

Apex Triggers:

1)Get Started with Apex Triggers:

Challenge:

Create an Apex trigger

Create an Apex trigger that sets an account's Shipping Postal Code to match the Billing Postal Code if the Match Billing Address option is selected. Fire the trigger before inserting an account or updating an account.

Pre-Work:

Add a checkbox field to the Account object:

1. Field Label: Match Billing Address
2. Field Name: Match_Billing_Address

Note: The resulting API Name should be Match_Billing_Address__c.

1. Create an Apex trigger:
 - a. Name: AccountAddressTrigger
 - b. Object: **Account**
 - c. Events: before insert and before update
 - d. Condition: Match Billing Address is true
 - e. Operation: set the Shipping Postal Code to match the Billing Postal Code

My Work:

Code for AccountAddressTrigger:

```
trigger AccountAddressTrigger on Account (before insert,before update) {
```

```
for(Account account:Trigger.New){  
    if(account.Match_Billing_Address__c==True){  
        account.ShippingPostalCode=account.BillingPostalCode;  
    }  
}  
}
```

2)Bulk Apex Triggers:

Challenge:

Create a Bulk Apex trigger

Create a bulkified Apex trigger that adds a follow-up task to an opportunity if its stage is Closed Won. Fire the Apex trigger after inserting or updating an opportunity.

1. Create an Apex trigger:

- a. Name: ClosedOpportunityTrigger
- b. Object: **Opportunity**
- c. Events: after insert and after update
- d. Condition: Stage is Closed Won
- e. Operation: Create a task:
 - i. Subject: Follow Up Test Task
 - ii. WhatId: the opportunity ID (associates the task with the opportunity)
- f. Bulkify the Apex trigger so that it can insert or update 200 or more opportunities

My Work:

Code for ClosedOpportunityTrigger:

```
trigger ClosedOpportunityTrigger on Opportunity(after insert,after update) {  
    List<Task>tasklist=new List<Task>();  
    for(Opportunity opp:Trigger.New){  
        if(opp.StageName=='Closed Won'){  
            tasklist.add(new Task(Subject='Follow Up Test Task',WhatId=opp.Id));  
        }  
    }  
    if(tasklist.size(>0){  
        insert tasklist;  
    }  
}
```

Apex Testing:

1)Get Started with Apex Unit Tests:

Challenge:

Create a Unit Test for a Simple Apex Class

Create and install a simple Apex class to test if a date is within a proper range, and if not, returns a date that occurs at the end of the month within the range. You'll copy the code for the class from GitHub. Then write unit tests that achieve 100% code coverage.

1. Create an Apex class:
 - a. Name: VerifyDate
 - b. Code: [Copy from GitHub](#)
2. Place the unit tests in a separate test class:
 - a. Name: TestVerifyDate
 - b. Goal: 100% code coverage

3. Run your test class at least once

My Work:

Code for VerifyDate Class:

```
public class VerifyDate {
    public static Date CheckDates(Date date1, Date date2) {
        if(DateWithin30Days(date1,date2)) {
            return date2;
        } else {
            return SetEndOfMonthDate(date1);
        }
    }

    @TestVisible private static Boolean DateWithin30Days(Date date1, Date date2) {
        if( date2 < date1) { return false; }
        Date date30Days = date1.addDays(30); //create a date 30 days away from date1
        if( date2 >= date30Days ) { return false; }
        else { return true; }
    }

    @TestVisible private static Date SetEndOfMonthDate(Date date1) {
        Integer totalDays = Date.daysInMonth(date1.year(), date1.month());
        Date lastDay = Date.newInstance(date1.year(), date1.month(), totalDays);
        return lastDay;
    }
}
```

Code for TestVerifyDate Class:

```
@isTest
private class TestVerifyDate {

    @isTest static void Test_CheckDates_case1(){
        Date D = VerifyDate.CheckDates(date.parse('01/01/2020'), date.parse('01/05/2020'));
        System.assertEquals(date.parse('01/05/2020'), D);
    }

    @isTest static void Test_CheckDates_case2(){
        Date D = VerifyDate.CheckDates(date.parse('01/01/2020'), date.parse('05/05/2020'));
        System.assertEquals(date.parse('01/31/2020'), D);
    }

    @isTest static void Test_DateWithin30Days_case1(){
        Boolean flag = VerifyDate.DateWithin30Days(date.parse('01/01/2020'), date.parse('12/30/2019'));
        System.assertEquals(false, flag);
    }

    @isTest static void Test_DateWithin30Days_case2(){
```

```

    Boolean flag = VerifyDate.DateWithin30Days(date.parse('01/01/2020'), date.parse('02/02/2019'));
    System.assertEquals(false, flag);
}

@isTest static void Test_DateWithin30Days_case3(){
    Boolean flag = VerifyDate.DateWithin30Days(date.parse('01/01/2020'), date.parse('02/02/2019'));
    System.assertEquals(false, flag);
}

@isTest static void Test_SetEndOfMonthDate(){
    Date returndate = VerifyDate.SetEndOfMonthDate(date.parse('01/01/2020'));
}

}

```

2)Test Apex Triggers:

Challenge:

Create a Unit Test for a Simple Apex Trigger

Create and install a simple Apex trigger which blocks inserts and updates to any contact with a last name of 'INVALIDNAME'. You'll copy the code for the class from GitHub. Then write unit tests that achieve 100% code coverage.

1. Create an Apex trigger on the Contact object
 - a. Name: RestrictContactByName
 - b. Code: [Copy from GitHub](#)
2. Place the unit tests in a separate test class
 - a. Name: TestRestrictContactByName
 - b. Goal: 100% test coverage
3. Run your test class at least once

My Work:

Code for RestrictContactByName Trigger:

```
trigger RestrictContactByName on Contact (before insert, before update) {

    //check contacts prior to insert or update for invalid data
    For (Contact c : Trigger.New) {
        if(c.LastName == 'INVALIDNAME') { //invalidname is invalid
            c.AddError('The Last Name "'+c.LastName+'" is not allowed for DML');
        }
    }

}
```

Code for TestRestrictContactByName Class:

```
@isTest
public class TestRestrictContactByName {
    @isTest static void Test_insertupdateContact(){
        Contact cnt=new Contact();
        cnt.LastName='INVALIDNAME';

        Test.startTest();
        Database.SaveResult result=Database.insert(cnt,False);
        Test.stopTest();
        System.assert(!result.isSuccess());
        System.assert(result.getErrors().size()>0);
        System.assertEquals('The Last Name "INVALIDNAME" is not allowed for DML', result.getErrors()[0].getMessage());
    }
}
```

3)Create Test Data for Apex Tests:

Challenge:

Create a Contact Test Factory

Create an Apex class that returns a list of contacts based on two incoming parameters: the number of contacts to generate and the last name. Do not insert the generated contact records into the database.

NOTE: For the purposes of verifying this hands-on challenge, don't specify the @isTest

annotation for either the class or the method, even though it's usually required.

1. Create an Apex class in the public scope
 - a. Name: RandomContactFactory (without the @isTest annotation)
2. Use a Public Static Method to consistently generate contacts with unique first names based on the iterated number in the format Test 1, Test 2 and so on.
 - a. Method Name: generateRandomContacts (without the @isTest annotation)
 - b. Parameter 1: An integer that controls the number of contacts being generated with unique first names
 - c. Parameter 2: A string containing the last name of the contacts
 - d. Return Type: List < Contact >

My Work:

Code for RandomContactFactory Class:

```
public class RandomContactFactory {  
  
    public static List<Contact> generateRandomContacts(Integer numcnt,string lastname){  
        List<Contact> contacts=new List<Contact>();  
        for(Integer i=0;i<numcnt;i++){  
            Contact cnt=new Contact(FirstName="Test " +i,LastName=lastname);  
            contacts.add(cnt);  
        }  
        return contacts;  
    }  
}
```

Asynchronous Apex:

1)Use Future Methods:

Challenge:

Create an Apex class that uses the @future annotation to update Account records.

Create an Apex class with a future method that accepts a List of Account IDs and updates a custom field on the Account object with the number of contacts associated to the Account. Write unit tests that achieve 100% code coverage for the class. Every hands-on challenge in this module asks you to create a test class.

1. Create a field on the Account object:

- a. Label: Number Of Contacts
- b. Name: Number_Of_Contacts
- c. Type: **Number**
- d. This field will hold the total number of Contacts for the Account

2. Create an Apex class:

- a. Name: AccountProcessor
- b. Method name: countContacts
- c. The method must accept a List of Account IDs
- d. The method must use the @future annotation
- e. The method counts the number of Contact records associated to each

Account ID passed to the method and updates the 'Number_Of_Contacts__c' field with this value

3. Create an Apex test class:
 - a. Name: AccountProcessorTest
 - b. The unit tests must cover all lines of code included in the **AccountProcessor** class, resulting in 100% code coverage.
4. Before verifying this challenge, run your test class at least once using the Developer Console Run All feature

My Work:

Code for AccountProcessor Class:

```
public class AccountProcessor {  
    @future  
    public static void countContacts(List<Id> accountIds){  
        List<Account> accountsToUpdate = new List<Account>();  
        List<Account> accounts =[Select Id,Name,(Select Id from Contacts) from Account Where Id in :accountIds];  
        For(Account acc:accounts){  
            List<Contact> contactList = acc.Contacts;  
            acc.Number_Of_Contacts__c = contactList.size();  
            accountsToUpdate.add(acc);  
        }  
        update accountsToUpdate;  
    }  
}
```

Code for AccountProcessorTest Class:

```
@IsTest  
private class AccountProcessorTest {  
    @IsTest  
    private static void testCountContacts(){  
        Account newAccount = new Account(Name='Test Account');  
        insert newAccount;  
    }  
}
```

```

        Contact newContact1 = new Contact(FirstName='John',LastName='Doe',AccountId = newAccount.Id);
        insert newContact1;

        Contact newContact2=new Contact(FirstName='Jane',LastName='Doe',AccountId = newAccount.Id);
        insert newContact2;

        List<Id> accountIds = new List<Id>();
        accountIds.add(newAccount.Id);

        Test.startTest();
        AccountProcessor.countContacts(accountIds);
        Test.stopTest();
    }
}

```

2)Use Batch Apex:

Challenge:

Create an Apex class that uses Batch Apex to update Lead records.

Create an Apex class that implements the Database.Batchable interface to update all Lead records in the org with a specific LeadSource.

1. Create an Apex class:

- a. Name: LeadProcessor
- b. Interface: Database.Batchable
- c. Use a QueryLocator in the start method to collect all Lead records in the org
- d. The execute method must update all Lead records in the org with the LeadSource value of Dreamforce

2. Create an Apex test class:

- a. Name: LeadProcessorTest

- b. In the test class, insert 200 Lead records, execute the LeadProcessor Batch class and test that all Lead records were updated correctly
 - c. The unit tests must cover all lines of code included in the **LeadProcessor** class, resulting in 100% code coverage
3. Before verifying this challenge, run your test class at least once using the Developer Console Run All feature

My Work:

Code for LeadProcessor Class:

```
global class LeadProcessor implements Database.Batchable<sObject> {
    global Integer count=0;
    global Database.QueryLocator start(Database.BatchableContext bc){
        return Database.getQueryLocator('SELECT ID,LeadSource FROM Lead');
    }

    global void execute (Database.BatchableContext bc,List<Lead> L_list){
        List<lead> L_list_new = new List<lead>();

        for(lead L:L_list){
            L.leadsource='Dreamforce';
            L_list_new.add(L);
            count +=1;
        }
        update L_list_new;
    }

    global void finish(Database.BatchableContext bc){
        system.debug('count = ' + count);
    }
}
```

Code for LeadProcessorTest Class:

```
@isTest
public class LeadProcessorTest {
    @isTest
    public static void testit(){
        List<lead> L_list = new List<lead>();

        for(Integer i=0;i<200;i++){
            Lead L = new lead();
```

```

        L.LastName = 'name '+i;
        L.Company = 'Company';
        L.Status = 'Random Status';
        L_list.add(L);
    }
    insert L_list;

    Test.startTest();
    LeadProcessor lp = new LeadProcessor();
    Id batchId = Database.executeBatch(lp);
    Test.stopTest();
}
}

```

3)Control Processes with Queueable Apex:

Challenge:

Create a Queueable Apex class that inserts Contacts for Accounts.

Create a Queueable Apex class that inserts the same Contact for each Account for a specific state.

1. Create an Apex class:

- a. Name: AddPrimaryContact
- b. Interface: Queueable
- c. Create a constructor for the class that accepts as its first argument a Contact sObject and a second argument as a string for the State abbreviation
- d. The execute method must query for a maximum of 200 Accounts with the BillingState specified by the State abbreviation passed into the constructor and insert the Contact sObject record associated to each Account. Look at the sObject clone() method.

2. Create an Apex test class:

- a. Name: AddPrimaryContactTest
 - b. In the test class, insert 50 Account records for BillingState NY and 50 Account records for BillingState CA
 - c. Create an instance of the AddPrimaryContact class, enqueue the job, and assert that a Contact record was inserted for each of the 50 Accounts with the BillingState of CA
 - d. The unit tests must cover all lines of code included in the **AddPrimaryContact** class, resulting in 100% code coverage
3. Before verifying this challenge, run your test class at least once using the Developer Console Run All feature

My Work:

Code for AddPrimaryContact Class:

```
public class AddPrimaryContact implements Queueable{

    private Contact con;
    private String state;

    public AddPrimaryContact(Contact con,String state){
        this.con=con;
        this.state=state;
    }

    public void execute(QueueableContext context){
        List<Account> accounts = [Select Id,Name,(Select FirstName,LastName,Id from contacts)
                                from Account where BillingState = :state Limit 200];
        List<Contact> primaryContacts = new List<Contact>();

        for(Account acc:accounts){
            Contact c = con.clone();
            c.AccountId = acc.Id;
            primaryContacts.add(c);
        }

        if(primaryContacts.size(>0){
            insert primaryContacts;
        }
    }
}
```

Code for AddPrimaryContactTest:

```
@isTest
public class AddPrimaryContactTest {
```

```

static testmethod void testQueueable(){
    List<Account> testAccounts = new List<Account>();
    for(Integer i=0;i<50;i++){
        testAccounts.add(new Account(Name='Account '+i,BillingState='CA'));
    }
    for(Integer j=0;j<50;j++){
        testAccounts.add(new Account(Name='Account '+j,BillingState='NY'));
    }
    insert testAccounts;

    Contact testContact = new Contact(FirstName ='John',LastName ='Doe');
    insert testContact;

    AddPrimaryContact addict = new addPrimaryContact(testContact, 'CA');

    Test.startTest();
    system.enqueueJob(addict);
    Test.stopTest();

    System.assertEquals(50,[Select count() from Contact where accountId in (Select Id from Account where
BillingState='CA')]);
}
}

```

4)Schedule Jobs Using the Apex Scheduler:

Challenge:

Create an Apex class that uses Scheduled Apex to update Lead records.

Create an Apex class that implements the Schedulable interface to update Lead records with a specific LeadSource. (This is very similar to what you did for Batch Apex.)

1. Create an Apex class:

- a. Name: DailyLeadProcessor
- b. Interface: Schedulable
- c. The execute method must find the first 200 Lead records with a blank LeadSource field and update them with the LeadSource value of

Dreamforce

2. Create an Apex test class:
 - a. Name: DailyLeadProcessorTest
 - b. In the test class, insert 200 Lead records, schedule the DailyLeadProcessor class to run and test that all Lead records were updated correctly
 - c. The unit tests must cover all lines of code included in the **DailyLeadProcessor** class, resulting in 100% code coverage.
3. Before verifying this challenge, run your test class at least once using the Developer Console Run All feature

My Work:

Code for DailyLeadProcessor Class:

```
public class DailyLeadProcessor implements Schedulable {  
    public void execute(SchedulableContext ctx) {  
        List<lead> leadstoupdate = new List<lead>();  
        List<Lead> leads = [SELECT Id  
            FROM Lead  
            WHERE LeadSource = NULL Limit 200  
        ];  
        for(Lead l:leads){  
            l.LeadSource = 'Dreamforce';  
            leadstoupdate.add(l);  
        }  
        update leadstoupdate;  
    }  
}
```

Code for DailyLeadProcessorTest Class:

```
@isTest  
  
private class DailyLeadProcessorTest {  
    // Dummy CRON expression: midnight on March 15.  
    // Because this is a test, job executes  
    // immediately after Test.stopTest().  
    public static String CRON_EXP = '0 0 0 15 3 ? 2022';  
    static testmethod void testScheduledJob() {  
        // Create some out of date Opportunity records  
        List<Lead> leads = new List<lead>();
```

```

for (Integer i=0; i<200; i++) {
    Lead l = new Lead(
        FirstName = 'First' + i,
        LastName = 'LastName',
        Company = 'The Inc'
    );
    leads.add(l);
}
insert leads;

Test.startTest();
// Schedule the test job
String jobId = System.schedule('ScheduledApexTest',
    CRON_EXP,
    new DailyLeadProcessor());
Test.stopTest();
// Now that the scheduled job has executed,
// check that we have 200 Leads withdreamforce
List<Lead> checkleads = new List<Lead>();
checkleads = [SELECT Id
    FROM Lead
    WHERE LeadSource='Dreamforce' and Company = 'The Inc'];
System.assertEquals(200,
    checkleads.size(),
    'Leads were not created');
}
}

```

Apex Integration Services:

1)Apex REST Callouts:

Challenge:

Create an Apex class that calls a REST endpoint and write a test class.

Create an Apex class that calls a REST endpoint to return the name of an animal, write unit tests that achieve 100% code coverage for the class using a mock response, and run your Apex tests.

Prework: Be sure the Remote Sites from the first unit are set up.

1. Create an Apex class:
 - a. Name: `AnimalLocator`
 - b. Method name: `getAnimalNameById`
 - c. The method must accept an Integer and return a String.
 - d. The method must call `https://th-apex-http-callout.herokuapp.com/animals/<id>`, replacing `<id>` with the ID passed into the method
 - e. The method returns the value of the **name** property (i.e., the animal name)
2. Create a test class:
 - a. Name: `AnimalLocatorTest`
 - b. The test class uses a mock class called `AnimalLocatorMock` to mock the callout response
3. Create unit tests:
 - a. Unit tests must cover all lines of code included in the **AnimalLocator** class, resulting in 100% code coverage
4. Run your test class at least once (via **Run All** tests the Developer Console) before attempting to verify this challenge

My Work:

Code for `AnimalLocator` Class:

```
public class AnimalLocator{  
    public static String getAnimalNameById(Integer x){  
        Http http = new Http();  
        HttpRequest req = new HttpRequest();  
        req.setEndpoint('https://th-apex-http-callout.herokuapp.com/animals/' + x);  
        req.setMethod('GET');
```

```

        Map<String, Object> animal= new Map<String, Object>();
        HttpResponse res = http.send(req);
        if (res.getStatusCode() == 200) {
            Map<String, Object> results = (Map<String, Object>)JSON.deserializeUntyped(res.getBody());
            animal = (Map<String, Object>) results.get('animal');
        }
        return (String)animal.get('name');
    }
}

```

Code for AnimalLocatorMock Class:

```

@Test
global class AnimalLocatorMock implements HttpCalloutMock{
    global HTTPResponse respond(HTTPRequest request) {
        HttpResponse response = new HttpResponse();
        response.setHeader('Content-Type', 'application/json');
        response.setBody('{"animals": ["majestic badger", "fluffy bunny", "scary bear", "chicken", "mighty moose"]}');
        response.getStatusCode(200);
        return response;
    }
}

```

Code for AnimalLocatorTest Class:

```

@Test
private class AnimalLocatorTest{
    @Test static void AnimalLocatorMock1() {
        Test.setMock(HttpCalloutMock.class, new AnimalLocatorMock());
        string result = AnimalLocator.getAnimalNameById(3);
        String expectedResult = 'chicken';
        System.assertEquals(result,expectedResult );
    }
}

```

2)Apex SOAP Callouts:

Challenge:

Generate an Apex class using WSDL2Apex and write a test class.

Generate an Apex class using WSDL2Apex for a SOAP web service, write unit tests that achieve 100% code coverage for the class using a mock response, and run your Apex tests.

Pework: Be sure the Remote Sites from the first unit are set up.

1. Generate a class using this using [this WSDL file](#):
 - a. Name: ParkService (Tip: After you click the **Parse WSDL** button, change the Apex class name from **parksServices** to ParkService)
 - b. Class must be in public scope
2. Create a class:
 - a. Name: ParkLocator
 - b. Class must have a **country** method that uses the **ParkService** class
 - c. Method must return an array of available park names for a particular country passed to the web service (such as Germany, India, Japan, and United States)
3. Create a test class:
 - a. Name: ParkLocatorTest
 - b. Test class uses a mock class called ParkServiceMock to mock the callout response
4. Create unit tests:
 - a. Unit tests must cover all lines of code included in the **ParkLocator** class, resulting in 100% code coverage.
5. Run your test class at least once (via **Run All** tests the Developer Console) before attempting to verify this challenge.

My Work:

Code for ParkService Class:

//Generated by wsdl2apex

```
public class ParkService {
    public class byCountryResponse {
        public String[] return_x;
        private String[] return_x_type_info = new String[]{'return','http://parks.services/',null,'0','-1','false'};
        private String[] apex_schema_type_info = new String[]{'http://parks.services/','false','false'};
        private String[] field_order_type_info = new String[]{'return_x'};
    }
    public class byCountry {
        public String arg0;
        private String[] arg0_type_info = new String[]{'arg0','http://parks.services/',null,'0','1','false'};
        private String[] apex_schema_type_info = new String[]{'http://parks.services/','false','false'};
        private String[] field_order_type_info = new String[]{'arg0'};
    }
    public class ParksImplPort {
        public String endpoint_x = 'https://th-apex-soap-service.herokuapp.com/service/parks';
        public Map<String,String> inputHttpHeaders_x;
        public Map<String,String> outputHttpHeaders_x;
        public String clientCertName_x;
        public String clientCert_x;
        public String clientCertPasswd_x;
        public Integer timeout_x;
        private String[] ns_map_type_info = new String[]{'http://parks.services/', 'ParkService'};
        public String[] byCountry(String arg0) {
            ParkService.byCountry request_x = new ParkService.byCountry();
            request_x.arg0 = arg0;
            ParkService.byCountryResponse response_x;
            Map<String, ParkService.byCountryResponse> response_map_x = new Map<String, ParkService.byCountryResponse>();
            response_map_x.put('response_x', response_x);
            WebServiceCallout.invoke(
                this,
                request_x,
                response_map_x,
                new String[]{endpoint_x,
                    "",
                    'http://parks.services/',
                    'byCountry',
                    'http://parks.services/',
                    'byCountryResponse',
                    'ParkService.byCountryResponse'}
            );
            response_x = response_map_x.get('response_x');
            return response_x.return_x;
        }
    }
}
}
```

Code for ParkLocator Class:

```
public class ParkLocator {
    public static string[] country(string theCountry) {
        ParkService.ParksImplPort parkSvc = new ParkService.ParksImplPort(); // remove space
        return parkSvc.byCountry(theCountry);
    }
}
```

```

    }
}Code for ParkLocatorTest Class:
@isTest
private class ParkLocatorTest {
    @isTest static void testCallout() {
        Test.setMock(WebServiceMock.class, new ParkServiceMock ());
        String country = 'United States';
        List<String> result = ParkLocator.country(country);
        List<String> parks = new List<String>{'Yellowstone', 'Mackinac National Park', 'Yosemite'};
        System.assertEquals(parks, result);
    }
}

```

2)Apex Web Services:

Challenge:

Create an Apex REST service that returns an account and its contacts.

Create an Apex REST class that is accessible at /Accounts/<Account_ID>/contacts. The service will return the account's ID and name plus the ID and name of all contacts associated with the account. Write unit tests that achieve 100% code coverage for the class and run your Apex tests.

Prework: Be sure the Remote Sites from the first unit are set up.

1. Create an Apex class

- a. Name: AccountManager
- b. Class must have a method called getAccount
- c. Method must be annotated with **@HttpGet** and return an **Account** object
- d. Method must return the **ID** and **Name** for the requested record and all associated contacts with their **ID** and **Name**

2. Create unit tests

- a. Unit tests must be in a separate Apex class called `AccountManagerTest`
 - b. Unit tests must cover all lines of code included in the **AccountManager** class, resulting in 100% code coverage
3. Run your test class at least once (via **Run All** tests the Developer Console) before attempting to verify this challenge

My Work:

Code for AccountManager:

```
@RestResource(urlMapping = '/Accounts/*/contacts')
global with sharing class AccountManager {
```

```
    @HttpGet
    global static Account getAccount(){
        RestRequest request = RestContext.request;
        String accountId = request.requestURI.substringBetween('Accounts/', '/contacts');
        Account result = [SELECT Id, Name, (Select Id, Name from Contacts) from Account Where Id=:accountId Limit 1];
        return result;
    }
}
```

Code for AccountManagerTest:

```
@RestResource(urlMapping = '/Accounts/*/contacts')
global with sharing class AccountManager {
    @HttpGet
    global static Account getAccount(){
        RestRequest request = RestContext.request;
        String accountId = request.requestURI.substringBetween('Accounts/', '/contacts');
        Account result = [SELECT Id, Name, (Select Id, Name from Contacts) from Account Where Id=:accountId Limit 1];
        return result;
    }
}
}
```

Apex Specialist:

1)Automate Record Creation:

Code for MaintenanceRequest Trigger:

```
trigger MaintenanceRequest on Case (before update, after update) {
    if(Trigger.isUpdate && Trigger.isAfter){
        MaintenanceRequestHelper.updateWorkOrders(Trigger.New, Trigger.OldMap);
    }
}
```

Code for MaintenanceRequestHelper Class:

```
public with sharing class MaintenanceRequestHelper {
```

```

public static void updateWorkOrders(List<Case> updWorkOrders, Map<Id,Case> nonUpdCaseMap) {
    Set<Id> validIds = new Set<Id>();
    For (Case c : updWorkOrders){
        if (nonUpdCaseMap.get(c.Id).Status != 'Closed' && c.Status == 'Closed'){
            if (c.Type == 'Repair' || c.Type == 'Routine Maintenance'){
                validIds.add(c.Id);
            }
        }
    }

    //When an existing maintenance request of type Repair or Routine Maintenance is closed,
    //create a new maintenance request for a future routine checkup.
    if (!validIds.isEmpty()){
        Map<Id,Case> closedCases = new Map<Id,Case>([SELECT Id, Vehicle__c, Equipment__c,
Equipment__r.Maintenance_Cycle__c,
                (SELECT Id,Equipment__c,Quantity__c FROM Equipment_Maintenance_Items__r)
                FROM Case WHERE Id IN :validIds]);
        Map<Id,Decimal> maintenanceCycles = new Map<ID,Decimal>();

        //calculate the maintenance request due dates by using the maintenance cycle defined on the related equipment records.
        AggregateResult[] results = [SELECT Maintenance_Request__c,
                MIN(Equipment__r.Maintenance_Cycle__c)cycle
                FROM Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c
                WHERE Maintenance_Request__c IN :ValidIds GROUP BY Maintenance_Request__c];

        for (AggregateResult ar : results){
            maintenanceCycles.put((Id) ar.get('Maintenance_Request__c'), (Decimal) ar.get('cycle'));
        }

        List<Case> newCases = new List<Case>();
        for(Case cc : closedCases.values()){
            Case nc = new Case (
                ParentId = cc.Id,
                Status = 'New',
                Subject = 'Routine Maintenance',
                Type = 'Routine Maintenance',
                Vehicle__c = cc.Vehicle__c,
                Equipment__c =cc.Equipment__c,
                Origin = 'Web',
                Date_Reported__c = Date.Today()
            );

            //If multiple pieces of equipment are used in the maintenance request,
            //define the due date by applying the shortest maintenance cycle to today's date.
            If (maintenanceCycles.containsKey(cc.Id)){
                nc.Date_Due__c = Date.today().addDays((Integer) maintenanceCycles.get(cc.Id));
            } else {
                // nc.Date_Due__c = Date.today().addDays((Integer) cc.Equipment__r.maintenance_Cycle__c);//
            }

            newCases.add(nc);
        }
    }
}

```

```

insert newCases;

List<Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c> clonedList = new List<Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c>();
for (Case nc : newCases){
    for (Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c clonedListItem : closedCases.get(nc.ParentId).Equipment_Maintenance_Items__r){
        Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c item = clonedListItem.clone();
        item.Maintenance_Request__c = nc.Id;
        clonedList.add(item);
    }
}
insert clonedList;
}
}
}

```

2)Synchronize Salesforce data with an external system:

Code for WarehouseCalloutService Class:

```

public with sharing class WarehouseCalloutService implements Queueable {
    private static final String WAREHOUSE_URL = 'https://th-superbadge-apex.herokuapp.com/equipment';

    //Write a class that makes a REST callout to an external warehouse system to get a list of equipment that needs to be
    updated.
    //The callout's JSON response returns the equipment records that you upsert in Salesforce.

    @future(callout=true)
    public static void runWarehouseEquipmentSync(){
        System.debug('go into runWarehouseEquipmentSync');
        Http http = new Http();
        HttpRequest request = new HttpRequest();

        request.setEndpoint(WAREHOUSE_URL);
        request.setMethod('GET');
        HttpResponse response = http.send(request);

        List<Product2> product2List = new List<Product2>();
        System.debug(response.getStatusCode());
        if (response.getStatusCode() == 200){
            List<Object> jsonResponse = (List<Object>)JSON.deserializeUntyped(response.getBody());
            System.debug(response.getBody());

            //class maps the following fields:
            //warehouse SKU will be external ID for identifying which equipment records to update within Salesforce
            for (Object jR : jsonResponse){
                Map<String,Object> mapJson = (Map<String,Object>)jR;
                Product2 product2 = new Product2();
                //replacement part (always true),
                product2.Replacement_Part__c = (Boolean) mapJson.get('replacement');
                //cost
                product2.Cost__c = (Integer) mapJson.get('cost');
                //current inventory
                product2.Current_Inventory__c = (Double) mapJson.get('quantity');
                //lifespan
            }
        }
    }
}

```



```

        product2.Lifespan_Months__c = (Integer) mapJson.get('lifespan');
        //maintenance cycle
        product2.Maintenance_Cycle__c = (Integer) mapJson.get('maintenanceperiod');
        //warehouse SKU
        product2.Warehouse_SKU__c = (String) mapJson.get('sku');

        product2.Name = (String) mapJson.get('name');
        product2.ProductCode = (String) mapJson.get('_id');
        product2List.add(product2);
    }

    if (product2List.size() > 0){
        upsert product2List;
        System.debug('Your equipment was synced with the warehouse one');
    }
}

}

public static void execute (QueueableContext context){
    System.debug('start runWarehouseEquipmentSync');
    runWarehouseEquipmentSync();
    System.debug('end runWarehouseEquipmentSync');
}

}

```

3)Schedule synchronization:

Code for WarehouseSyncSchedule Class:

```

global with sharing class WarehouseSyncSchedule implements Schedulable{
    global void execute(SchedulableContext ctx){
        System.enqueueJob(new WarehouseCalloutService());
    }
}

```

4)Test automation logic:

Code for MaintenanceRequest Trigger:

```

trigger MaintenanceRequest on Case (before update, after update) {
    if(trigger.isUpdate && Trigger.isAfter){
        MaintenanceRequestHelper.updateWorkOrders(Trigger.New, Trigger.OldMap);
    }
}

```

Code for MaintenanceRequestHelper Class:

```

public with sharing class MaintenanceRequestHelper {
    public static void updateWorkOrders(List<Case> updWorkOrders, Map<Id,Case> nonUpdCaseMap) {
        Set<Id> validIds = new Set<Id>();
        For (Case c : updWorkOrders){
            if (nonUpdCaseMap.get(c.Id).Status != 'Closed' && c.Status == 'Closed'){
                if (c.Type == 'Repair' || c.Type == 'Routine Maintenance'){
                    validIds.add(c.Id);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
}
}

//When an existing maintenance request of type Repair or Routine Maintenance is closed,
//create a new maintenance request for a future routine checkup.
if (!validIds.isEmpty()){
    Map<Id,Case> closedCases = new Map<Id,Case>{(SELECT Id, Vehicle__c, Equipment__c,
Equipment__r.Maintenance_Cycle__c,
                (SELECT Id,Equipment__c,Quantity__c FROM Equipment_Maintenance_Items__r)
                FROM Case WHERE Id IN :validIds)};
    Map<Id,Decimal> maintenanceCycles = new Map<ID,Decimal>();

    //calculate the maintenance request due dates by using the maintenance cycle defined on the related equipment records.
    AggregateResult[] results = [SELECT Maintenance_Request__c,
                MIN(Equipment__r.Maintenance_Cycle__c)cycle
                FROM Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c
                WHERE Maintenance_Request__c IN :ValidIds GROUP BY Maintenance_Request__c];

    for (AggregateResult ar : results){
        maintenanceCycles.put((Id) ar.get('Maintenance_Request__c'), (Decimal) ar.get('cycle'));
    }

    List<Case> newCases = new List<Case>();
    for(Case cc : closedCases.values()){
        Case nc = new Case (
            ParentId = cc.Id,
            Status = 'New',
            Subject = 'Routine Maintenance',
            Type = 'Routine Maintenance',
            Vehicle__c = cc.Vehicle__c,
            Equipment__c =cc.Equipment__c,
            Origin = 'Web',
            Date_Reported__c = Date.Today()
        );

        //If multiple pieces of equipment are used in the maintenance request,
        //define the due date by applying the shortest maintenance cycle to today's date.
        If (maintenanceCycles.containsKey(cc.Id)){
            nc.Date_Due__c = Date.today().addDays((Integer) maintenanceCycles.get(cc.Id));
        } else {
            // nc.Date_Due__c = Date.today().addDays((Integer) cc.Equipment__r.maintenance_Cycle__c);//
        }

        newCases.add(nc);
    }

    insert newCases;

    List<Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c> clonedList = new List<Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c>();
    for (Case nc : newCases){
        for (Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c clonedListItem : closedCases.get(nc.ParentId).Equipment_Maintenance_Items__r){
            Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c item = clonedListItem.clone();

