

Tableau Data viz Challenge 2021

Domain:HORTICULTURE

PROJECT REPORT

1.INTRODUCTION

1.1 Overview

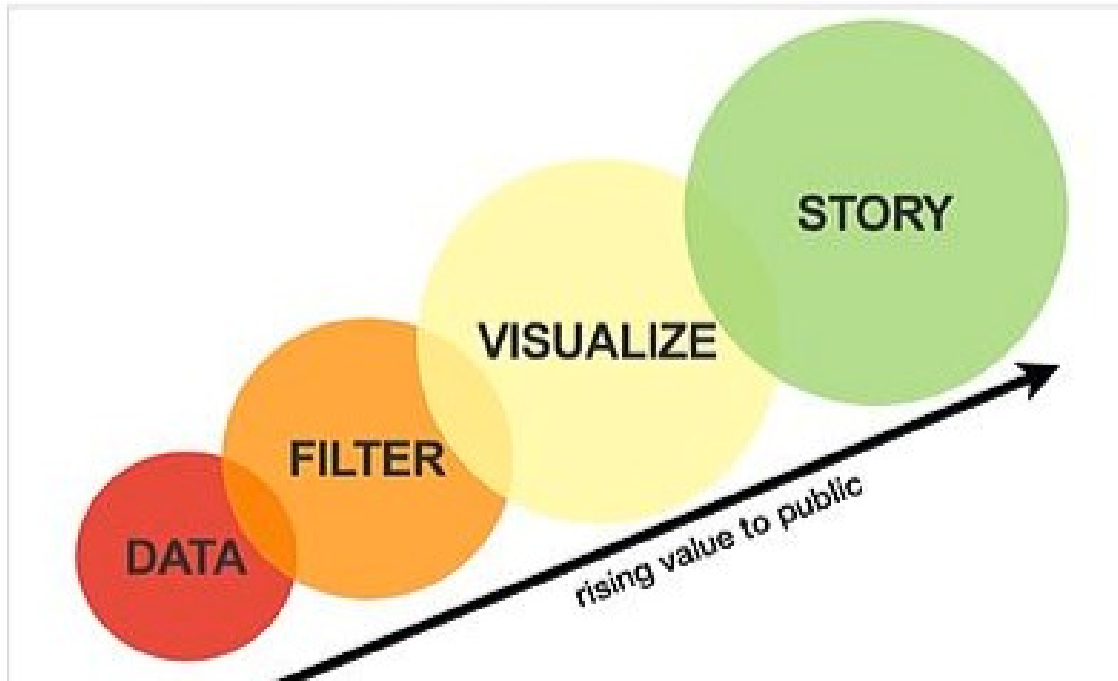
Horticulture is an aesthetic science that deals with the important crops which are grown in the gardens e.g. vegetable crops in vegetable garden, fruit crops in fruit orchards. The word Horticulture is derived from two Latin words, Hortus means garden and Culture means knowledge of growing these crops. This project is the data visualization of the domain HORTICULTURE about the Area and Production of the of Fruits and Vegetables in the year 2009-2010 and 2010-2011. Data visualizations are used to discover unknown facts and trends. You can see visualizations in the form of line charts to display change over time. Bar and column charts are useful for observing relationships and making comparisons. A pie chart is a great way to show parts-of-a-whole, and maps are the best way to share geographical data visually.

1.2 Purpose

The Tableau Tool is the leading in the area of data visualization and the users from different industries and backgrounds. Visualization of data will helps in better understanding and correct decision-making process in all organizations. By this Tableau Tool, we can easily analyse the data. My project is on the domain Horticulture, with the topic Area and Production of the Fruits and Vegetables in the year 2009-2010 and 2010-2011. This method of data visualisation using Tableau which aims to help farmers or farm managers gain a better understanding of the farming data.By visualisation, this software can help in reducing the work load in the farm data managment process and analysis. Using the visualisations created, farmers can gain a better understanding of the relation between data.

2. THEORITICAL ANALYSIS

Data visualizaon gives us a clear idea of what the informaon means by giving it visual context through maps or graphs. This makes the data more natural for the human mind to comprehend and therefore makes it easier to idenfy trends, paerns, and outliers within large data sets.



