struct

Define

```
#include <stdbool.h>
struct student {
    int age;
    const char *name;
    double gpa;
    bool ugrad;
};
int
main(void)
```

Declare

```
int
main(void)
{
    struct student a;
}
```

Initialize (positional, all fields)

```
int
main(void)
{
    struct student a = {23, "Alice", 3.9, false}
}
```

Initialize (positional, first field(s))

```
int
main(void)
{
    struct student a = {23, "Alice"};
}
Remaining fields zero'd
```

Initialize (by field name)

Remaining fields zero'd

Initialize (zero'd, implicit)

```
int
main(void)
{
    struct student a = {0};  /* or {.age = 0}; */
}
    Remaining fields zero'd
```

Initialize (zero'd, explicit)

```
#include <string.h>
int
main(void)
{
    struct student a;

    memset(&a, 0x00, sizeof(a));
}
```

Memory representation

```
struct student {
    int age;
    const char *name;
    double gpa;
    bool ugrad;
};
int
                                             Memory
main(void)
                                                               ugrad
                              age
                                        name
                                                      gpa
    struct student a;
```

Memory representation

```
struct student {
    int age;
    const char *name;
    double gpa;
    bool ugrad;
};
int
                                                   Memory
main(void)
                                                                   ugrad
                              age
                                            name
                                                          gpa
    struct student a;
```

Compiler can add padding for field alignment purposes

Memory representation

```
struct student {
     int age;
     const char *name;
    double gpa;
     bool ugrad;
                                    Do not add padding.
} __attributed__((packed));
                                    (Only really used if struct will be serialized to disk/network)
int
                                                    Memory
main(void)
                                   age
                                              name
                                                                        ugrad
                                                              gpa
     struct student a;
```

Accessing fields

```
#include <stdio.h>
int
main(void)
{
    struct student a;

    a.gpa = 3.9;
    printf("gpa= %.2f\n", a.gpa);
}
```

To the compiler, gpa is just a fixed offset with struct.

structs are Ivalues

```
#include <stdio.h>
int
main(void)
{
    struct student a = {3.9}, b;

    b = a;
    if (a.gpa == b.gpa)
        puts("structs (shallow) copied");
}
```

All fields of the struct are memcpy'd to Ivalue on assignment

Passing structs to functions

```
#include <stdio.h>
void
make_older(struct student s)
    s.age += 1;
int
main(void)
    struct student a = { .age = 20 };
                    Copied by value (like all arguments in C)
    make_older(a);
    printf("%d\n", a.age); /* still prints 20 */
```

Pointers and structs

```
#include <stdio.h>
void
make older(struct student *s)
    s->age += 1;
                      (*s).age and s->age are equivalent,
                      but -> is clearer syntax
int
main(void)
    struct student a = { .age = 20 };
    make_older(&a);
    printf("%d\n", a.age); /* now prints 21 */
```

Using typedef with struct

```
typedef struct student {
                                   struct student {
    int age;
                                       int age;
    const char *name;
                                       const char *name;
                             or
    double gpa;
                                       double gpa;
                                       bool ugrad;
    bool ugrad;
                                   };
} person;
                                   typedef struct student student;
                  int
                  main(void)
                                    The types student and struct student
                                    are the same
                       student s;
                      struct student t;
```