```

```

        item.Maintenance_Request__c = nc.Id;
        clonedList.add(item);
    }
}
insert clonedList;
}
}
}

```

Code for MaintenanceRequestHelperTest Class:

```

@Test
public with sharing class MaintenanceRequestHelperTest {

    // createVehicle
    private static Vehicle__c createVehicle(){
        Vehicle__c vehicle = new Vehicle__C(name = 'Testing Vehicle');
        return vehicle;
    }

    // createEquipment
    private static Product2 createEquipment(){
        product2 equipment = new product2(name = 'Testing equipment',
            lifespan_months__c = 10,
            maintenance_cycle__c = 10,
            replacement_part__c = true);

        return equipment;
    }

    // createMaintenanceRequest
    private static Case createMaintenanceRequest(id vehicleId, id equipmentId){
        case cse = new case(Type='Repair',
            Status='New',
            Origin='Web',
            Subject='Testing subject',
            Equipment__c=equipmentId,
            Vehicle__c=vehicleId);

        return cse;
    }

    // createEquipmentMaintenanceItem
    private static Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c createEquipmentMaintenanceItem(id equipmentId,id requestId){
        Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c equipmentMaintenanceItem = new Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c(
            Equipment__c = equipmentId,
            Maintenance_Request__c = requestId);
        return equipmentMaintenanceItem;
    }

    @Test
    private static void testPositive(){
        Vehicle__c vehicle = createVehicle();
        insert vehicle;
        id vehicleId = vehicle.Id;

        Product2 equipment = createEquipment();
    }
}

```

```

insert equipment;
id equipmentId = equipment.Id;

case createdCase = createMaintenanceRequest(vehicleId,equipmentId);
insert createdCase;

Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c equipmentMaintenanceItem =
createEquipmentMaintenanceItem(equipmentId,createdCase.id);
insert equipmentMaintenanceItem;

test.startTest();
createdCase.status = 'Closed';
update createdCase;
test.stopTest();

Case newCase = [Select id,
                  subject,
                  type,
                  Equipment__c,
                  Date_Reported__c,
                  Vehicle__c,
                  Date_Due__c
                from case
                where status ='New'];

Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c workPart = [select id
                                           from Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c
                                           where Maintenance_Request__c =:newCase.Id];
list<case> allCase = [select id from case];
system.assert(allCase.size() == 2);

system.assert(newCase != null);
system.assert(newCase.Subject != null);
system.assertEquals(newCase.Type, 'Routine Maintenance');
SYSTEM.assertEquals(newCase.Equipment__c, equipmentId);
SYSTEM.assertEquals(newCase.Vehicle__c, vehicleId);
SYSTEM.assertEquals(newCase.Date_Reported__c, system.today());
}

@isTest
private static void testNegative(){
    Vehicle__C vehicle = createVehicle();
    insert vehicle;
    id vehicleId = vehicle.Id;

    product2 equipment = createEquipment();
    insert equipment;
    id equipmentId = equipment.Id;

    case createdCase = createMaintenanceRequest(vehicleId,equipmentId);
    insert createdCase;

    Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c workP = createEquipmentMaintenanceItem(equipmentId, createdCase.Id);
    insert workP;

```

```

test.startTest();
createdCase.Status = 'Working';
update createdCase;
test.stopTest();

list<case> allCase = [select id from case];

Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c equipmentMaintenanceItem = [select id
                    from Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c
                    where Maintenance_Request__c = :createdCase.Id];

system.assert(equipmentMaintenanceItem != null);
system.assert(allCase.size() == 1);
}

@isTest
private static void testBulk(){
    list<Vehicle__C> vehicleList = new list<Vehicle__C>();
    list<Product2> equipmentList = new list<Product2>();
    list<Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c> equipmentMaintenanceItemList = new
list<Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c>();
    list<case> caseList = new list<case>();
    list<id> oldCaseIds = new list<id>();

    for(integer i = 0; i < 300; i++){
        vehicleList.add(createVehicle());
        equipmentList.add(createEquipment());
    }
    insert vehicleList;
    insert equipmentList;

    for(integer i = 0; i < 300; i++){
        caseList.add(createMaintenanceRequest(vehicleList.get(i).id, equipmentList.get(i).id));
    }
    insert caseList;

    for(integer i = 0; i < 300; i++){
        equipmentMaintenanceItemList.add(createEquipmentMaintenanceItem(equipmentList.get(i).id, caseList.get(i).id));
    }
    insert equipmentMaintenanceItemList;

    test.startTest();
    for(case cs : caseList){
        cs.Status = 'Closed';
        oldCaseIds.add(cs.Id);
    }
    update caseList;
    test.stopTest();

    list<case> newCase = [select id
                        from case
                        where status ='New'];

```

```

        list<Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c> workParts = [select id
                                                         from Equipment_Maintenance_Item__c
                                                         where Maintenance_Request__c in: oldCaseIds];

        system.assert(newCase.size() == 300);

        list<case> allCase = [select id from case];
        system.assert(allCase.size() == 600);
    }
}

```

5)Test callout logic:

Code for WarehouseCalloutService Class:

```

public with sharing class WarehouseCalloutService implements Queueable {
    private static final String WAREHOUSE_URL = 'https://th-superbadge-apex.herokuapp.com/equipment';

    //Write a class that makes a REST callout to an external warehouse system to get a list of equipment that needs to be updated.
    //The callout's JSON response returns the equipment records that you upsert in Salesforce.

```

```

    @future(callout=true)
    public static void runWarehouseEquipmentSync(){
        System.debug('go into runWarehouseEquipmentSync');
        Http http = new Http();
        HttpRequest request = new HttpRequest();

        request.setEndpoint(WAREHOUSE_URL);
        request.setMethod('GET');
        HttpResponse response = http.send(request);

        List<Product2> product2List = new List<Product2>();
        System.debug(response.getStatusCode());
        if (response.getStatusCode() == 200){
            List<Object> jsonResponse = (List<Object>)JSON.deserializeUntyped(response.getBody());
            System.debug(response.getBody());

```

```

        //class maps the following fields:
        //warehouse SKU will be external ID for identifying which equipment records to update within Salesforce
        for (Object jR : jsonResponse){
            Map<String,Object> mapJson = (Map<String,Object>)jR;
            Product2 product2 = new Product2();
            //replacement part (always true),
            product2.Replacement_Part__c = (Boolean) mapJson.get('replacement');
            //cost
            product2.Cost__c = (Integer) mapJson.get('cost');
            //current inventory
            product2.Current_Inventory__c = (Double) mapJson.get('quantity');
            //lifespan
            product2.Lifespan_Months__c = (Integer) mapJson.get('lifespan');
            //maintenance cycle
            product2.Maintenance_Cycle__c = (Integer) mapJson.get('maintenanceperiod');

```

```

        //warehouse SKU
        product2.Warehouse_SKU__c = (String) mapJson.get('sku');

        product2.Name = (String) mapJson.get('name');
        product2.ProductCode = (String) mapJson.get('_id');
        product2List.add(product2);
    }

    if (product2List.size() > 0){
        upsert product2List;
        System.debug('Your equipment was synced with the warehouse one');
    }
}

}

public static void execute (QueueableContext context){
    System.debug('start runWarehouseEquipmentSync');
    runWarehouseEquipmentSync();
    System.debug('end runWarehouseEquipmentSync');
}

```

Code for WarehouseCalloutServiceMock Class:

```

@Test
global class WarehouseCalloutServiceMock implements HttpCalloutMock {
    // implement http mock callout
    global static HttpResponse respond(HttpRequest request) {

        HttpResponse response = new HttpResponse();
        response.setHeader('Content-Type', 'application/json');
        response.setBody('[{ "_id": "55d66226726b611100aaf741", "replacement": false, "quantity": 5, "name": "Generator 1000 kW", "maintenanceperiod": 365, "lifespan": 120, "cost": 5000, "sku": "100003" }, { "_id": "55d66226726b611100aaf742", "replacement": true, "quantity": 183, "name": "Cooling Fan", "maintenanceperiod": 0, "lifespan": 0, "cost": 300, "sku": "100004" }, { "_id": "55d66226726b611100aaf743", "replacement": true, "quantity": 143, "name": "Fuse 20A", "maintenanceperiod": 0, "lifespan": 0, "cost": 22, "sku": "100005" } ]');
        response.setStatusCode(200);

        return response;
    }
}

```

Code for WarehouseCalloutServiceTest Class:

```

@Test
private class WarehouseCalloutServiceTest {
    // implement your mock callout test here
    @Test
    static void testWarehouseCallout() {
        test.startTest();
        test.setMock(HttpCalloutMock.class, new WarehouseCalloutServiceMock());
        WarehouseCalloutService.execute(null);
        test.stopTest();

        List<Product2> product2List = new List<Product2>();
        product2List = [SELECT ProductCode FROM Product2];
    }
}

```

```

        System.assertEquals(3, product2List.size());
        System.assertEquals('55d66226726b611100aaf741', product2List.get(0).ProductCode);
        System.assertEquals('55d66226726b611100aaf742', product2List.get(1).ProductCode);
        System.assertEquals('55d66226726b611100aaf743', product2List.get(2).ProductCode);
    }
}

```

6)Test scheduling logic:

Code for WarehouseCalloutServiceMock Class:

```

@isTest
global class WarehouseCalloutServiceMock implements HttpCalloutMock {
    // implement http mock callout
    global static HttpResponse respond(HttpRequest request) {

        HttpResponse response = new HttpResponse();
        response.setHeader('Content-Type', 'application/json');
        response.setBody('{"_id":"55d66226726b611100aaf741","replacement":false,"quantity":5,"name":"Generator 1000
kW","maintenanceperiod":365,"lifespan":120,"cost":5000,"sku":"100003"},{"_id":"55d66226726b611100aaf742","replacement":true,"q
uantity":183,"name":"Cooling
Fan","maintenanceperiod":0,"lifespan":0,"cost":300,"sku":"100004"},{"_id":"55d66226726b611100aaf743","replacement":true,"quantit
y":143,"name":"Fuse 20A","maintenanceperiod":0,"lifespan":0,"cost":22,"sku":"100005"}]');
        response.setStatusCode(200);

        return response;
    }
}

```

Code for WarehouseSyncSchedule Class:

```

global with sharing class WarehouseSyncSchedule implements Schedulable{
    global void execute(SchedulableContext ctx){
        System.enqueueJob(new WarehouseCalloutService());
    }
}

```

Code for WarehouseSyncScheduleTest Class:

```

@isTest
public with sharing class WarehouseSyncScheduleTest {
    // implement scheduled code here
    //
    @isTest static void test() {
        String scheduleTime = '00 00 00 * * ? *';
        Test.startTest();
        Test.setMock(HttpCalloutMock.class, new WarehouseCalloutServiceMock());
        String jobId = System.schedule('Warehouse Time to Schedule to test', scheduleTime, new WarehouseSyncSchedule());
        CronTrigger c = [SELECT State FROM CronTrigger WHERE Id =: jobId];
        System.assertEquals('WAITING', String.valueOf(c.State), 'JobId does not match');

        Test.stopTest();
    }
}

```