NED University of Engineering and Technology Department of Computer and Information Systems Engineering

Lab 4

Sheikh Muhammad Farjad CS-16059 Section A Batch 2016-17

Course Instructor: Sir Umar Iftikhar

Computer Systems Security

Virtual Machine	IP Address
VM1	192.168.56.101
VM2	192.168.56.103

Task (1): ARP cache poisoning

In this task, netwox utility was used in VM1 for poisoning the ARP table of VM2 with the manipulated MAC address against the entry of 192.168.56.100..

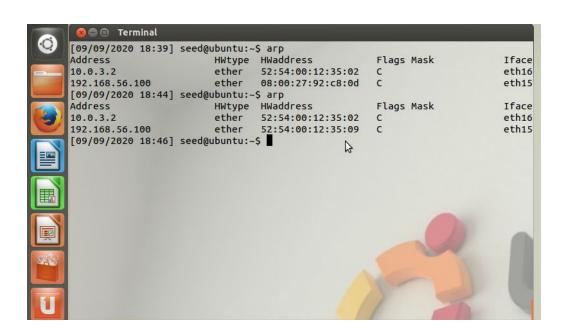
VM1:

```
      Reminal

      [09/09/2020 18:49] seed@ubuntu:~$ sudo netwox 80 -e "52:54:00:12:35:09" -i "192.168.56.100"

      ^C[09/09/2020 18:49] seed@ubuntu:~$ □
```

VM2:

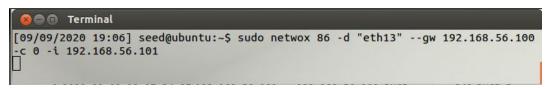


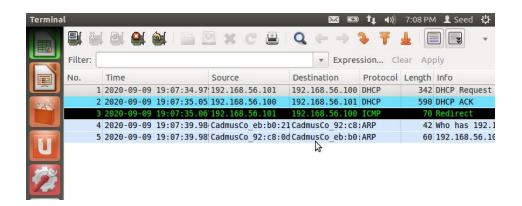
The first arp command was prior to executing netwox command in VM1. After executing the netwox command in VM1, the modified arp table was observed by re-entering the arp command in VM2. A different MAC address (HWaddress) can be observed against the entry of 192.168.56.100.

Task (2): ICMP Redirect Attack

In this task, netwox command was used in VM1 for transmitting the ICMP redirect message to the gateway 192.168.56.100. The evidence of the attack can also be observed in the screenshot of wireshark utility.

VM1:



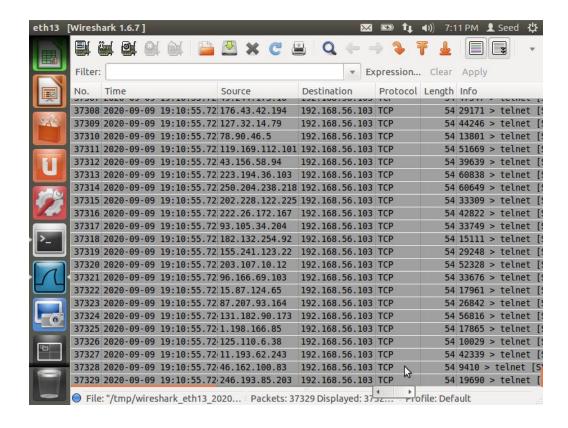


Task (3): SYN Flooding Attack

In this task, netwox command was used in VM1 for transmitting the SYN flood to VM2 (192.168.56.103). While executing this attack, wireshark utility was also run for capturing the packets. Wireshark reported the transmission of bulk of packets towards VM2.

VM1:





Task (4): TCP RST Attacks on telnet and ssh Connections

In this task, netwox command was used in VM1 for executing TCP RST attack that breaks or aborts the TCP connection. This attack was executed in two scenarios: telnet and ssh. The VM2 was used for establishing the telnet and ssh connection to VM1. After establishing the connection, netwox command was executed in VM1, which broke the connection by resetting the connection.

VM1:

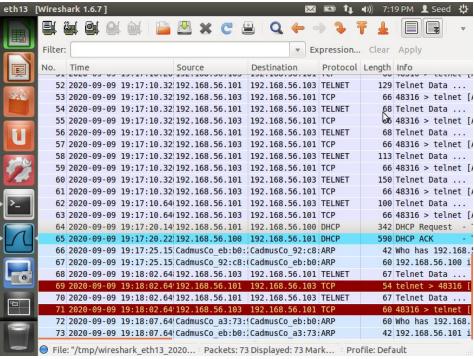
```
      ⊗ ⊕ ① Terminal

      [09/09/2020 19:15] seed@ubuntu:~$ sudo netwox 78 -i 192.168.56.103
```

Telnet:

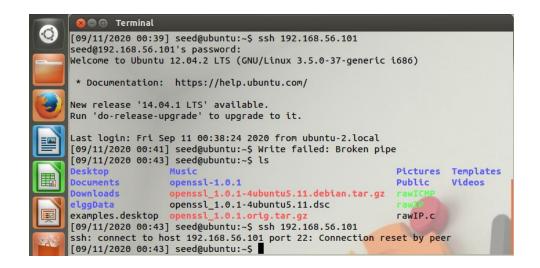
VM2:

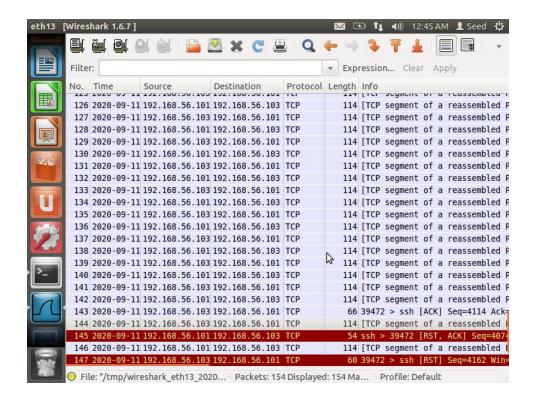




SSH:

VM2:





Task (5): TCP RST Attacks on Video Streaming Applications

In this task, netwox command was run in VM1 for breaking the TCP connection established during a video streaming application. I executed this task in my Kali Linux machine. The screenshot of the wireshark can be observed below:

