MICROSOFT AZURE

NAME: HARIDHA M

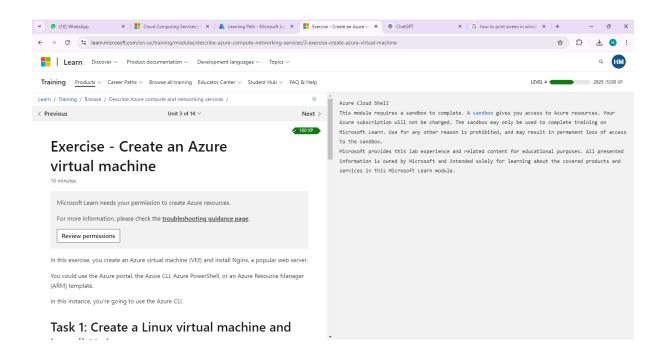
DEPARTMENT: B.TECH ARTIFICAL INTELLIGNECE AND DATA SCIENCE

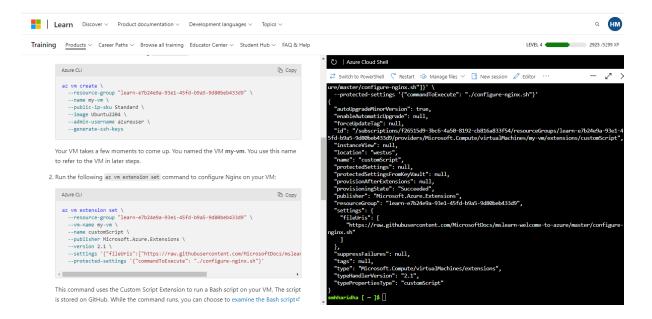
1.REQUESTING A CLOUD SHELL SUCCEEDED

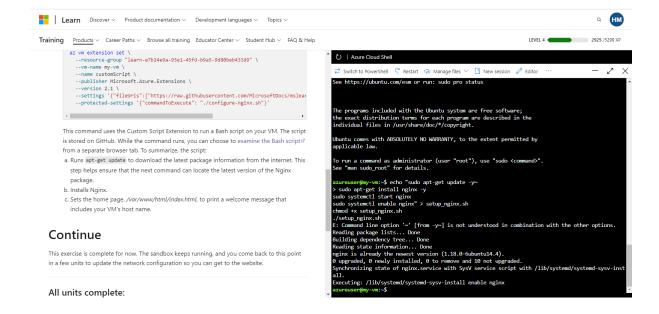
Welcome To Azure Cloud Shell

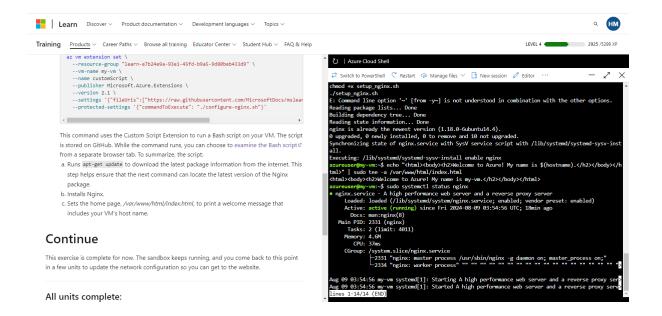
- az vm create --resource-group "learn-1dd151f8-37c6-44cc-a975-8f08e65c30c2" --name my-vm --public-ip-sku Standard --image Ubuntu2204 --admin-username azureuser --generate-ssh-keys
- az vm extension set --resource-group "learn-1dd151f8-37c6-44cc-a975-8f08e65c30c2" --vm-name my-vm --name customScript --publisher Microsoft.Azure.Extensions --version 2.1 --settings '{"fileUris":["https://raw.githubusercontent.com/MicrosoftDocs/mslearn-welcome-to-azure/master/configure-nginx.sh"]}' --protected-settings '{"commandToExecute": "./configure-nginx.sh"}'
- sudo apt-get update
- ssh azureuser@13.64.99.197
- echo "sudo apt-get update -y
- sudo apt-get install nginx -y
- sudo systemetl start nginx
- sudo systemetl enable nginx" > setup_nginx.sh
- chmod +x setup nginx.sh

