

### **Exercise 7.10.6**

# Exercise\_7.10.6

import math

def findHypot(a,b):

    side\_a = int(a)

    side\_b = int(b)

    hypot\_squared = (side\_a\*\*2) + (side\_b\*\*2)

    hypotenuse = math.sqrt(hypot\_squared)

    return hypotenuse

side1 = input("Enter the first side of your right triangle.")

side2 = input("Enter the second side of your right triangle.")

print (findHypot(side1, side2))

```
Enter the first side of your right triangle.3
Enter the second side of your right triangle.4
5.0
```

```
=== RESTART: /Users/s.miles1313/Desktop/CCC_Pyth
Enter the first side of your right triangle.5
Enter the second side of your right triangle.7
8.602325267042627
---
```

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### **Exercise 7.10.12**

# Exercise\_7.10.12

def isLeap(year):

    year = int(year)

    if year % 4 == 0:

```

    if year % 100 != 0:
        year = True
    else:
        if year % 400 == 0:
            year = True
        else:
            year = False
    else:
        year = False

    return year

the_year = input("Enter a year to see if it is a leap year.")
print (isLeap(the_year))

```

```

==== RESTART: /Users/s.miles1313/Desktop/CCC_Py
Enter a year to see if it is a leap year.2017
False
|

==== RESTART: /Users/s.miles1313/Desktop/CCC_Pyt
Enter a year to see if it is a leap year.2020
True
|

```

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## **Exercise 8.14.8**

# Exercise\_8.14.8

```
import image
```

```
def grayscale(the_image):
    grayscale_image = image.EmptyImage(the_image.getWidth(), the_image.getHeight())

```

```
for col in range(the_image.getWidth()):
    for row in range(the_image.getHeight()):
        pixel = the_image.getPixel(col, row)

        red = pixel.getRed()
        green = pixel.getGreen()
        blue = pixel.getBlue()

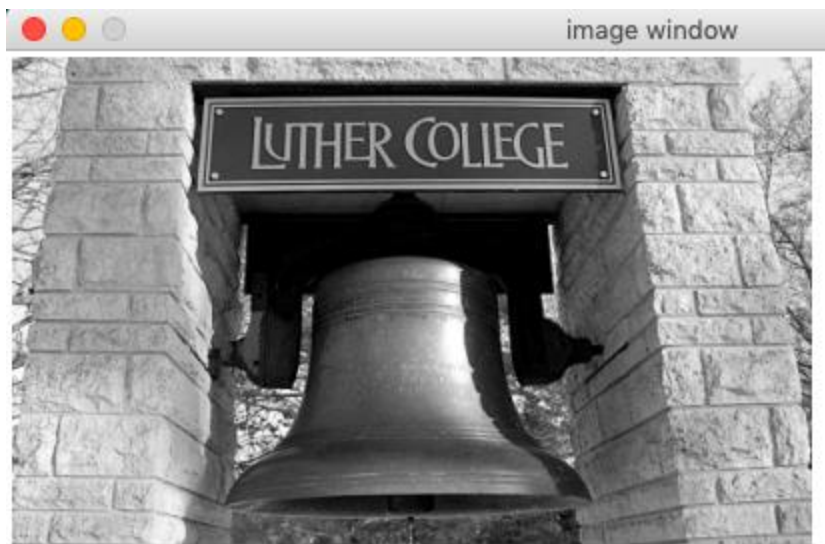
        average = (red + green + blue)/ 3
        if average - int(average) < 0.5:
            average = int(average)
        else:
            average = int(average) + 1

        grayPixel = image.Pixel(average, average, average)
        grayscale_image.setPixel(col, row, grayPixel)
    return grayscale_image
```

```
win = image.ImageWin()
img = image.Image("luther.jpg")
```

```
new_img = grayscale(img)
new_img.draw(win)
```

```
win.exitonclick()
```



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### **Exercise 8.14.10**

# Exercise\_8.14.10

```
import image
```

```
def sepia_tone(the_image):
```

```
    sepia_image = image.EmptyImage(the_image.getWidth(), the_image.getHeight())
```

```
    for col in range(the_image.getWidth()):
```

```
        for row in range(the_image.getHeight()):
```

```
            pixel = the_image.getPixel(col, row)
```

```
            R = pixel.getRed()
```

```
            G = pixel.getGreen()
```

```
            B = pixel.getBlue()
```

```
            newR = int(R * 0.393 + G * 0.769 + B * 0.189)
```

```
            newG = int(R * 0.349 + G * 0.686 + B * 0.168)
```

```
newB = int(R * 0.272 + G * 0.534 + B * 0.131)

if newR > 255:
    newR = 255
if newG > 255:
    newG = 255
if newB > 255:
    newB = 255

sepiaPixel = image.Pixel(newR, newG, newB)
sepia_image.setPixel(col, row, sepiaPixel)
return sepia_image

win = image.ImageWin()
img = image.Image("luther.jpg")

new_img = sepia_tone(img)
new_img.draw(win)

win.exitonclick()
```

