

Assignment 2

RNN-Based Text Generation (Total: 50 Points)

Objectives

Implement a simple RNN for text generation to deepen your understanding of how recurrent neural networks can be used to model sequences and generate text based on learned patterns.

1. RNN Model Implementation (10 Points)

- Implement a basic Recurrent Neural Network model from scratch using PyTorch or TensorFlow. Your model should include an embedding layer, at least one RNN layer, and a fully connected layer for output. Refer to the **Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN)** section of the lectures for guidance on the architecture.
- Use the Long Short-Term Memory RNNs (LSTMs) section as a reference to enhance your model with LSTM cells to improve its ability to capture long-term dependencies in text.

2. Dataset Preparation (10 Points)

• Select a small text dataset to train your model. This could be a collection of poems, song lyrics, or any text you choose. Preprocess the data by tokenizing the text into sequences and converting them into a numerical format suitable for training your RNN.

3. Training (10 Points)

• Train your RNN model on the prepared dataset. Aim to optimize the model to predict the next word in a sequence based on the given context. Adjust hyperparameters such as learning rate, number of epochs, and hidden layer dimensions to improve performance.

4. Text Generation (10 Points)

• Once trained, use your model to generate text. Start with a seed sentence or word, then predict the next word using your model. Append the predicted word to your text and use the updated sequence as the new input to generate the next word. Repeat this process to generate a text of at least 100 words.

5. Analysis (10 Points)

• Analyze the generated text. Discuss how well your model captures the style and coherence of the chosen dataset. Reflect on the performance of the basic RNN model versus the LSTM-enhanced version. Consider the effects of different hyperparameters on the quality of the generated text.

McMaster University 1



Seq2Seq Machine Translation with Attention (Total: 50 Points)

Objectives

Implement a sequence-to-sequence model with attention for machine translation between two languages (e.g., English to French). This task will help you understand conditioned generation in the context of sequence translation, leveraging the power of LSTMs and attention mechanisms.

1. Model Architecture (10 Points)

- Build a Seq2Seq model consisting of an encoder and a decoder, both utilizing LSTM layers to effectively capture temporal dependencies in the input and target sequences.
- Incorporate an attention mechanism between the encoder and decoder to enhance the model's ability to focus on relevant parts of the input sequence during translation, as discussed in the **Attention Mechanisms** section of the lectures.

2. Dataset Preparation and Preprocessing (10 Points)

• Select a bilingual corpus as your dataset (e.g., a collection of English-French sentence pairs). Perform necessary preprocessing steps, including tokenization, converting text into sequences of integers, and padding sequences to ensure uniform length.

3. Training (10 Points)

• Train your Seq2Seq model on the preprocessed dataset, aiming to minimize the difference between the decoder's predicted translation and the actual target sentence. Experiment with different hyperparameters, such as the number of LSTM units, learning rate, and batch size, to optimize your model's performance.

4. Translation and Evaluation (10 Points)

• Use your trained model to translate a set of sentences from the source language to the target language. Evaluate translation quality using an appropriate metric, such as the BLEU (Bilingual Evaluation Understudy) score, to quantitatively assess how your translations compare to reference translations.

5. Analysis (10 Points)

• Discuss the impact of the attention mechanism on translation quality. Compare your model's performance with and without attention using both qualitative examples and quantitative metrics. Reflect on how different architectural choices and hyperparameters influenced the outcomes.

McMaster University 2



Submission Guidelines

- Submit all code as a Google Colab notebook, ensuring the link is shared in the submission description with **Anyone with the link** access. Additionally, upload the notebook file and include detailed explanations and visualizations, either within the notebook as markdown cells or in a separate PDF report. Avoid sharing .py or ZIP files for this assignment.
- Clearly label each part and question in your submissions.

• Deadline: March 5th, 2025

Rubric and Expectations

- Code Quality and Functionality: Code should be well-organized, properly commented, and function as intended. The use of Python and relevant libraries should demonstrate a strong understanding of the tools.
- Analysis and Interpretation: Provide a detailed written analysis of your model's performance, including insights into the design decisions behind your RNN or Seq2Seq models. Discuss the impact of LSTM units and attention mechanisms, and how these choices influenced the outcomes of your tasks. Highlight the strengths and limitations of your models, supporting your discussion with concrete examples from your results (e.g., text generation snippets or translation pairs).
- Visualization: Include visual representations to illustrate your model's behavior or performance, such as loss curves over training epochs or attention heat maps for translation tasks. Visualizations should be well-designed, with clear labels and titles to effectively communicate your findings. Interpret these visualizations in your report, explaining what they reveal about your model's learning process or attention patterns.
- Adherence to Guidelines: Submissions must follow the provided guidelines, including formatting, labeling, and meeting the deadline.

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