Exercise 2A

Problem 1.

- A. Dimensions are 4784 observations x 22 variables.
- B. Dimensions of the reimported bpa data from CSV format is now 4784 observations x 23 variables.

Problem 2.

a. Age

i. Mean: 49.49

ii. Standard deviation: 18.52

iii. Minimum: 20.00

iv. 25th percentile: 33.00

v. Median: 48.00

vi. 75th percentile: 65.00

vii. Maximum: 85.00

b. Urinary bisphenol-A

i. Mean: 3.712

ii. Standard deviation: 5.77

iii. Minimum: 0.280iv. 25th percentile: 1.00

v. Median: 2.100

vi. 75th percentile: 4.100

vii. Maximum: 79.800

CODE:

```
>setwd("\\Users\smecham\Desktop\Hw2") #setting working directory
>
>install(sas7bdat) #installing sas7bdat package
>library(sas7bdat) #calling sas7bdat package
>
>options(max.print=999999) #setting parameters for file input
>read.sas7bdat("bpa.sas7bdat") #reading in SAS file
>
> bpa <- read.sas7bdat("bpa.sas7bdat") #setting file to a variable
> save(bpa, file="bpa.rda") #saving for future use
> write.csv(bpa, file="bpa.csv") #Converting to CSV
```

```
>new_bpa <- read.csv("bpa.csv") #Setting file to a new variable
> save(new bpa, file="new bpa.rda") #saving for future use
>
> age data <- c("age") #Subsetting dataset to isolate age variable
> age summary <- bpa[age data] #Subsetting dataset to isolate age variable
> summary(age summary) #Obtaining five-number summary
Min. :20.00
1st Qu.:33.00
Median: 48.00
Mean :49.49
3rd Qu.:65.00
Max. :85.00
>> sd(bpa$age, na.rm= TRUE) #Obtaining standard deviation
[1] 18.51889
> ubpa data <- c("ubpa") #Subsetting dataset to isolate urinary bpa variable
> ubpa summary <- bpa[ubpa data] #Subsetting dataset to isolate urinary bpa variable
> summary(ubpa_summary) #Obtaining five-number summary
   ubpa
Min. : 0.280
1st Qu.: 1.000
Median: 2.100
Mean : 3.712
3rd Qu.: 4.100
Max. :79.800
>
> sd(bpa$ubpa, na.rm=TRUE) #Obtaining standard deviation
[1] 5.77308
>
```