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In [ ]: from pathlib import Path
import chess.pgn
import networkx as nx
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tqdm import tqdm
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In [2]: DATADIR = Path.cwd().resolve() / "data"
if not DATADIR.exists():
    DATADIR.mkdir()

assert DATADIR.exists()
```

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In [ ]: LICHESS_DB_NAME = "lichess_db_standard_rated_2016-06.pgn"

LICHESS_ARCHIVE = DATADIR / f"{LICHESS_DB_NAME}.zst"
LICHESS_DB = DATADIR / LICHESS_DB_NAME
FINAL_GRAPH = DATADIR / "lichess_top1500_standard_rated_06_2016.gexf"

# нужно скачать отсюда
# https://database.lichess.org/standard/lichess_db_standard_rated_2016-06.pgn.
# ВАЖНО!!!! Expect uncompressed files to be about 7.1 times larger.
assert LICHESS_ARCHIVE.exists()

if not LICHESS_DB.exists():
    ! zstd -d data/lichess_db_standard_rated_2016-06.pgn.zst -f
    print(f"Successfully made {LICHESS_DB.name}")
else:
    print(f"Found existing {LICHESS_DB.name}")
```

Found existing lichess\_db\_standard\_rated\_2016-06.pgn

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In [4]: def create_graph_from_pgn(pgn, max_games):

    G = nx.Graph()

    for i in tqdm(range(max_games), total=max_games):

        game = chess.pgn.read_game(pgn)
        if not game or i == max_games:
            break

        white = game.headers.get("White", "").strip()
        black = game.headers.get("Black", "").strip()

        if white and black and white != black:

            # Создаем ребро, либо увеличиваем его вес
            if G.has_edge(white, black):
                G[white][black]["weight"] += 1
            else:
                G.add_edge(white, black, weight=1)

    # Берем максимальный рейтинг обоих игроков за период
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        G.nodes[white]["rating"] = (
            max(
                [
                    int(G.nodes[white].get("rating", 0) or 0),
                    int(game.headers.get("WhiteElo", 0) or 0),
                ]
            )
        )

        G.nodes[black]["rating"] = (
            max(
                [
                    int(G.nodes[black].get("rating", 0) or 0),
                    int(game.headers.get("BlackElo", 0) or 0),
                ]
            )
        )

    return G

```

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In [5]: with open(LICHESS_DB) as pgn:
        G = create_graph_from_pgn(pgn, 300000)

```

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100%|██████████| 300000/300000 [07:09<00:00, 699.27it/s]

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In [6]: G.number_of_nodes(), G.number_of_edges()

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Out[6]: (47486, 220514)

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In [ ]: top_players = sorted(
        G.nodes(data=True),
        key=lambda pair: pair[1]["rating"],
        reverse=True
   )[:1500] # Берем топ 1500 игроков по рейтингу

G = G.subgraph([player[0] for player in top_players]).copy()
G.remove_nodes_from(list(nx.isolates(G))) # И удаляем тех, у кого нет ребер

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In [8]: G.number_of_nodes(), G.number_of_edges()

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Out[8]: (1253, 4006)

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In [9]: plt.figure(figsize=(32, 32))

        pos = nx.spring_layout(G, k=0.3, iterations=50)

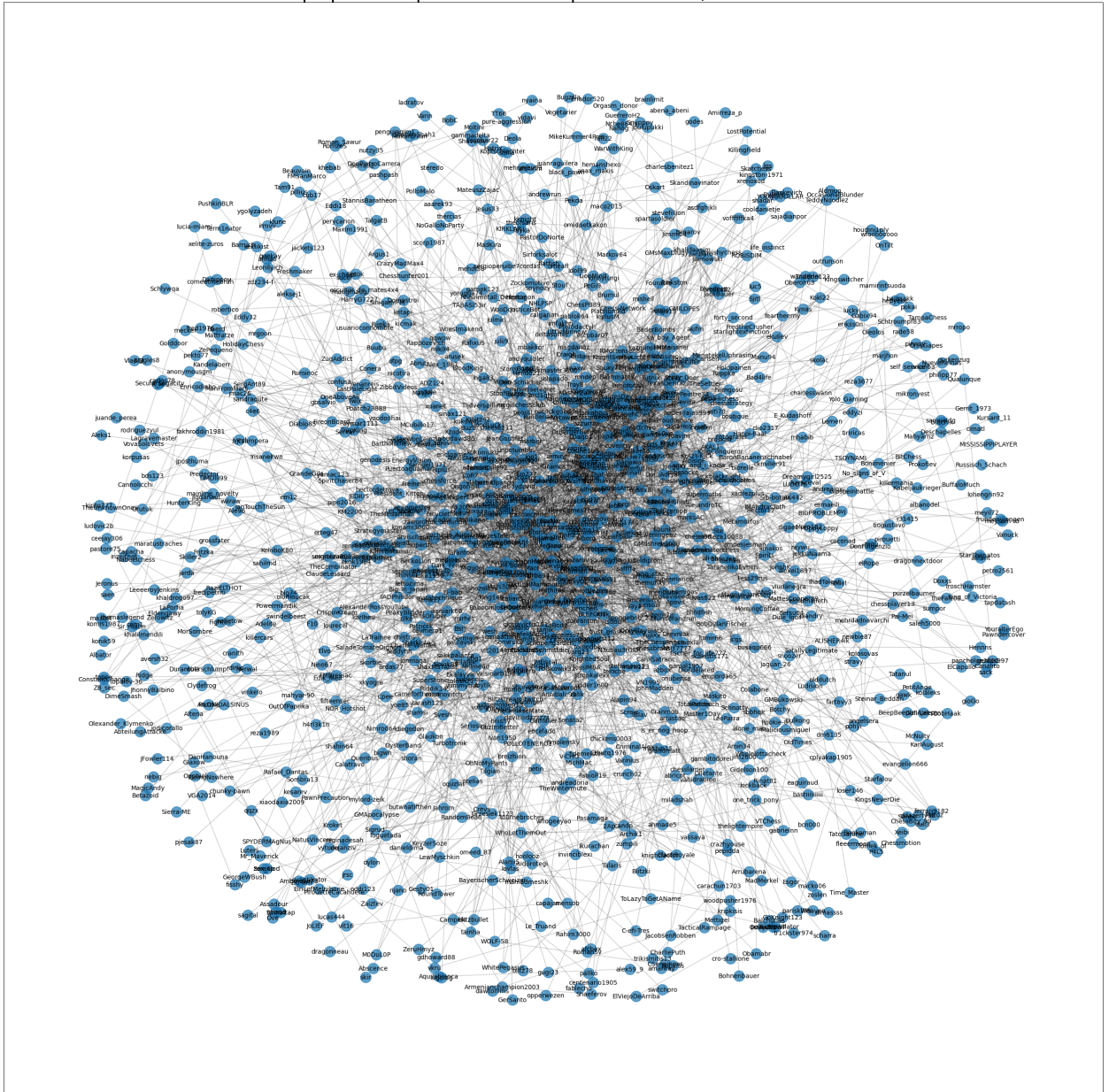
        nx.draw_networkx_nodes (G, pos, alpha=0.7 )
        nx.draw_networkx_edges (G, pos, alpha=0.2 )
        nx.draw_networkx_labels(G, pos, font_size=10)

        plt.title(f"Граф высокорейтинговых игроков Lichess, июнь 2016", fontsize=30)

```

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plt.show()
```

Граф высокорейтинговых игроков Lichess, июнь 2016



```
In [10]: nx.write_gexf(G, FINAL_GRAPH, encoding="utf-8")
```

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In [ ]:
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