Software Used

- Tableau Desktop



Problem Statement

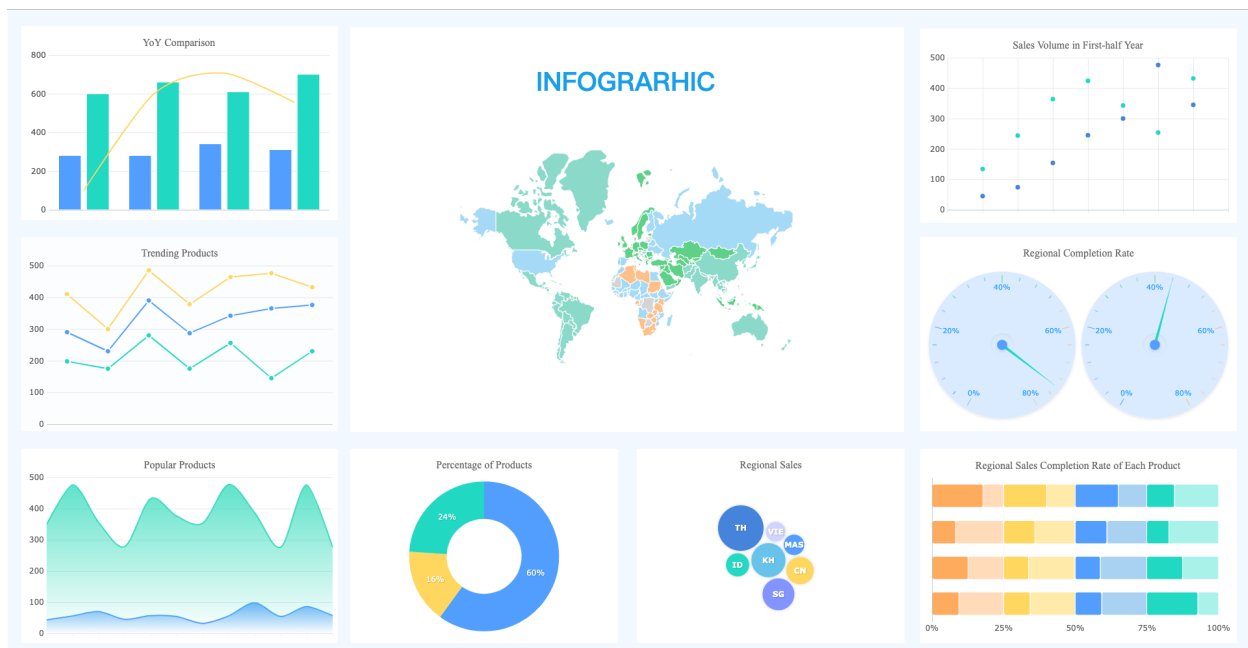
The dataset consists of data refers to data on Area, Production and Productivity of major Fruits and Vegetables producing Countries in the World from 2009-10 to 2010-11 (such as China, India, Brazil, USA, Italy, Spain, Mexico, Indonesia, Philippines, Iran, Turkey and Others).

This are some of the problem solving statements to be solved by the given data to be shown across different countries .

1. Show Fruits productivity (in Tonnes /Hectare) in 2009-10 & 2010-11.
2. Show Vegetables productivity (in Tonnes/Hectare) in 2009-10 &2010-11.
3. Show Fruits Area (in Hectare) in 2009-2010 & 2010-11.
4. Show Vegetables Area (in Hectare) in 2009-10 & 2010-11.
5. Show Fruits Production (in Tonnes) in 2009-2010 & 2010-11.
6. Show Vegetables Production (in Tonnes) in 2009-10 & 2010-11.
7. Show Fruits Area & Production in 2009-10 & 2010-11.
8. Show Vegetables Area & Production in 2009-10 & 2010-11.
9. Show production of fruits and vegetables in 2009-10 & 2010-11.

