],
            [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
            [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
            [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[2:5,1:5]
     array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
            [17, 18, 19, 20],
            [22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[3][4]
     20
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[:3,1:2]
     array([[ 2],
            [7],
            [12]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[4,:]
     array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[3:5,:]
     array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
            [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

- Now do the following
- ▼ Get the sum of all the values in mat

```
np.sum(mat)
325
```

▼ Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

```
np.std(mat)
7.211102550927978
```

▼ Get the sum of all the columns in mat

```
np.sum(mat,axis=0)
array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit

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