▼ NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

▼ Import NumPy as np

```
import numpy as np
```

▼ Create an array of 10 zeros

Create an array of 10 ones

```
y=np.ones(10)
y
array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
```

▼ Create an array of 10 fives

```
x=np.ones(10)*5
x
array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
```

▼ Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

```
array=np.arange(10,51)
array

array([10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50])
```

▼ Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

```
array=np.arange(10,51,2)
array
array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42,
44, 46, 48, 50])
```

▼ Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8

▼ Create a 3x3 identity matrix

▼ Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1

▼ Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution

```
np.random.normal(0,2,25)

array([-0.30012889, -0.15655479, 3.48527229, 1.12939728, 3.78571128, 0.54299736, 1.7811981, 4.45906512, -3.13237006, -1.70275259, -0.13172453, -0.60356479, 0.36416524, -1.67712957, -0.36633742, -0.52349522, 2.41958503, 4.69995298, -0.77999854, 1.42458473, -0.15233824, -0.54828679, -2.25005703, 0.3220472, 0.52814786])
```

▼ Create the following matrix:

```
np.arange(1,101).reshape(10,10) / 100

array([[0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1], [0.11, 0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2], [0.21, 0.22, 0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28, 0.29, 0.3], [0.31, 0.32, 0.33, 0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4], [0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44, 0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5], [0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55, 0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6], [0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66, 0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7], [0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77, 0.78, 0.79, 0.8], [0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88, 0.89, 0.9], [0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99, 1.]]
```

▼ Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:

```
np.linspace(0,1,20)

array([0. , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632, 0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421, 0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211, 0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1. ]
```

Numpy Indexing and Selection

Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:

```
mat = np.arange(1,26).reshape(5,5)
mat
     array([[ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [ 6, 7, 8, 9, 10],
            [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
            [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
            [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[2:,1:]
     array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
             [17, 18, 19, 20],
             [22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[3,4]
     20
```

```
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[0:3,1:2]
     array([[ 2],
[ 7],
            [12]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[4:]
     array([[21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
mat[3:]
     array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
            [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
```

- ▼ Now do the following
- ▼ Get the sum of all the values in mat

```
mat.sum()
325
```

▼ Get the standard deviation of the values in mat

```
mat.std()
7.211102550927978
```

▼ Get the sum of all the columns in mat

```
mat.sum(axis=0)
    array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])
```

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