

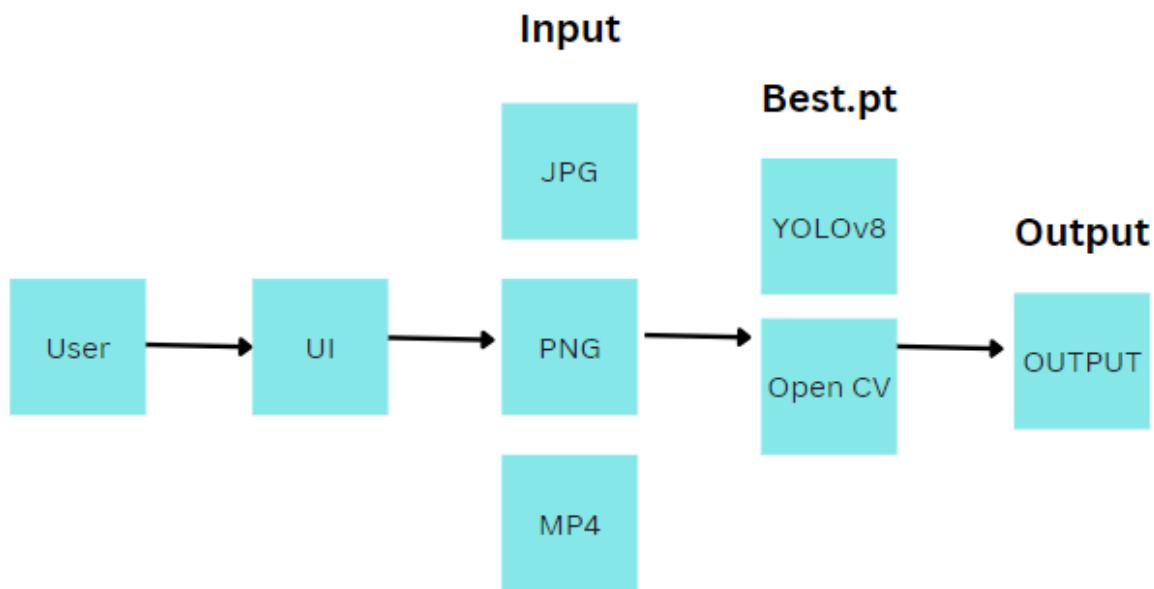
YOLO Weapon detection Project

Team - 593074

Introduction:

A YOLO-based weapon detection project involves using the YOLO (You Only Look Once) algorithm to detect weapons in images or video streams. The YOLO algorithm is a real-time object detection system that is particularly well-suited for detecting multiple objects in an image or video frame. The project involves training a YOLO model on a dataset of images and videos that contain weapons, and then using the trained model to detect weapons in new images or videos. The goal of the project is to provide a tool that can help identify and prevent acts of violence by detecting weapons in real-time, to make our neighborhoods and public spaces safer.

Architecture:



Technical stack used:

Anaconda and Jupyter notebook
Yolov8
Flask: Web framework for building web applications.

Python packages utilized:

- ultralytics: pip install ultralytics
- flask: pip install Flask
- urllib.parse
- os
- cv2
- time

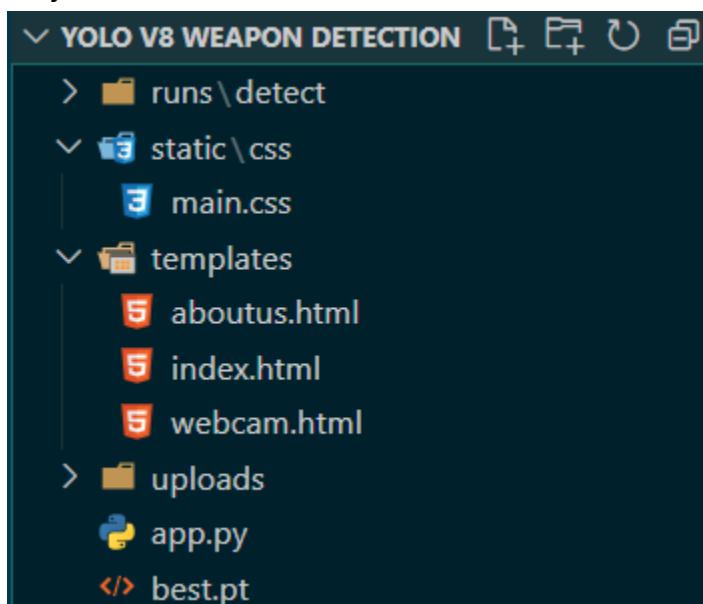
Project objectives:-

- Know how to train the Yolov8 model and
- know how to build a web application using the Flask framework.

Project flow:-

- The user interacts with the UI (User Interface) to choose an image, video, or webcam as the input source.
- The chosen input source (image, video, or webcam feed) is processed by a custom-trained YOLO model integrated with a Flask application.
- The YOLO model analyzes the input, makes predictions, and provides results.
- The predictions are then showcased on the Flask UI.

Project Structure:-



- Uploads has the image and video file we will be testing the web application on.
- We are building a Flask Application that needs HTML pages stored in the templates folder and a python script app.py for server side scripting

- We need the model which is saved and the saved model in this content is best.pt

Milestone 1: Data Collection

Data was taken from:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1fv9HCfP9DvQwhhcypoO8hbf2xdZI6LL3?usp=share_link

Milestone 2: Model Building

Creating train, test and validation folders

```

import os
import shutil
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

# Set the path to your dataset
dataset_path = "/content/drive/MyDrive/Dataset/"

# Create YOLOv8 directory
yolov8_path = os.path.join(dataset_path, "yolov8")
os.makedirs(yolov8_path, exist_ok=True)

# Create train, test, and valid directories inside yolov8
sets = ["train", "test", "valid"]
for set_type in sets:
    set_path = os.path.join(yolov8_path, set_type)
    os.makedirs(os.path.join(set_path, "images"), exist_ok=True)
    os.makedirs(os.path.join(set_path, "labels"), exist_ok=True)

# Get the list of image files
image_files = os.listdir(os.path.join(dataset_path, "Images"))

# Split the data into train, test, and valid sets (70:15:15)
train_files, test_valid_files = train_test_split(image_files, test_size=0.3, random_state=42)
test_files, valid_files = train_test_split(test_valid_files, test_size=0.5, random_state=42)

# Move images and labels to the respective YOLOv8 folders
def move_files(file_list, set_type):
    for file in file_list:
        # Move images
        image_src = os.path.join(dataset_path, "Images", file)
        image_dest = os.path.join(yolov8_path, set_type, "images", file)
        shutil.copy(image_src, image_dest)

        # Move labels
        label_file = file.replace(".jpg", ".txt")
        label_src = os.path.join(dataset_path, "Labels", label_file)
        label_dest = os.path.join(yolov8_path, set_type, "labels", label_file)
        shutil.copy(label_src, label_dest)

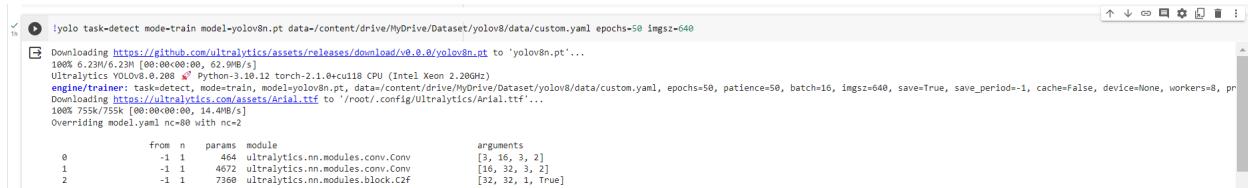
# Move files to train set
move_files(train_files, "train")

# Move files to test set
move_files(test_files, "test")

# Move files to valid set
move_files(valid_files, "valid")

```

Training



```
ls
yolo task=detect mode=train model=yolov8n.pt data=/content/drive/MyDrive/Dataset/yolov8n/data/custom.yaml epochs=50 imgsz=640
Downloading https://github.com/ultralytics/assets/releases/download/v0.0.0/yolov8n.pt to 'yolov8n.pt'...
Downloaded 62.9MB in 00:00:00.000, 14.4MB/s
Overriding model.yaml nc=80 with nc=2
from n    params module           arguments
0      -1 1      464  ultralytics.nn.modules.conv.Conv [3, 16, 3, 2]
1      -1 1      4672 ultralytics.nn.modules.conv.Conv [16, 32, 3, 2]
2      -1 1      7360 ultralytics.nn.modules.block.C2f [32, 32, 1, True]
```

Summary

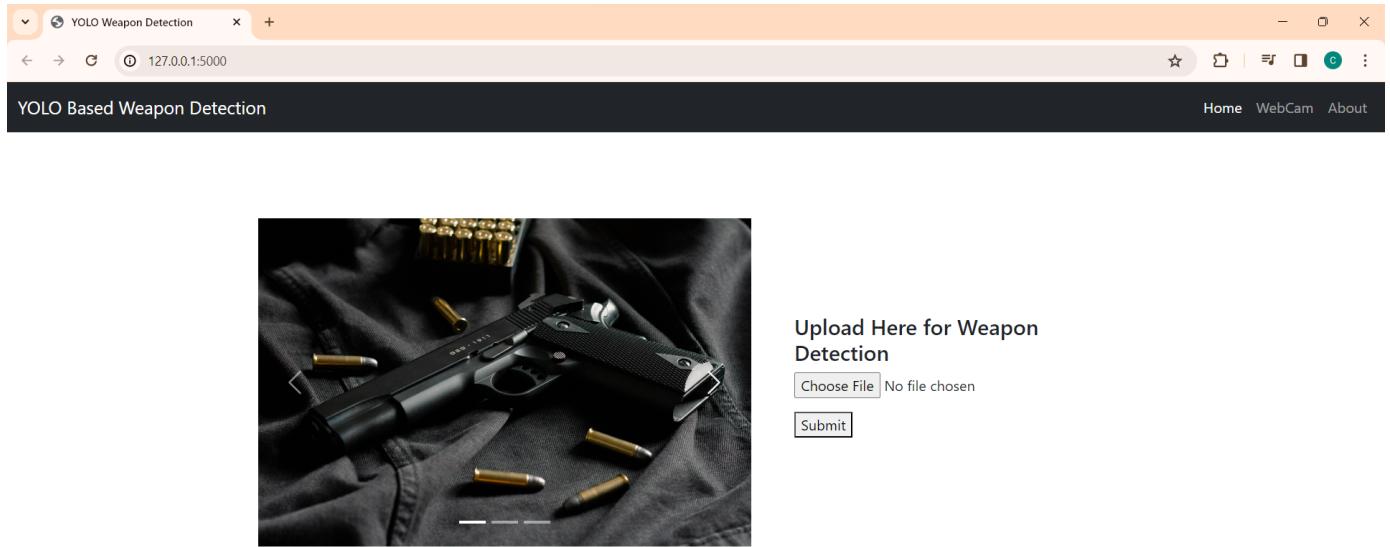
```
YOLOv8n PT [CPU] 2022.03.10.12 torch-2.1.0+cu118 CPU (Intel Xeon 2.20GHz)
Model summary (fused): 168 layers, 3006038 parameters, 0 gradients, 8.1 GFLOPs
    Class   Images Instances   Box(P)     R     mAP50   mAP50-95: 100% 1/1 [00:07<00:00,  7.87s/it]
        all       29       29   0.776   0.674   0.655   0.483
      handgun      29       12   0.748   0.583   0.545   0.441
       knife      29       17   0.804   0.765   0.765   0.525
Speed: 3.4ms preprocess, 244.2ms inference, 0.0ms loss, 1.7ms postprocess per image
```

