# Project Design Phase I Solution Architecture

Date	12 November 2023
Team ID	592207
Project Name	Predicting Mental Health Illness of Working
	Professionals Using Machine Learning
Maximum Marks	4 Marks

### Solution Architecture for Machine Learning Powered Mental Health Prediction System:

#### **Problem Statement**

Develop a mental health prediction system that can accurately and reliably predict whether a person needs to seek mental health treatment or not, based on inputs provided by them. The system should be easy to use and accessible to people from all backgrounds. It should also be designed in a way that is ethical and respectful of people's privacy.

## Solution description

Our proposed solution is a machine learning-powered mental health prediction system that aims to identify individuals at risk for developing mental health issues. The system will collect data from various sources, including self-reported questionnaires, social media interactions, and environmental factors, to analyze patterns and predict a person's mental health trajectory.

## **Objectives**

Develop a predictive model based on data from self-reported questionnaires, social media interactions, and environmental factors. Ensure user privacy, transparency, and ethical data handling.

#### **Process**

In this process of building a machine learning model for predicting mental health, the model undergoes through different phases

#### 1. Data Collection and Storage:

In this phase, diverse data is gathered from multiple sources such as self-reported questionnaires, social media APIs, environmental sensors, wearables, and more. Secure channels are established to protect data during transmission. The collected information is then stored in a structured manner, leveraging distributed database solutions for scalability and security.

#### 2. Data Processing and Integration:

The raw data undergoes an Extract, Transform, Load (ETL) process. This involves cleaning, normalizing, and preprocessing data to handle missing values, outliers, and ensure consistency. Data versioning is implemented, and the processed data is integrated to create a unified dataset. Feature engineering is employed to identify relevant variables, and quality checks are conducted to maintain data integrity.

## 3. Visualizing and Analysing Data:

After processing, the data is visualized and analysed to extract meaningful insights. Visualization tools may include charts, graphs, and dashboards. Exploratory data analysis (EDA) techniques are applied to uncover patterns, trends, and relationships within the data, providing a foundation for subsequent model development.

## 4. Model Development and Training:

In this phase, machine learning models are developed based on the processed data. Various

algorithms are experimented with to find the most suitable approach. Ensemble models may be employed for improved accuracy. The models are trained using historical data, validated, and fine-tuned to enhance predictive capabilities.

### 5. User Interface Development:

User interfaces are designed for both individuals and mental health professionals. The aim is to create an intuitive, user-friendly experience. Personalized features are implemented to enhance user engagement. Secure communication channels are established for professionals to interact with the system and access relevant insights.

## 6. Security Implementation:

Security measures are implemented to safeguard data privacy and integrity. Encryption mechanisms are established for data in transit and at rest. Privacy impact assessments are conducted to identify and address potential risks. Regular security audits and compliance checks are performed to ensure adherence to ethical and regulatory standards.

## 7. Project Management and Governance:

The development process follows an Agile methodology, allowing for flexibility and iterative releases based on user feedback. A governance framework is established to consider ethical considerations, and policies are regularly reviewed and updated in response to evolving regulations. This phase ensures the overall integrity and ethical handling of the project.

#### 8. Monitoring and Evaluation:

Continuous monitoring is implemented to assess system performance. Metrics such as model accuracy and the occurrence of false positives/negatives are tracked. User feedback channels are established for ongoing improvement, ensuring the system remains effective and responsive to user needs.

#### 9. Documentation:

Comprehensive technical documentation is created for developers and administrators, including data flow diagrams, system architecture, and API documentation. User guides are developed for individuals and mental health professionals, covering data usage, privacy, and system functionalities. Clear documentation aids in system understanding and maintenance.

## 10. Model Deployment and Application Building:

Trained models are deployed using containerization tools for efficiency. APIs are implemented for easy integration with the user interface. An HTML-based user interface is created for both individuals and mental health professionals. Python code is developed to enable the system to make real-time predictions on new data, completing the deployment and application building process.

Each of these processes contributes to the overall development and functionality of the mental health prediction system, ensuring a comprehensive and responsible approach to addressing mental health challenges.





