Homework 3 of Dynamic Programming and Optimal Control

1 5.2

Consider the scalar system

$$x_{k+1} = x_k + u_k + w_k$$
$$z_k = x_k + v_k,$$

3 x_0 , and the disturbances w_k and v_k are all independent. Let the cost be

$$E\bigg\{x_N^2 + \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} (x_k^2 + u_k^2)\bigg\},\,$$

and let the given probability distributions be

$$p(x_0 = 2) = \frac{1}{2},$$
 $p(w_k = 1) = \frac{1}{2},$ $p(v_k = \frac{1}{4}) = \frac{1}{2}$
 $p(x_0 = -2) = \frac{1}{2},$ $p(w_k = -1) = \frac{1}{2},$ $p(v_k = -\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{1}{2}$

(a) Determine the optimal policy. *Hint*: For this problem, $E\{x_k|I_k\}$ can be determined from $E\{x_{k-1}|I_{k-1}\}, u_{k-1}$ and z_k .

Solution:

Since

$$A_k = 1$$
, $B_k = 1$, $C_k = 1$, $Q_k = 1$, $R_k = 1$

we have

$$L_k = -(R_k + B'_k K_{K+1} B_k)^{-1} B'_k K_{k+1} A_k$$

$$= -\frac{1 + K_{k+1}}{K_{k+1}}$$

$$P_k = A'_k K_{k+1} B_k (R_k + B'_k K_{k+1} B_k)^{-1} B'_k K_{k+1} A_k$$

$$= \frac{K_{k+1}^2}{1 + K_{k+1}}$$

$$K_k = K_{k+1} - P_k + 1$$

$$= \frac{1 + 2K_{k+1}}{1 + K_{k+1}}$$

According to optimal control law:

$$\mu_k^*(I_k) = L_k E\{x_k | I_k\}$$

For this problem, $E\{x_k|I_k\}$ can be determined from $E\{x_{k-1}|I_{k-1}\}, u_{k-1}$ and z_k . First,

$$z_k = x_k + v_k = x_{k-1} + u_{k-1} + w_{k-1} + v_k$$

$$\downarrow \downarrow$$

$$z_k - x_{k-1} - u_{k-1} = w_{k-1} + v_k$$

The value of $w_{k-1} + v_k$ can be only one of $\{\frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}, -\frac{3}{4}, -\frac{5}{4}\}$. If $z_k - x_{k-1} - u_{k-1} = \frac{3}{4}$ or $\frac{5}{4}$, then $w_k = 1$ and $x_k = x_{k-1} + u_{k-1} + 1$ can be known. It is the same as $z_k - x_{k-1} - u_{k-1} = -\frac{3}{4}$ or $-\frac{5}{4}$. Thus

$$E\{x_0|I_0\} = \begin{cases} 2, & \text{if } z_0 = 2 \pm \frac{1}{4} \\ -2, & \text{if } z_0 = -2 \pm \frac{1}{4} \end{cases}$$

$$E\{x_k|I_k\} = \begin{cases} E\{x_{k-1}|I_{k-1}\} + u_{k-1} + 1, & \text{if } z_k - E\{x_{k-1}|I_{k-1}\} - u_{k-1} = 1 \pm \frac{1}{4} \\ E\{x_{k-1}|I_{k-1}\} + u_{k-1} - 1, & \text{if } z_k - E\{x_{k-1}|I_{k-1}\} - u_{k-1} = -1 \pm \frac{1}{4} \end{cases}$$

Now, we can obtain L_k and $E\{x_k|I_k\}$ and calculate the optimal policy $u_k^* = L_k E\{x_k|I_k\}$.