Milestone 3: Flask integration

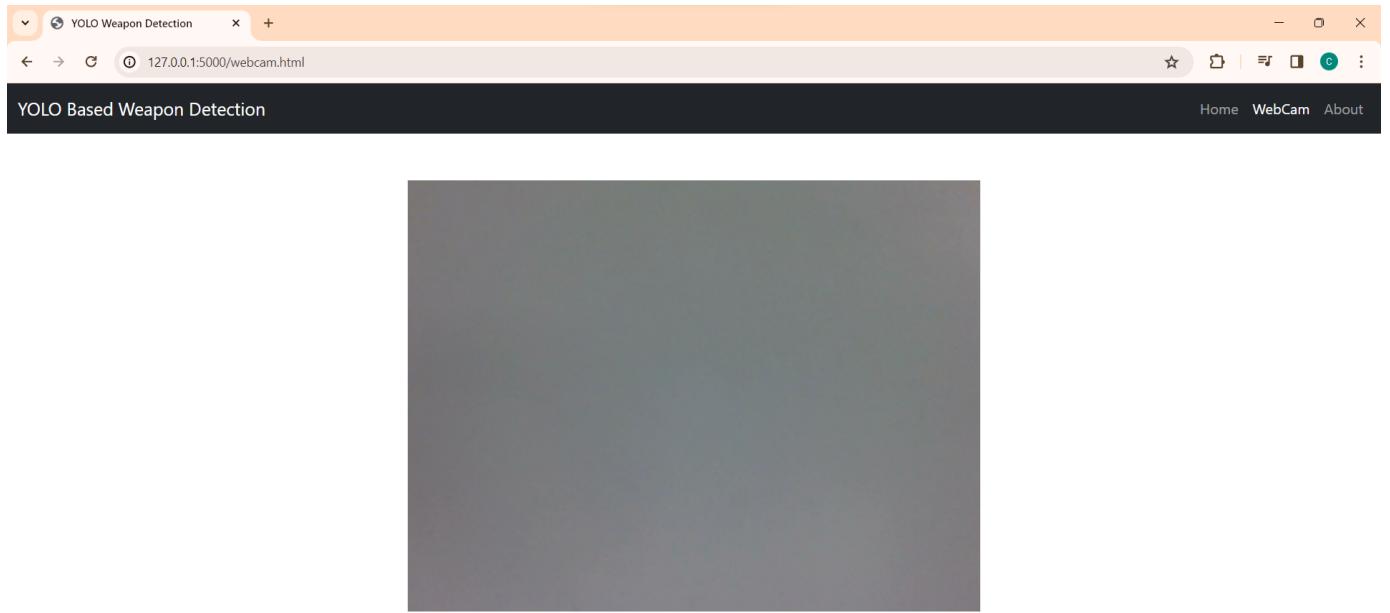
Creating HTML Pages

- We used HTML to create the frontend part of the webpage.
- Here, we have created 3 HTML pages- index.html, webcam.html, and aboutus.html
- Index.html is the home page and also provides facilities of uploading the images and videos for weapon detection.
- webcam.html provides facility to detect weapons with web camera as source.
- We have also used Bootstrap, CSS and Javascript to enhance the view and functionality of HTML pages.

Home page:



Web camera page:



The screen displays the detection results when it's on.

About page:



The aim of this project is weapon detection using the YOLO (You Only Look Once) object detection algorithm. The system is trained on a dataset of images and videos containing weapons and will be able to accurately detect the presence of new images and videos.

Activity 2: Building the python code

Importing Libraries

```
app.py > index
1  #Necessary imports
2  from flask import Flask, render_template, request, send_from_directory, send_file, Response
3  import os
4  from urllib.parse import urlparse
5  from ultralytics import YOLO
6  import cv2
7  import time
8  import math
9  import winsound
10
```

```
app = Flask(__name__)
```

creates a Flask application object — app — in the current Python module.

```
11     app = Flask(__name__)
12
```

Routing for html pages

index.html

```
13     @app.route("/")
14     def index():
15         | return render_template("index.html")
16
```

aboutus.html

```
17     @app.route("/aboutus.html")
18     def about_us():
19         | return render_template("aboutus.html")
20
```

webcam.html

```
21     @app.route('/webcam.html')
22     def webcam():
23         | return render_template('webcam.html')
24
```

Function for alarm

```
25     #alarm
26     def play_alarm():
27         | | duration = 1000
28         | | freq = 440
29         | | winsound.Beep(freq, duration)
```

Statement to start the Flask development server with debugging enabled.

```
165     if __name__ == "__main__":
166         | app.run(debug=True)
167
```

Getting sources via POST

```
58     @app.route("/", methods=["GET", "POST"])
59     def application():
60         input_path = None
61         alarm_activated = False
62
63         if request.method == "POST":
64
65             if "file_name" in request.files:
66                 f = request.files["file_name"]
67                 basepath = os.path.dirname(__file__)
68                 filepath = os.path.join(basepath, "uploads", f.filename)
69                 print("Upload folder is ", filepath)
70                 file_extension = f.filename.rsplit(".", 1)[1]
```

