NumPy Exercises

Now that we've learned about NumPy let's test your knowledge. We'll start off with a few simple tasks, and then you'll be asked some more complicated questions.

Import NumPy as np

```
In [3]:
import numpy as np
```

Create an array of 10 zeros

```
In [4]:
array=np.zeros(10)
array
Out[4]:
array([0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.])
```

Create an array of 10 ones

```
In [5]:
    arr1 = np.ones(10)
    arr1
Out[5]:
    array([1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1., 1.])
```

Create an array of 10 fives

```
In [6]:
arr2=np.ones(10)*5
arr2
Out[6]:
array([5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5., 5.])
```

Create an array of the integers from 10 to 50

Create an array of all the even integers from 10 to 50

```
In [8]:
array = np.arange(10,51,2)
array
Out[8]:
array([10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42,
       44, 46, 48, 501)
Create a 3x3 matrix with values ranging from 0 to 8
In [9]:
array = np.arange(0, 9).reshape(3,3)
print(array)
[[0 1 2]
 [3 4 5]
 [6 7 8]]
Create a 3x3 identity matrix
In [10]:
array = np.identity(3)
array
Out[10]:
array([[1., 0., 0.],
       [0., 1., 0.],
       [0., 0., 1.]])
Use NumPy to generate a random number between 0 and 1
In [11]:
rand num = np.random.normal(0,1,1)
rand num
Out[11]:
array([0.13696009])
Use NumPy to generate an array of 25 random numbers sampled from a standard normal distribution
In [12]:
import numpy as np
rand num = np.random.normal(0,1,25)
rand num
Out[12]:
array([ 0.15539438,  0.79152637,  0.52486611, -1.41062109,  0.29229713,
        1.18323973, 1.10655139, -0.14939124, -1.96594102, 0.10333253,
       -0.91877303, \ -0.7037956 \ , \ -1.14655962, \ -1.89484197, \ \ 0.99783787,
        0.40116111, -2.21075828, -1.06554704, 0.77020103, 0.90040768,
       -1.49186013, 1.32423304, -0.11933755, 0.17548716, -1.5559697])
```

Create the following matrix:

```
In [13]:
```

```
np.arange(1,101).reshape(10,10) / 100
Out[13]:
array([[0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.1],
       [0.11, 0.12, 0.13, 0.14, 0.15, 0.16, 0.17, 0.18, 0.19, 0.2],
       [0.21, 0.22, 0.23, 0.24, 0.25, 0.26, 0.27, 0.28, 0.29, 0.3],
       [0.31, 0.32, 0.33, 0.34, 0.35, 0.36, 0.37, 0.38, 0.39, 0.4],
       [0.41, 0.42, 0.43, 0.44, 0.45, 0.46, 0.47, 0.48, 0.49, 0.5],
       [0.51, 0.52, 0.53, 0.54, 0.55, 0.56, 0.57, 0.58, 0.59, 0.6],
       [0.61, 0.62, 0.63, 0.64, 0.65, 0.66, 0.67, 0.68, 0.69, 0.7],
       [0.71, 0.72, 0.73, 0.74, 0.75, 0.76, 0.77, 0.78, 0.79, 0.8],
       [0.81, 0.82, 0.83, 0.84, 0.85, 0.86, 0.87, 0.88, 0.89, 0.9],
       [0.91, 0.92, 0.93, 0.94, 0.95, 0.96, 0.97, 0.98, 0.99, 1.]])
Create an array of 20 linearly spaced points between 0 and 1:
In [14]:
num line = np.linspace(0,1,20)
num line
Out[14]:
                 , 0.05263158, 0.10526316, 0.15789474, 0.21052632,
array([0.
       0.26315789, 0.31578947, 0.36842105, 0.42105263, 0.47368421,
       0.52631579, 0.57894737, 0.63157895, 0.68421053, 0.73684211,
       0.78947368, 0.84210526, 0.89473684, 0.94736842, 1.
Numpy Indexing and Selection
Now you will be given a few matrices, and be asked to replicate the resulting matrix outputs:
In [15]:
mat = np.arange(1, 26).reshape(5, 5)
mat
Out[15]:
array([[ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
       [ 6, 7, 8, 9, 10],
       [11, 12, 13, 14, 15],
       [16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
In [24]:
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
output = mat[2:5, 1:5]
output
Out[24]:
array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
       [17, 18, 19, 20],
       [22, 23, 24, 25]])
In [0]:
Out[0]:
array([[12, 13, 14, 15],
       [17, 18, 19, 20],
```

00 01 05111

```
In [16]:
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
output = mat[3, 4]
output
Out[16]:
20
In [0]:
Out[0]:
20
In [18]:
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
output sub = mat[0:3,1]
output sub
np.reshape(output_sub, (3,1))
Out[18]:
array([[ 2],
       [7],
       [12]])
In [0]:
Out[0]:
array([[ 2],
       [7],
       [12]])
In [21]:
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
output sub = mat[4,0:5]
output sub
Out[21]:
array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
In [0]:
Out[0]:
array([21, 22, 23, 24, 25])
In [23]:
# WRITE CODE HERE THAT REPRODUCES THE OUTPUT OF THE CELL BELOW
# BE CAREFUL NOT TO RUN THE CELL BELOW, OTHERWISE YOU WON'T
```

[44, 43, 44, 43]]]

```
# BE ABLE TO SEE THE OUTPUT ANY MORE
output_sub = mat[3:5,0:5]
output_sub
Out[23]:
array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
In [22]:
Out[22]:
array([[16, 17, 18, 19, 20],
       [21, 22, 23, 24, 25]])
Now do the following
Get the sum of all the values in mat
In [22]:
sum = np.sum(mat)
sum
Out[22]:
325
Get the standard deviation of the values in mat
In [23]:
standard deviation = np.std(mat)
standard deviation
Out[23]:
7.211102550927978
Get the sum of all the columns in mat
In [25]:
sum = mat.sum(axis = 0)
```

sum

Out[25]:

array([55, 60, 65, 70, 75])