- ./setup_nginx.sh
- echo "<html><body><h2>Welcome to Azure! My name is \$(hostname).</h2></body></html>" | sudo tee -a /var/www/html/index.html
- sudo systemetl status nginx
- az vm open-port --resource-group "learn-1dd151f8-37c6-44cc-a975-8f08e65c30c2" --name my-vm --port 80
- az vm list-ip-addresses --resource-group "learn-1dd151f8-37c6-44cc-a975-8f08e65c30c2" --name my-vm --output table
- ssh <u>azureuser@13.64.99.197</u>
- sudo apt-get update
- git clone https://github.com/smhharidha/Portfolio.git
- sudo cp -r wepage1/* /var/www/html/
- sudo chown -R www-data:www-data/var/www/html
- sudo chmod -R 755 /var/www/html
- sudo systemetl restart nginx

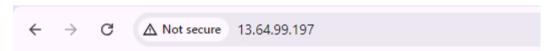








```
🔁 Switch to PowerShell 🦿 Restart 🕠 Manage files 🗸 📑 New session 🖉 Editor \cdots
      "destinationPortRanges": [],
     "direction": "Inbound",
      "etag": "W/\"e50856a8-ce68-47bc-b42b-3afb0fd5508c\"",
      "id": "/subscriptions/f26515d9-3bc6-4a50-8192-cb816a833f54/resourceGroups/learn-e7b24e9a-93
e1-45fd-b9a5-9d80beb433d9/providers/Microsoft.Network/networkSecurityGroups/my-vmNSG/securityRule
s/open-port-80",
      "name": "open-port-80",
      "priority": 900,
      "protocol": "*",
      "provisioningState": "Succeeded",
      "resourceGroup": "learn-e7b24e9a-93e1-45fd-b9a5-9d80beb433d9",
      "sourceAddressPrefix": "*",
      "sourceAddressPrefixes": [],
      "sourcePortRange": "*",
      "sourcePortRanges": [],
      "type": "Microsoft.Network/networkSecurityGroups/securityRules"
 ],
"tags": {},
". "Mi
  "type": "Microsoft.Network/networkSecurityGroups"
 mhharidha [ ~ ]$ ]$ az vm list-ip-addresses --resource-group "learn-e7b24e9a-93e1-45fd-b9a5-9d80
beb433d9"--name my-vm --output table
bash: ]$: command not found
smhharidha [ ~ ]$ az vm list-ip-addresses --resource-group "learn-e7b24e9a-93e1-45fd-b9a5-9d80beb
433d9" --name my-vm --output table
VirtualMachine
                 PublicIPAddresses
                                       PrivateIPAddresses
                  13.64.99.197
                                       10.0.0.4
 mhharidha [ ~ ]$
```

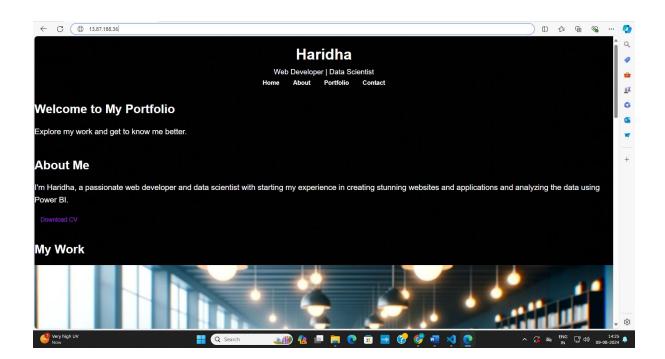


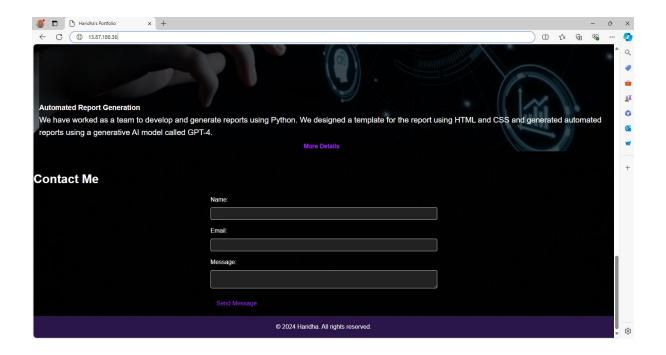
Welcome to Azure! My name is my-vm.

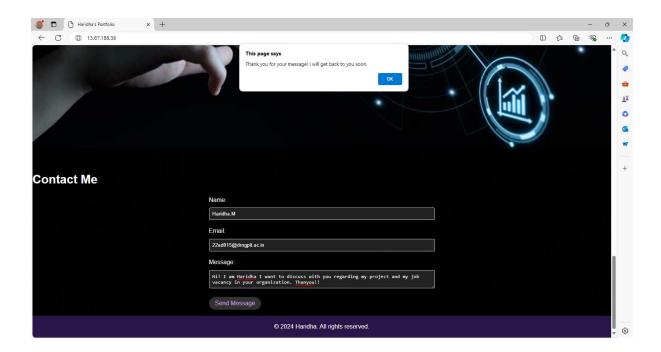
Welcome to Azure! My name is my-vm.

```
azureuser@my-vm:~$ git clone https://github.com/smhharidha/Portfolio.git
Cloning into 'Portfolio'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 5, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (5/5), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (5/5), done.
remote: Total 5 (delta 0), reused 5 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (5/5), done.
azureuser@my-vm:~$ 1s
Portfolio setup_nginx.sh
azureuser@my-vm:~$ sudo cp -r Portfolio/* /var/www/html/
azureuser@my-vm:~$ sudo chown -R www-data:www-data /var/www/html
sudo chmod -R 755 /var/www/html
azureuser@my-vm:~$ sudo systemctl restart nginx
azureuser@my-vm:~$
```

OUTPUT OF THE WEBPAGE:







2.DESCRIBE AZURE STORAGE SERVICES

Work with blob storage:

In this section, you will create a Blob container and upload a picture.

- 1. Under Data storage, select Containers.
- 2. Select + Container and complete the information.
- 3. Select Create.

Note:

Step 4 will need an image. If you want to upload an image you already have on your computer, continue to Step 4. Otherwise, open a new browser window and search Bing for an image of a flower. Save the image to your computer.

- 4. Back in the Azure portal, select the container you created, then select Upload.
- 5. Browse for the image file you want to upload. Select it and then select upload.

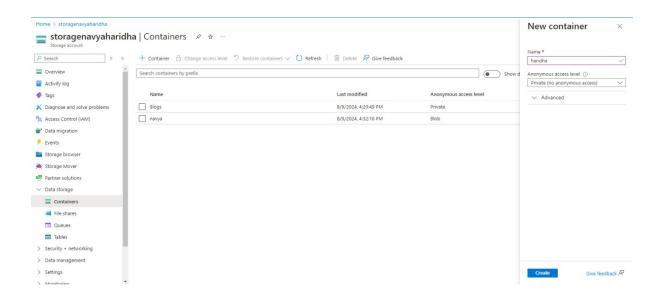
Note:

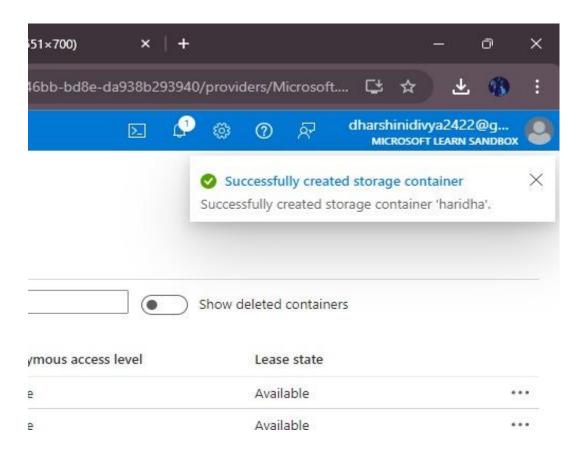
You can upload as many blobs as you like in this way. New blobs will be listed within the container.

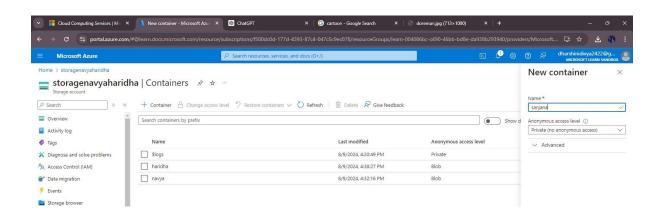
- 6. Select the Blob (file) you just uploaded. You should be on the properties tab.
- 7. Copy the URL from the URL field and paste it into a new tab.

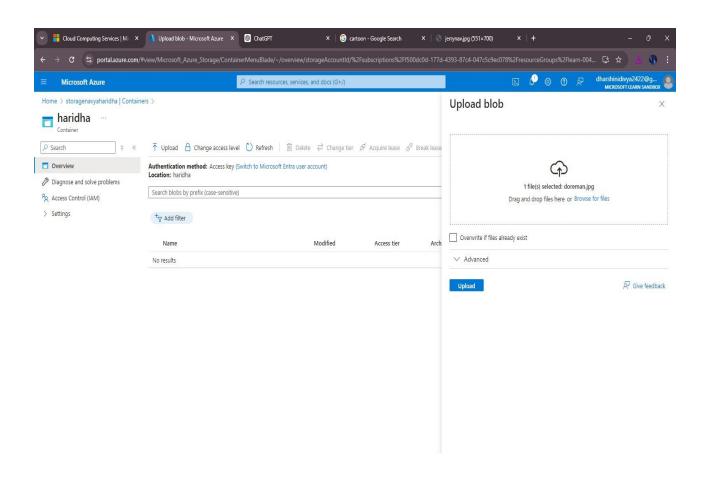
Change the access level of your blob:

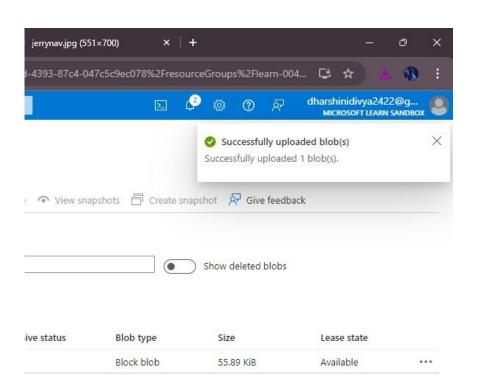
- 1. Go back to the Azure portal.
- 2. Select Change access level.
- 3. Set the Anonymous access level to Blob (anonymous read access for blobs only).
- 4. Select OK.
- 5. Refresh the tab where you attempted to access the file earlier.

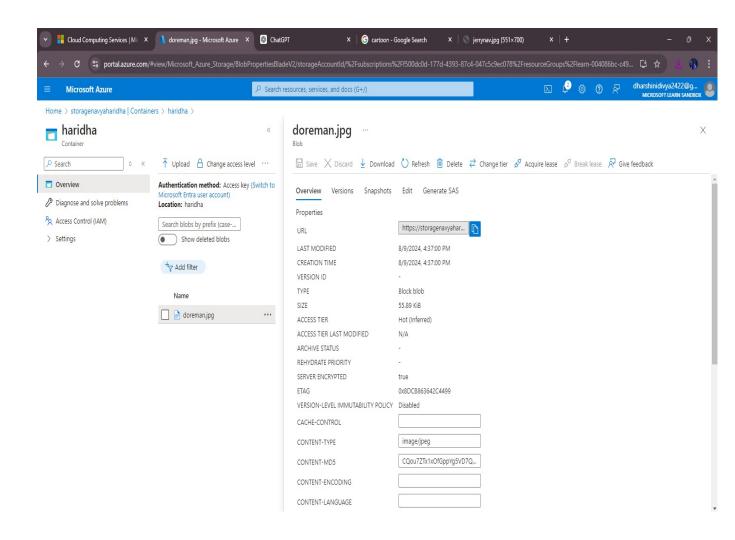












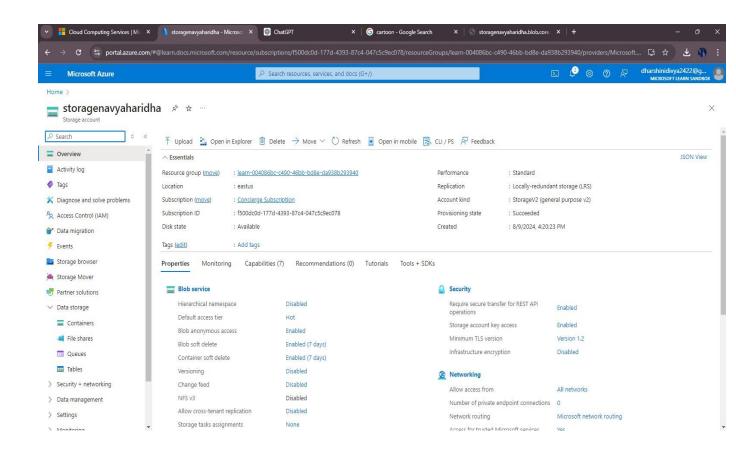


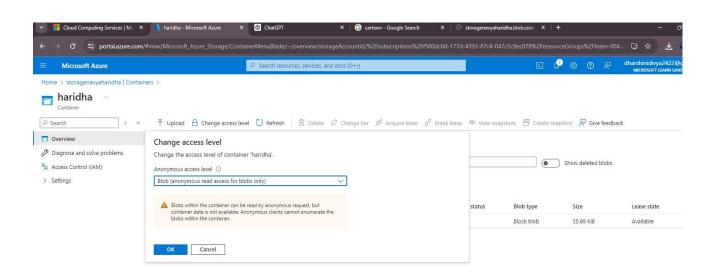
This XML file does not appear to have any style information associated with it. The document tree is shown below.

▼ <Error>

<Code>ResourceNotFound</Code>

 $<\texttt{Message} \\ \textbf{The specified resource does not exist. RequestId:} 67145e80-701e-0027-764c-ea873f000000 \ \\ \textbf{Time:} 2024-08-09T11:07:36.9602348Z \\ </\texttt{Error} \\ \end{aligned}$





OUTPUT:

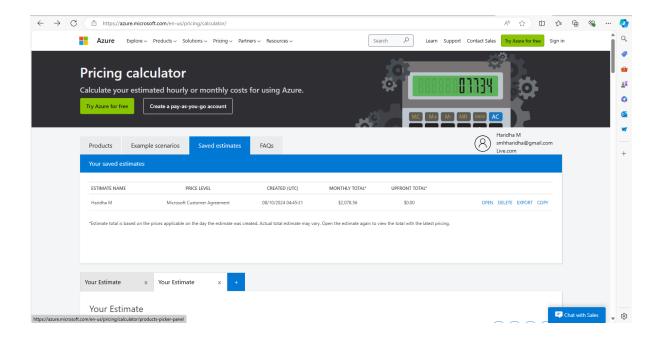


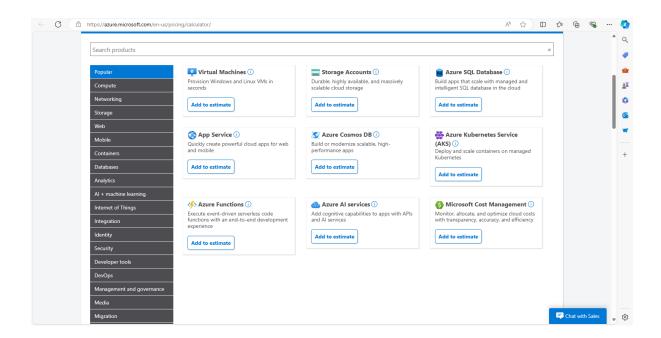
3. ESTIMATE WORKLOAD COSTS BY USING THE PRICING CALCULATOR

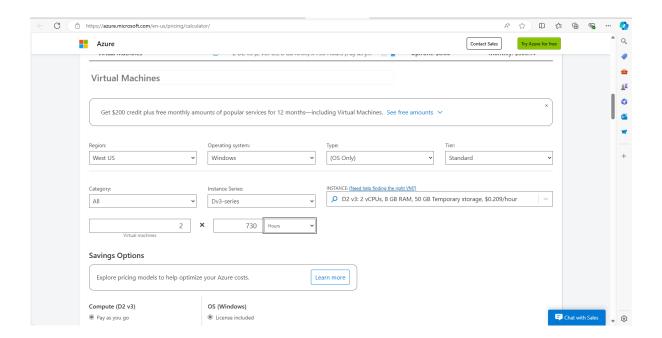
Explore the pricing calculator:

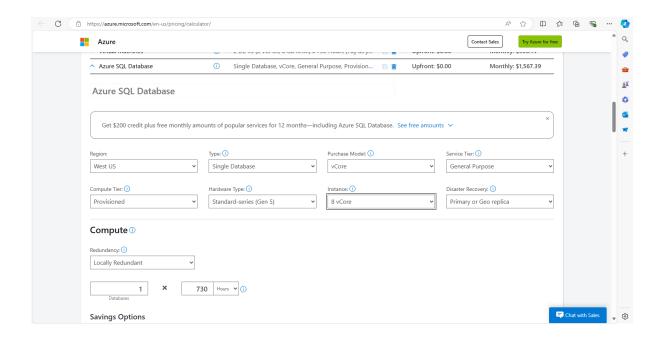
- 1. Go to the <u>pricing calculator</u>.
- 2. Notice the following tabs:
 - Products this is where you choose the azure services that you want to include in your estimate. you'll likely spend most of your time here.
 - Example scenarios here you'll find several *reference architectures*, or common cloud-based solutions that you can use as a starting point.
 - Saved estimates here you'll find your previously saved estimates.
- 3. Estimate your solution
 - Here you add each azure service that you need to the calculator. then you configure each service to fit your needs.
 - Tip
 - Make sure you have a clean calculator with nothing listed in the estimate. you can reset the estimate by selecting the trash can icon next to each item.
 - Add services to the estimate
 - 1. On the products tab, select the service from each of these categories:
- 2. Scroll to the bottom of the page. each service is listed with its default configuration.
 - Configure services to match your requirements:
 - 1. Under virtual machines, set values.
 - 2. Under azure sql database, set values.
 - 3. Under application gateway, set values.

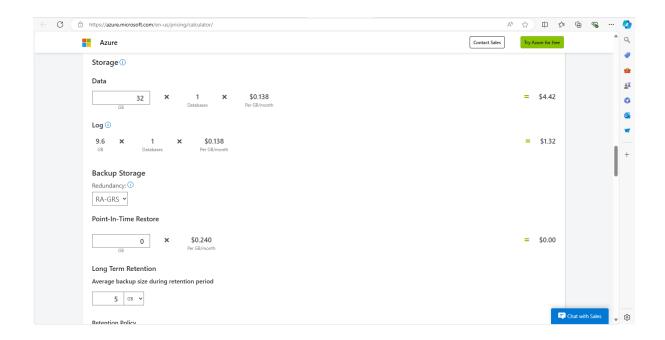
- Review, share, and save your estimate
- At the bottom of the page, you see the total estimated cost of running the solution. you can change the currency type if you want.
- At this point, you have a few options:
- Select export to save your estimate as an excel document.
- Select save or save as to save your estimate to the saved estimates tab for later.
- Select share to generate a url so you can share the estimate with your team.

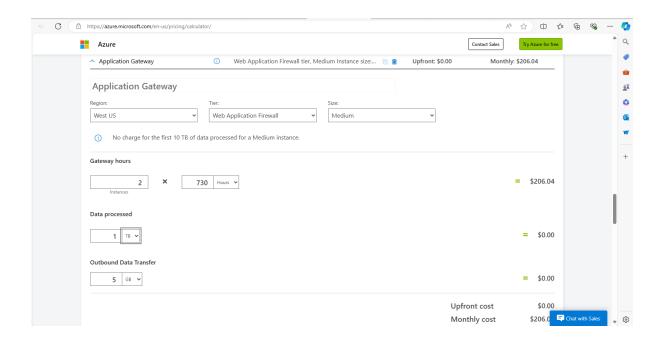


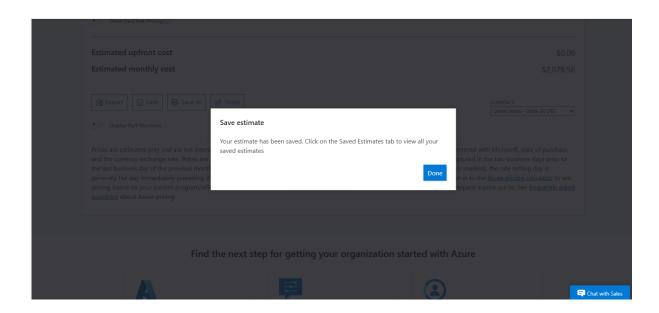




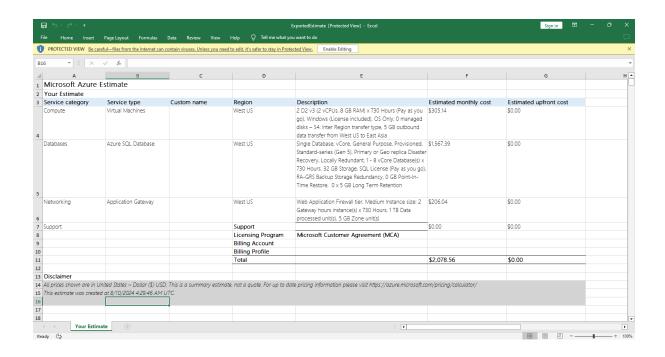








EXCEL VIEW:



4.COMPARE WORKLOAD COSTS USING THE TCO CALCULATOR

• Define your workloads:

Enter the specifications of your on-premises infrastructure into the TCO Calculator.

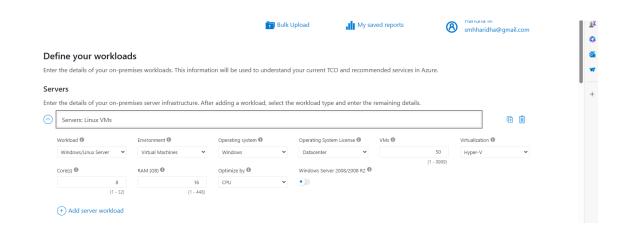
- 1. Go to the TCO Calculator.
- 2. Under **Define your workloads**, select **Add server workload** to create a row for your bank of Windows Server VMs.
- 3. Under **Servers**, set the value for each of these settings.
- 4. Select **Add server workload** to create a second row for your bank of Linux VMs. Then specify these settings.
- 5. Under **Storage**, select **Add storage**. Then specify these settings.
- 6. Under **Networking**, set **Outbound bandwidth** to **15 TB**.
- 7. Select **Next**.
 - In practice, you would adjust any cost assumptions and make any adjustments to match your current on-premises environment.
 - At the top of the page, select your currency. This example uses US Dollar (\$).
 - Select Next.
 - View the report:
 - Take a moment to review the generated report.
 - Remember, you've been tasked to investigate cost savings for your European datacenter over the next three years.

To make these adjustments:

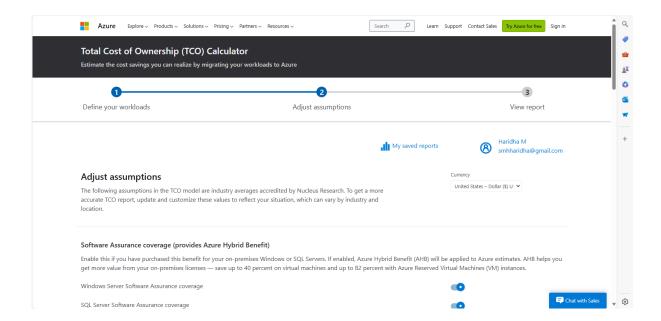
- 1. Set **Timeframe** to **3 Years**.
- 2. Set **Region** to **North Europe**.

Scroll to the summary at the bottom. You see a comparison of running your workloads in the datacenter versus on Azure.

		pricing/tco/calculator/				A 公 中 存 庙	€
Esti	mate the cost savings you ca	n realize by migrating your w	orkloads to Azure				
	0		2			3	
De	fine your workloads		Adjust assumptions			View report	
			i Bulk	Upload My sa	ved reports	Haridha M smhharidha@gmail.com	
De	efine your workload	s					
Ente	er the details of your on-prem	ises workloads. This informati	on will be used to understand	d your current TCO and recomm	ended services in Azure.		
Ser	rvers						
		ises server infrastructure. Afte	r adding a workload, select tl	he workload type and enter the	remaining details.		
Ente	er the details of your on-prem Workload 1	ises server infrastructure. Afte	er adding a workload, select tl	he workload type and enter the	remaining details.	(+)	
		ises server infrastructure. Afte	er adding a workload, select the or adding a workload, select the order of the orde	he workload type and enter the Operating System License	remaining details.	(2 till till till till till till till til	
	Workload 1		-		-		
	Workload 1 Workload Windows/Linux Server ✓	Environment ① Virtual Machines ✓	Operating system ® Windows ✓	Operating System License ①	VMs ①	Virtualization 🖜	
	Workload 1	Environment ①	Operating system	Operating System License Datacenter Windows Server 2008/2008 R2	VMs ① 50	Virtualization 🖜	
	Workload 1 Workload ⊕ Windows/Linux Server ✓ Core(s) ⊕	Environment Virtual Machines V RAM (GB)	Operating system Windows Optimize by	Operating System License Datacenter Windows Server 2008/2008 R2	VMs ① 50	Virtualization 🖜	







OUTPUT:

