#### **Exercise 16.8.1**

```
# Exercise_16.8.1

def factorial(n):
    if n <= 1:
        return 1
    else:
        return n * factorial(n-1)

number = input("Insert the number you want to compute the factorial of.")
number = int(number)
print(factorial(number))

Insert the number you want to compute the factorial of.5
120</pre>
```

## -----

# **Exercise 16.8.2**

```
# Exercise_16.8.2

def reverse(list):
    if(len(list) == 0):
        return []
    else:
        return list[-1:] + reverse(list[:-1])
        # return (last item in list) + (everything but last item in list)
```

```
things = [1,'bird',3,'lion',5,'dog']

print(things)  # prints list in normal order

print(reverse(things))  # prints list reversed

[1, 'bird', 3, 'lion', 5, 'dog']

['dog', 5, 'lion', 3, 'bird', 1]

original list on top, reversed list on bottom
```

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### **Exercise 16.8.7**

```
# Exercise_16.8.7

import turtle
wn = turtle.Screen()
wn.screensize(500,500)
wn.bgcolor("lightgreen")
zoomy = turtle.Turtle()
zoomy.speed(10)

def hilbert_curve(times, angle, size):
   if times == 0:
    return None

else:
   zoomy.left(angle)
   hilbert_curve(times - 1, -angle, size)
   zoomy.forward(size)
   zoomy.right(angle)
```

```
hilbert_curve(times - 1, angle, size)

zoomy.forward(size)

hilbert_curve(times - 1, angle, size)

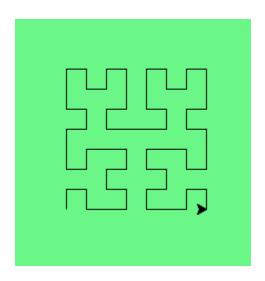
zoomy.right(angle)

zoomy.forward(size)

hilbert_curve(times - 1, -angle, size)

zoomy.left(angle)
```

hilbert\_curve(3, 90, 20)
wn.exitonclick()



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## **Exercise 16.8.8**

# Exercise\_16.8.8

import turtle

wn = turtle.Screen()

wn.screensize(500,500)

```
wn.bgcolor("lightgreen")
zoomy = turtle.Turtle()
zoomy.speed(10)
def koch_snowflake(times, size):
  if times == 0:
    zoomy.forward(size)
  else:
      for angle in [60, -120, 60, 0]:
        koch_snowflake(times-1, size/3)
        zoomy.left(angle)
def main():
  count = 3
  while count > 0:
    koch_snowflake(2,300)
    zoomy.right(120)
    count = count - 1
main()
wn.exitonclick()
```

