

Trouver un équivalent simple pour chaque fonction suivante en  $+\infty$  :

1.  $\frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x+1}$

$$\frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{1}{x+1} = \frac{2}{x^2-1} \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{\sim} \frac{2}{x^2}, \text{ car } x^2 - 1 \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{\sim} x^2.$$

2.  $x + 1 + \ln(x)$

$$x + 1 + \ln(x) \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{\sim} x, \text{ car } \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x+1+\ln(x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x \times \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{\ln(x)}{x}\right)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 1 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{\ln(x)}{x} = 1.$$

3.  $\sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}}\right)$

$$\sin(u) \underset{u \rightarrow 0}{\sim} u \Rightarrow \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}}\right) \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{\sim} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}} \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{\sim} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

4.  $\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x-1}$

On a :  $\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x-1} = \frac{(\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{x-1})(\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x-1})}{\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x-1}} = \frac{(x+1)-(x-1)}{\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x-1}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{x-1}}$   
 et  $\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x-1} \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{\sim} 2\sqrt{x}$  car :

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{x-1}}{2\sqrt{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x}} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1 \text{ Aussi :}$$

$$\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x-1} \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{\sim} \frac{2}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

5.  $\ln\left(\frac{x^2+x+2}{x^2+x-1}\right)$

$$\frac{x^2+x+2}{x^2+x-1} = \frac{x^2 \times \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{x^2}\right)}{x^2 \times \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}\right)} = \frac{1 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{x^2}}{1 + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}}$$

$$\frac{1+u+2u^2}{1+u-u^2} = 1 + 3u^2 + u^2 \cdot \varepsilon(u)$$

$$\ln(1+v) = v - \frac{v^2}{2} + v^2 \cdot \varepsilon(v) \Rightarrow \ln\left(\frac{1+u+2u^2}{1+u-u^2}\right) = 3u^2 + u^2 \cdot \varepsilon(u)$$

Ainsi :  $\ln\left(\frac{x^2+x+2}{x^2+x-1}\right) = \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^2} \cdot \varepsilon\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$  ou encore  $\ln\left(\frac{x^2+x+2}{x^2+x-1}\right) \underset{x \rightarrow +\infty}{\sim} \frac{3}{x^2}$