3. RESULT

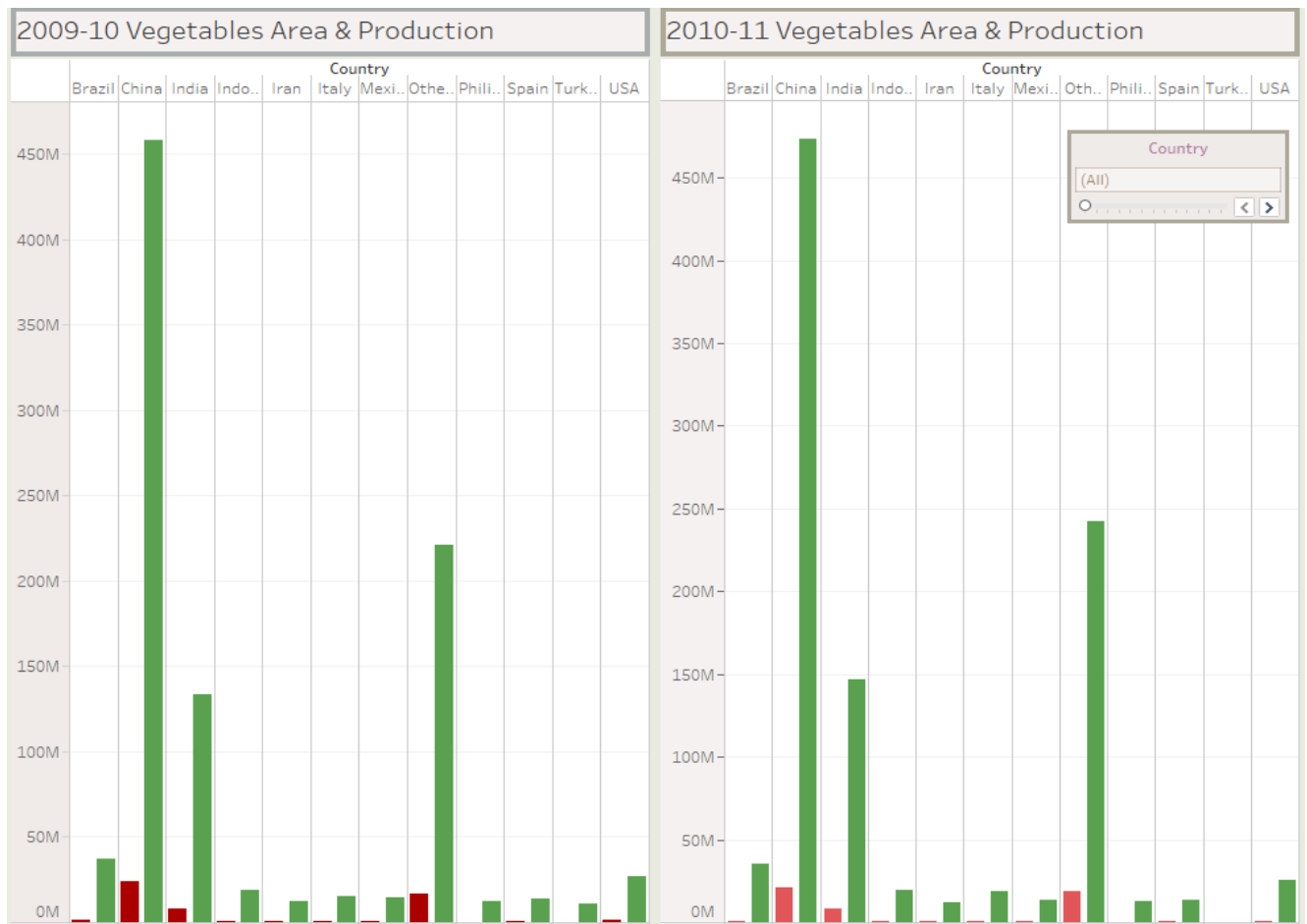
Tableau visualizes data from the start, allowing you to see the significance right away. Tableau differentiates correlations using color, size, labels and shapes, giving you context as you drill down and explore on a granular level. This application is compared with Microsoft Excel which has the same functionality of visualising data. The results are then studied and compared. The Tableau Tool is the leading in the area of data visualization and the users from different industries and backgrounds. Visualization of data will help in better understanding and correct decision-making process in all organizations. This application can perfectly replicate the function of existing visualisation tools, such as Microsoft Excel. Furthermore, this application can replace existing tools and provide better visualisations.



Dashboards

Some of the Dashboards created using tableau is shown below:

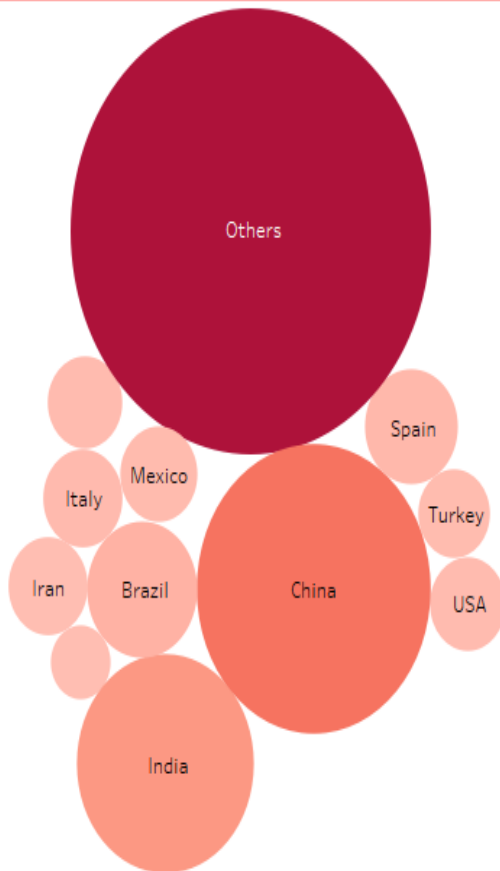
➤ 2009-10 & 2010-11 Vegetables Area & production :



