Bachelor PO - SmartUniversity using



Sebastian Meiling iNET RG, HAW Hamburg sebastian.meiling@haw-hamburg.de

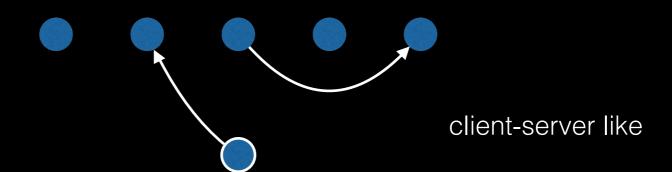
Agenda

- 1. Network communication
- 2. HTTP + REST
- 3. RIOT + COAP

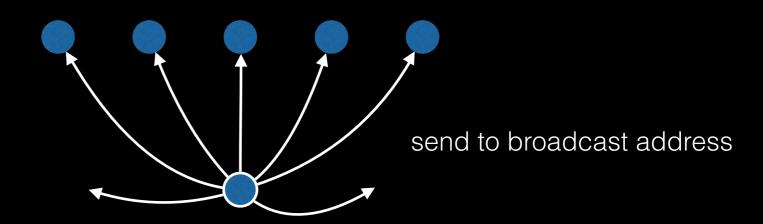


Patterns

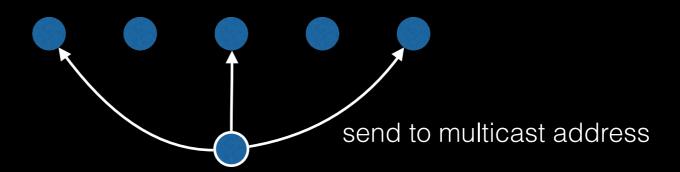
Unicast 1:1



Broadcast 1:*



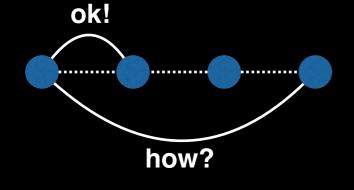
Multicast 1:n

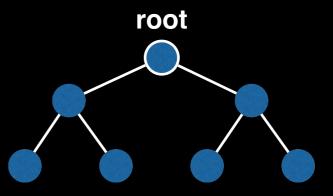




Multihop

- characteristics of sensor networks:
 - low power, lossy, wireless connections
 - multiple hops between sender and receiver
- requires routing protocol for sensor networks
- RIOT supports RPL to enable multihop routing
- RPL enables 1:n and m:1 communication







Signaling

Polling

- (periodic) request data from sensor node
- 1 request + 1 response/data message

Timer

- periodically send sensor data to server/gateway
- 1 data message [+ 1 ACK message]

Event

- send sensor data triggered by event, e.g., threshold
- 1 data message [+ 1 ACK message]



RESTful API

- uses standardized HTTP methods:
 - GET retrieve data item, 1 GET-Request + 1 Response
 - PUT update data item, 1 PUT-Message
 - POST create data item, 1 POST+ 1 Response (new ID)
- resources are encoded and accessed via URLs:

```
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wireless_sensor_network
schema <- host = IP -> <---- PATH ---->
send [GET /wiki/Wireless_sensor_network] to en.wikipedia.org
```

- example usages:
 - GET /temperature or GET /temperature/node01/
 - PUT /temperatures/node01/2015-10-16_08-55-10
 - POST /temperatures/node01/



COAP

- Constrained Application Protocol, RFC 7252
- lightweight HTTP equivalent for the IoT
- wide variety of payload types (like MIME)
- uses UDP transport, unlike HTTP+TCP
- optional ACK-like mechanism and retries
- libraries for C/C++, Java, Python, etc...



RIOT

- COAP support by libcoap or microcoap
- we recommend microcoap:
 - lightweight and simple
 - but, no ACKs or retries
- add to Makefile:

usepkg += microcoap

• see: http://coap.technology





www.riot-os.org