Image as source detection

```
31     @app.route("/display/<path:filename>")
32     def display(filename):
33         parsed_url = urlparse(request.url)
34         url_path = parsed_url.path
35         directory, filename = url_path.split("/display/")[1].rsplit("/", 1)
36         input_path = os.path.join(directory, filename).replace("\\", "/")
37         print(input_path)
38         return send_file(input_path, as_attachment=False)

71         #Image detection section
72         if file_extension in ("jpg", "png"):
73             img=cv2.imread(filepath)
74             model=YOLO('best.pt')
75             model.predict(source = img, save_txt=True, save=True)
76             folder_path = 'runs/detect'
77             subfolders = [f for f in os.listdir(folder_path) if os.path.isdir(os.path.join(folder_path, f))]
78             latest_subfolder = max(subfolders, key=lambda x: os.path.getctime(os.path.join(folder_path, x)))
79             input_path = folder_path+'/'+latest_subfolder+'/'+image0.jpg"
80             #alarm if weapon detected.
81             with open(os.path.join(folder_path, latest_subfolder, "labels/image0.txt"), "r") as f:
82                 for line in f:
83                     if line.strip():
84                         alarm_activated = True
85                         break
86             if alarm_activated:
87                 print("Weapon detected")
88                 play_alarm()
89             return render_template('index.html', input_path= input_path, video_format=None)
```

Output:-

YOLO Based Weapon Detection

Home WebCam About

Choose File No file chosen

Submit



YOLO Based Weapon Detection

Home WebCam About

Choose File No file chosen

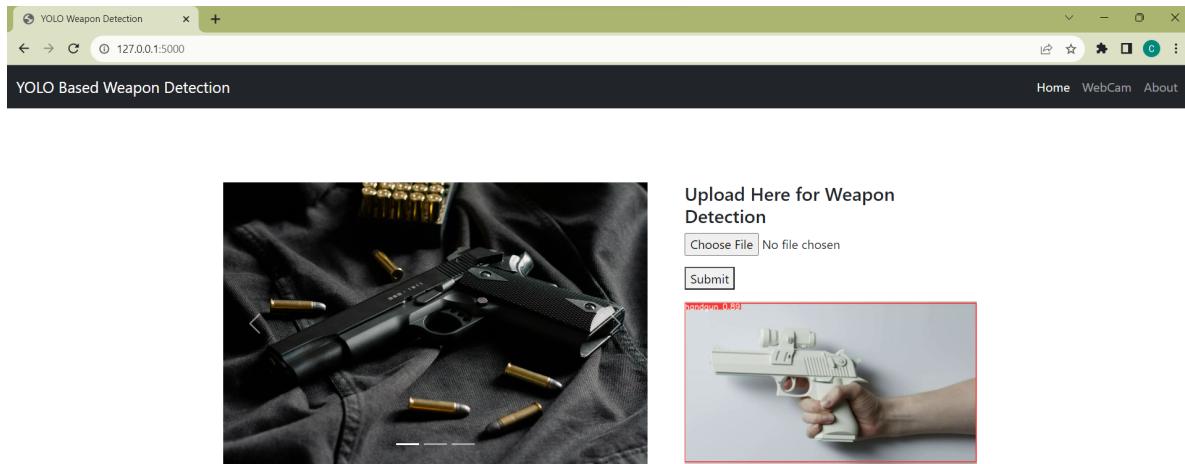
Submit



Video as source detection

```
40 @app.route('/video/<path:filename>')
41 def serve_video(filename):
42     video_path = filename
43     def generate_frames():
44         cap = cv2.VideoCapture(video_path)
45         while True:
46             success, frame = cap.read()
47             if not success:
48                 break
49             ret, buffer = cv2.imencode('.jpg', frame)
50             if not ret:
51                 continue
52             frame_bytes = buffer.tobytes()
53             yield (b'--frame\r\n'
54                   b'Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n\r\n' + frame_bytes + b'\r\n')
55             time.sleep(0.1)
56     return Response(generate_frames(), mimetype='multipart/x-mixed-replace; boundary=frame')
57
58
59 #Video Section
60 elif file_extension in ("mp4"):
61     model=YOLO('best.pt')
62     model.predict(source = filepath,save_txt=True,save=True)
63     folder_path = 'runs/detect'
64     subfolders = [f for f in os.listdir(folder_path) if os.path.isdir(os.path.join(folder_path, f))]
65     latest_subfolder = max(subfolders, key=lambda x: os.path.getctime(os.path.join(folder_path, x)))
66     input_path = folder_path+'/'+latest_subfolder+'/'+f.filename.replace(".mp4",".avi")
67
68     #alarm if weapon detected.
69     for filename in os.listdir(os.path.join(folder_path, latest_subfolder, "labels/")):
70         if filename.endswith(".txt"):
71             filepath = os.path.join(folder_path, latest_subfolder, "labels/", filename)
72             with open(filepath, "r") as f:
73                 # check for weapon detection
74                 for line in f:
75                     if line.strip():
76                         alarm_activated = True
77                         break
78
79                 # Play alarm if weapon detected
80                 if alarm_activated:
81                     play_alarm()
82                     print("Weapon detected")
83                     break # Break out of the loop once alarm is activated
84
85                 if not alarm_activated:
86                     # No alarm was activated
87                     print("No weapons detected.")
88
89     return render_template('index.html', input_path= input_path,video_format="mp4")
90
```

Output:-



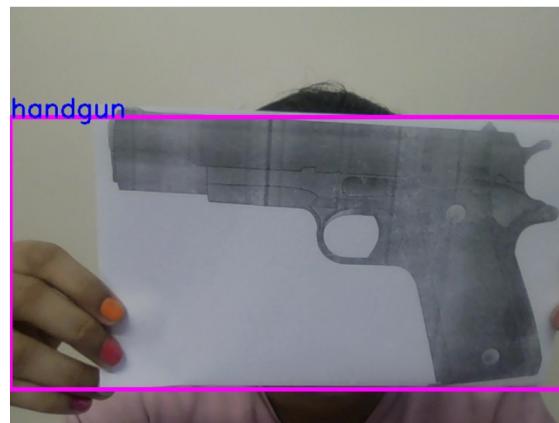
Web Camera as source detection

```
121 #webCam_section
122 classNames = ['handgun','knife']
123 @app.route('/webcam_func')
124 def webcam_func():
125     model=Yolo("best.pt")
126     def generate_frames():
127         cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
128         while True:
129             success, frame = cap.read()
130             results = model(frame, stream=True)
131             for r in results:
132                 boxes = r.bboxes
133                 for box in boxes:
134                     x1, y1, x2, y2 = box.xyxy[0]
135                     x1, y1, x2, y2 = int(x1), int(y1), int(x2), int(y2)
136                     cv2.rectangle(frame, (x1, y1), (x2, y2), (255, 0, 255), 3)
137                     confidence = math.ceil((box.conf[0]*100))/100
138                     print("Confidence --->",confidence)
139                     cls = int(box.cls[0])
140                     print("Class name -->", classNames[cls])
141                     org = [x1, y1]
142                     font = cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX
143                     fontScale = 1
144                     color = (255, 0, 0)
145                     thickness = 2
146                     cv2.putText(frame, classNames[cls], org, font, fontScale, color, thickness)
147                     play_alarm()
148                 if not success:
149                     break
150                 ret, buffer = cv2.imencode('.jpg', frame)
151                 if not ret:
152                     continue
153                 frame_bytes = buffer.tobytes()
154                 yield (b'--frame\r\n'
155                         b'Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n\r\n' + frame_bytes + b'\r\n')
156                 time.sleep(0.1)
157             return Response(generate_frames(), mimetype='multipart/x-mixed-replace; boundary=frame')
```

```
157     @app.route('/webcam_func')
158     def video_feed():
159         return webcam_func()
```

App can be run by python app.py command

Output:-



```
OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE PROBLEMS PORTS TERMINAL
(base) Charvi Upreti@LAPTOP-ABP6TUMA MINGW64 ~/Desktop/YOLO v8 Weapon detection
$ python app.py
 * Serving Flask app 'app'
 * Debug mode: on
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.
 * Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000
Press CTRL+C to quit
 * Restarting with watchdog (windowsapi)
```