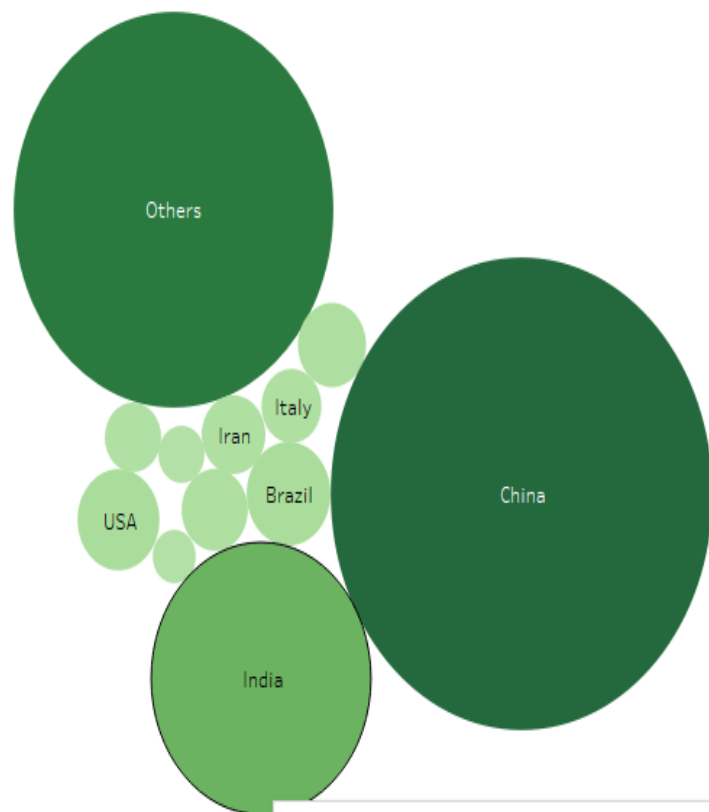
➤ **Vegetables Area and Fruits Area:**

Fruits area is higher in other countries than china and India. Vegetables Area is higher in china and other countries than this.

Fruits Area



Vegetables Area



Country: India
Vegetables 2009-10 Area (In Hectare): 7,984,800
Vegetables 2010-11 Area (In Hectare): 8,495,000

4. Advantages & Disadvantages

Advantages:

Better understanding. Easy sharing of information. Accurate analysis. Sales analysis. Finding relation between events. Modification of data. Exploring opportunities and trends.

Disadvantages:

It gives estimation not accuracy. Biased. Lack of assistance. Improper design issue. Wrong focused people can skip core messages.

5. APPLICATIONS

Some of the applications of Data Visualization are

- 1) Banking
- 2) Insurance
- 3) Health Care
- 4) Transportation
- 5) Capital Market
- 6) Government Analysis

6. CONCLUSION

The massive amount of farming data requires precise methods and tools to obtain correct analysis results. The method presented in this paper is data visualisation which aims to help farmers or farm managers gain a better understanding of farming data. The application developed can perfectly replicate the function of existing visualisation tools, such as Tableau. By visualisation, this application can help in reducing the work load in the farm data management process. Using the graph created, farmers can gain a better understanding of the relation between data. Farmers can also use graph visualisation to make a prediction, e.g. fuel consumption of a tractor for the coming week. This process can help increase the productivity and work quality of farmers. An increase in productivity can ultimately help boost the economy of the country.

7. FUTURE SCOPE

Data visualisation is entering a new era. Emerging sources of intelligence, theoretical developments and advances in multidimensional imaging are reshaping the potential value that analytics and insights can provide, with visualisation playing a key role. The principles of effective data visualisation won't change. However, next gen technologies and evolving cognitive frameworks are opening new horizons, moving data visualisation from art to science. Many charts these days are starting to get there. In the past we'd have static charts that were created by the "analytics" guy and he choose to visualize what he/she thought was important. Now, we are starting to see more interaction with filters and such allowing the end user to customize to some degree. In the future, I expect not only filtering but being able to drill down into specific points of interest with little technical know-how. This brings me to the 2nd point which is the creation of more tools for people with less technical know-how to create stunning visualisations. I think Tableau is the leader of this part right now.

Bibliography

1. www.data.gov.in
2. Tableau Public.

