NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

Import NumPy as np

```
#Harsh Kumar
#21BDS0391

import numpy as np
```

Create an array of 10 zeros

```
np.zeros(10)
```

```
array([ 0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.])
```

Create an array of 10 ones

```
ones_array = np.ones(10)

print(ones_array)
```

```
array([ 1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.])
```

Create an array of 10 fives

```
fives_array = np.full(10, 5)

print(fives_array)
```

```
array([ 5.,  5.,  5.,  5.,  5.,  5.,  5.,  5.,  5.,  5.])
```

Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

```
integers_array = np.arange(10, 51)

print(integers_array)
```

```
array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26,
       27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43,
       44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50])
```

Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

```
even_integers_array = np.arange(10, 51, 2)

print(even_integers_array)
```

```
array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42,
       44, 46, 48, 50])
```

Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

```
matrix = np.arange(9).reshape(3, 3)

print(matrix)
```

```
array([[0, 1, 2],
       [3, 4, 5],
       [6, 7, 8]])
```

Create a 3x3 identity matrix

```
identity_matrix = np.identity(3)

print(identity_matrix)
```

```
array([[ 1.,  0.,  0.],
       [ 0.,  1.,  0.],
       [ 0.,  0.,  1.]])
```

Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

```
random_integer = np.random.randint(0, 2)

print(random_integer)
```

```
array([ 0.42829726])
```

Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution

```
random_numbers = np.random.randn(25)

print(random_numbers)
```

```
array([ 1.32031013,  1.6798602 , -0.42985892, -1.53116655,  0.85753232,
        0.87339938,  0.35668636, -1.47491157,  0.15349697,  0.99530727,
       -0.94865451, -1.69174783,  1.57525349, -0.70615234,  0.10991879,
       -0.49478947,  1.08279872,  0.76488333, -2.3039931 ,  0.35401124,
       -0.45454399, -0.64754649, -0.29391671,  0.02339861,  0.38272124])
```

Create the following matrix:

```
desired_array = np.arange(0.01, 1.01, 0.01).reshape(10, 10)

print(desired_array)
```

```
array([[ 0.01,  0.02,  0.03,  0.04,  0.05,  0.06,  0.07,  0.08,  0.09,  0.1 ],
       [ 0.11,  0.12,  0.13,  0.14,  0.15,  0.16,  0.17,  0.18,  0.19,  0.2 ],
       [ 0.21,  0.22,  0.23,  0.24,  0.25,  0.26,  0.27,  0.28,  0.29,  0.3 ],
       [ 0.31,  0.32,  0.33,  0.34,  0.35,  0.36,  0.37,  0.38,  0.39,  0.4 ],
       [ 0.41,  0.42,  0.43,  0.44,  0.45,  0.46,  0.47,  0.48,  0.49,  0.5 ],
       [ 0.51,  0.52,  0.53,  0.54,  0.55,  0.56,  0.57,  0.58,  0.59,  0.6 ],
       [ 0.61,  0.62,  0.63,  0.64,  0.65,  0.66,  0.67,  0.68,  0.69,  0.7 ],
       [ 0.71,  0.72,  0.73,  0.74,  0.75,  0.76,  0.77,  0.78,  0.79,  0.8 ],
       [ 0.81,  0.82,  0.83,  0.84,  0.85,  0.86,  0.87,  0.88,  0.89,  0.9 ],
       [ 0.91,  0.92,  0.93,  0.94,  0.95,  0.96,  0.97,  0.98,  0.99,  1.  ]])
```

Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

```
linear_points = np.linspace(0, 1, 20)

print(linear_points)
```

```
array([ 0.        ,  0.05263158,  0.10526316,  0.15789474,  0.21052632,
        0.26315789,  0.31578947,  0.36842105,  0.42105263,  0.47368421,
        0.52631579,  0.57894737,  0.63157895,  0.68421053,  0.73684211,
        0.78947368,  0.84210526,  0.89473684,  0.94736842,  1.        ])
```

Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
desired_array = np.arange(1, 26).reshape(5, 5)

print(desired_array)
```

```
array([[ 1,  2,  3,  4,  5],
       [ 6,  7,  8,  9, 10],
       [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
desired_array = np.arange(12, 26).reshape(3, 4)

print(desired_array)
```

```
array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
       [17, 18, 19, 20],
       [22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
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```

```
a = 20
print(a)
```

```
20
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
desired_array = np.arange(2, 13, 5).reshape(3, 1)

print(desired_array)
```

```
array([[ 2],
       [ 7],
       [12]])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
desired_array = np.arange(21, 26)

print(desired_array)
```

```
array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
```

```
desired_array = np.arange(16, 26).reshape(2, 5)

print(desired_array)
```

```
array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

Now do the following

Get the sum of all the values in mat

```
sum_of_values = np.sum(desired_array)

print(sum_of_values)
```

```
325
```

Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

```
std_deviation = np.std(desired_array)

print(std_deviation)
```

```
7.2111025509279782
```

Get the sum of all the columns in mat

```
column_sums = np.sum(desired_array, axis=0)

print(column_sums)
```

```
array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit