# **Top Competitors**

Julia just finished conducting a coding contest, and she needs your help assembling the leaderboard! Write a query to print the respective *hacker\_id* and *name* of hackers who achieved full scores for *more than one* challenge. Order your output in descending order by the total number of challenges in which the hacker earned a full score. If more than one hacker received full scores in same number of challenges, then sort them by ascending *hacker id*.

#### **Input Format**

The following tables contain contest data:

• Hackers: The hacker\_id is the id of the hacker, and name is the name of the hacker.

Column	nn Type	
hacker_id	Integer	
name	String	

• *Difficulty:* The *difficult\_level* is the level of difficulty of the challenge, and *score* is the score of the challenge for the difficulty level.

Column	Туре
difficulty_level	Integer
score	Integer

• *Challenges:* The *challenge\_id* is the id of the challenge, the *hacker\_id* is the id of the hacker who created the challenge, and *difficulty level* is the level of difficulty of the challenge.

Column	Туре
challenge_id	Integer
hacker_id	Integer
difficulty_level	Integer

• Submissions: The submission\_id is the id of the submission, hacker\_id is the id of the hacker who made the submission, challenge\_id is the id of the challenge that the submission belongs to, and score is the score of the submission.

Column	Туре	
submission_id	Integer	
hacker_id	Integer	
challenge_id	Integer	
score	Integer	

## **Sample Input**

Hackers Table:

hacker_id	name
5580	Rose
8439	Angela
27205	Frank
52243	Patrick
52348	Lisa
57645	Kimberly
77726	Bonnie
83082	Michael
86870	Todd
90411	Joe

Difficulty Table:

difficulty_level	score
1	20
2	30
3	40
4	60
5	80
6	100
7	120

Challenges Table:

challenge_id	hacker_id	difficulty_level
4810	77726	4
21089	27205	1
36566	5580	7
66730	52243	6
71055	52243	2

Submissions Table:

submission_id	hacker_id	challenge_id	score
68628	77726	36566	30
65300	77726	21089	10
40326	52243	36566	77
8941	27205	4810	4
83554	77726	66730	30
43353	52243	66730	0
55385	52348	71055	20
39784	27205	71055	23
94613	86870	71055	30
45788	52348	36566	0
93058	86870	36566	30
7344	8439	66730	92
2721	8439	4810	36
523	5580	71055	4
49105	52348	66730	0
55877	57645	66730	80
38355	27205	66730	35
3924	8439	36566	80
97397	90411	66730	100
84162	83082	4810	40
97431	90411	71055	30

## **Sample Output**

90411 Joe

### **Explanation**

Hacker 86870 got a score of 30 for challenge 71055 with a difficulty level of 2, so 86870 earned a full score for this challenge.

Hacker 90411 got a score of 30 for challenge 71055 with a difficulty level of 2, so 90411 earned a full score for this challenge.

Hacker 90411 got a score of 100 for challenge 66730 with a difficulty level of 6, so 90411 earned a full score for this challenge.

Only hacker 90411 managed to earn a full score for more than one challenge, so we print the their  $hacker\_id$  and name as 2 space-separated values.

```
-- use "group by" and then can use "having".
-- in "group by" queries, all selected columns must be in "group by" or must be aggregations.
select
 h.hacker_id
, h.name
from
  submissions s
  inner join
         challenges c
        on
               s.challenge_id = c.challenge_id
 inner join
        difficulty d
        on
               c.difficulty_level = d.difficulty_level
  inner join
        hackers h
        on
               s.hacker_id = h.hacker_id
where
  s.score
                 = d.score
 and c.difficulty_level = d.difficulty_level
group by
 h.hacker_id
, h.name
having
 count(s.hacker_id) > 1
order by
  count(s.hacker_id) desc
```

, s.hacker\_id asc