PRACTICAL 5: SIMULTANEOUS DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

A two dimensional linear system is a system of the form:

$$dx/dt = a x + by$$

 $dy/dt = c x + dy$

where a,b,c and d are parameters. This system can be written in matrix form as

$$X = AX$$
, where

$$A = (a b and X = (x c d)$$

The solutions of X = AX can be visualized as trajectories moving on the x- y plane called the phase plane.

Example: Solve the following system of equations:

$$dx/dt = -3x- y$$
$$dy/dt = x-3y$$

$$lo[*] = eq1 = \{x'[t] = -3 * x[t] - y[t], y'[t] = -3 y[t] - x[t]\}$$

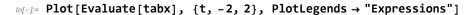
Outfor
$$\{x'[t] = -3x[t] - y[t], y'[t] = -x[t] - 3y[t]\}$$

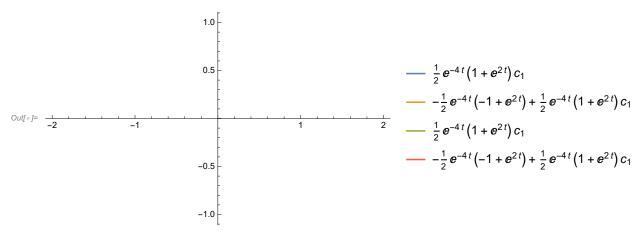
$$ln[-]:=$$
 sol = DSolve[eq1, {y[t], x[t]}, t]

$$\begin{split} \text{Out[s]=} & \left. \left\{ \left\{ x \left[t \right] \right. \right. \right. \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \left. e^{-4\,t} \left(1 + e^{2\,t} \right) \right. \left. \mathbb{C}_1 - \frac{1}{2} \left. e^{-4\,t} \left(-1 + e^{2\,t} \right) \right. \left. \mathbb{C}_2 \right. \right. \\ & \left. y \left[t \right] \right. \rightarrow - \frac{1}{2} \left. e^{-4\,t} \left(-1 + e^{2\,t} \right) \right. \left. \mathbb{C}_1 + \frac{1}{2} \left. e^{-4\,t} \left(1 + e^{2\,t} \right) \right. \left. \mathbb{C}_2 \right\} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$ln[\circ]:= tabx = Table[x[t] /. sol[[1, 1]] /. \{c[1] \rightarrow i, C[2] \rightarrow j\}, \{i, -1, 0\}, \{j, 0, 1\}] // Flatten$$

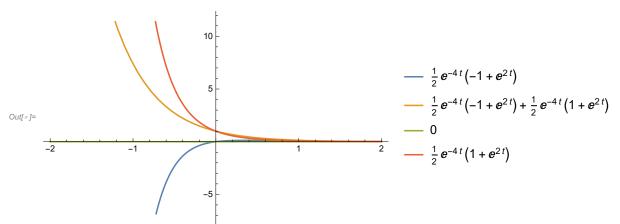
$$\begin{array}{l} \textit{Out[s]} = \ \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \ \mathbb{e}^{-4\,\text{t}} \ \left(1 + \mathbb{e}^{2\,\text{t}} \right) \ \mathbb{c}_{\text{1,}} - \frac{1}{2} \ \mathbb{e}^{-4\,\text{t}} \ \left(-1 + \mathbb{e}^{2\,\text{t}} \right) \ + \frac{1}{2} \ \mathbb{e}^{-4\,\text{t}} \ \left(1 + \mathbb{e}^{2\,\text{t}} \right) \ \mathbb{c}_{\text{1,}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \ \mathbb{e}^{-4\,\text{t}} \ \left(1 + \mathbb{e}^{2\,\text{t}} \right) \ \mathbb{c}_{\text{1,}} - \frac{1}{2} \ \mathbb{e}^{-4\,\text{t}} \ \left(-1 + \mathbb{e}^{2\,\text{t}} \right) \ + \frac{1}{2} \ \mathbb{e}^{-4\,\text{t}} \ \left(1 + \mathbb{e}^{2\,\text{t}} \right) \ \mathbb{c}_{\text{1}} \right\} \end{array}$$



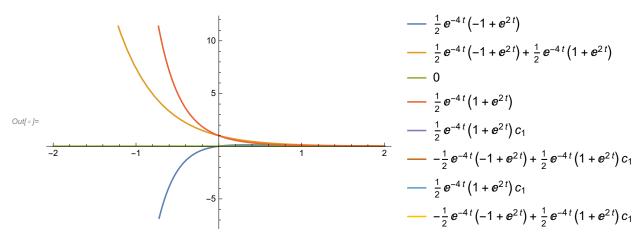


$$\begin{aligned} & & \text{Inlow} = \text{Table}[y[t] \text{ /. sol}[[1,2]] \text{ /. } \{\text{C[1]} \rightarrow \text{i, C[2]} \rightarrow \text{j}\}, \text{ {i, -1, 0}}, \text{ {j, 0, 1}}] \text{ // Flatten} \\ & & \text{Out[w]} = \text{ } \left\{\frac{1}{2} \, \mathrm{e}^{-4\,\text{t}} \, \left(-1 + \mathrm{e}^{2\,\text{t}}\right), \frac{1}{2} \, \mathrm{e}^{-4\,\text{t}} \, \left(-1 + \mathrm{e}^{2\,\text{t}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \, \mathrm{e}^{-4\,\text{t}} \, \left(1 + \mathrm{e}^{2\,\text{t}}\right), \text{ 0, } \frac{1}{2} \, \mathrm{e}^{-4\,\text{t}} \, \left(1 + \mathrm{e}^{2\,\text{t}}\right) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

ln[*]:= Plot[Evaluate[taby], {t, -2, 2}, PlotLegends \rightarrow "Expressions"]



 $log_{s} = Plot[Evaluate[{taby, tabx}], {t, -2, 2}, PlotLegends \rightarrow "Expressions"]$



Example: Solve the following system of equations:

$$dx/dt = y$$

 $dy/dt = 6x - y$
with initial condition $x(0) = 1$, $y(0) = -2$

 $ln[\cdot]:=$ DSolve[eq2, {x[t], y[t]}, t]

$$\text{Out[s]= } \left\{ \left\{ x \, [\, t \,] \, \to \, \frac{1}{5} \, \, \mathbb{e}^{-3\, t} \, \left(4 + \mathbb{e}^{5\, t} \right) \, , \, y \, [\, t \,] \, \to \, \frac{2}{5} \, \, \mathbb{e}^{-3\, t} \, \left(-\, 6 + \mathbb{e}^{5\, t} \right) \, \right\} \right\}$$

$$los_{t} = \{xsol[t_], ysol[t_]\} = ExpandAll[\{x[t], y[t]\} /. Flatten[DSolve[eq2, \{x[t], y[t]\}, t]]\}$$

Out[
$$\sigma$$
]= $\left\{ \frac{4 e^{-3t}}{5} + \frac{e^{2t}}{5}, -\frac{12}{5} e^{-3t} + \frac{2 e^{2t}}{5} \right\}$

In[*]:= xsol[t]

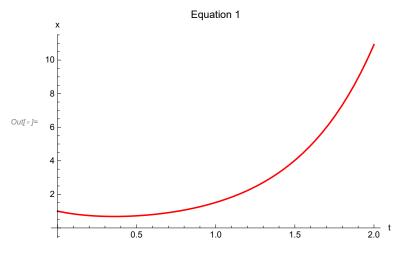
Out[
$$\circ$$
]= $\frac{4 e^{-3t}}{5} + \frac{e^{2t}}{5}$

In[*]:= ysol[t]

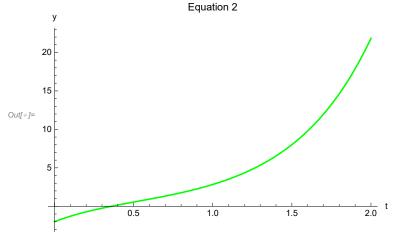
Out[*]=
$$-\frac{12}{5} e^{-3t} + \frac{2 e^{2t}}{5}$$

 $ln[\cdot]:= plot1 = Plot[xsol[t], \{t, 0, 2\},$

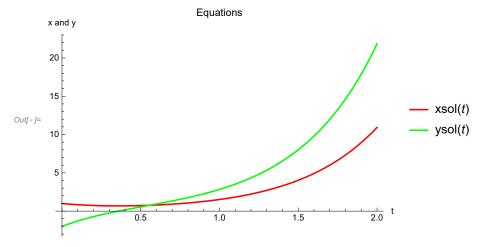
AxesLabel \rightarrow {"t", "x"}, PlotLabel \rightarrow "Equation 1", PlotStyle \rightarrow {Red}]



```
ln[*]:= plo2 = Plot[ysol[t], {t, 0, 2}, AxesLabel \rightarrow {"t", "y"}, PlotLabel \rightarrow "Equation 2", PlotStyle \rightarrow {Green}]
```



ln[*]:= Plot[{xsol[t], ysol[t]}, {t, 0, 2}, AxesLabel \rightarrow {"t", "x and y"}, PlotLabel \rightarrow "Equations", PlotStyle \rightarrow {Red, Green}, PlotLegends \rightarrow "Expressions"]



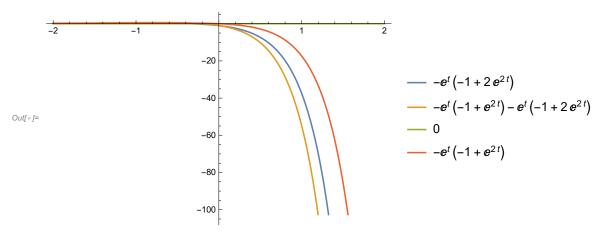
Solve the following Simultaneous DE and hence plot the solutions:

1.
$$dx/dt = 5x - 2y$$

 $dy/dt = 4x-y$

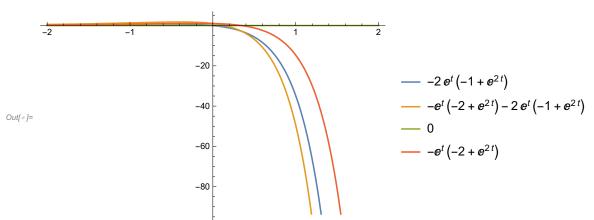
 $lo(x) = tabx = Table[x[t] /. sol[[1, 1]] /. {C[1] \rightarrow i, C[2] \rightarrow j}, {i, -1, 0}, {j, 0, 1}] // Flatten$ $\textit{Out[*]} = \left\{ -\operatorname{e}^{t} \left(-1 + 2\operatorname{e}^{2t} \right) \text{, } -\operatorname{e}^{t} \left(-1 + \operatorname{e}^{2t} \right) - \operatorname{e}^{t} \left(-1 + 2\operatorname{e}^{2t} \right) \text{, } 0 \text{, } -\operatorname{e}^{t} \left(-1 + \operatorname{e}^{2t} \right) \right\}$

lo[a]:= Plot[Evaluate[tabx], {t, -2, 2}, PlotLegends \rightarrow "Expressions"]

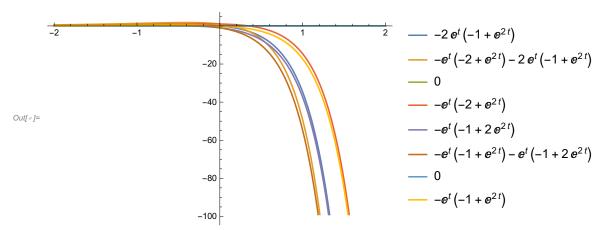


 $\textit{In[a]:=} \ \, \mathsf{taby} = \mathsf{Table}[y[t] \ /. \ \, \mathsf{sol}[[1,\,2]] \ /. \ \, \{\mathsf{C[1]} \to \mathsf{i}, \ \mathsf{C[2]} \to \mathsf{j}\}, \ \{\mathsf{i}, \ -1, \ \emptyset\}, \ \{\mathsf{j}, \ \emptyset, \ 1\}] \ // \ \, \mathsf{Flatten}$ $\textit{Out[*]$= } \left\{ -2 \, \text{e}^{\text{t}} \, \left(-1 + \text{e}^{\text{2}\,\text{t}} \right) \text{, } -\text{e}^{\text{t}} \, \left(-2 + \text{e}^{\text{2}\,\text{t}} \right) -2 \, \text{e}^{\text{t}} \, \left(-1 + \text{e}^{\text{2}\,\text{t}} \right) \text{, } 0 \text{, } -\text{e}^{\text{t}} \, \left(-2 + \text{e}^{\text{2}\,\text{t}} \right) \right\}$

 $lo(s) = Plot[Evaluate[taby], \{t, -2, 2\}, PlotLegends \rightarrow "Expressions"]$

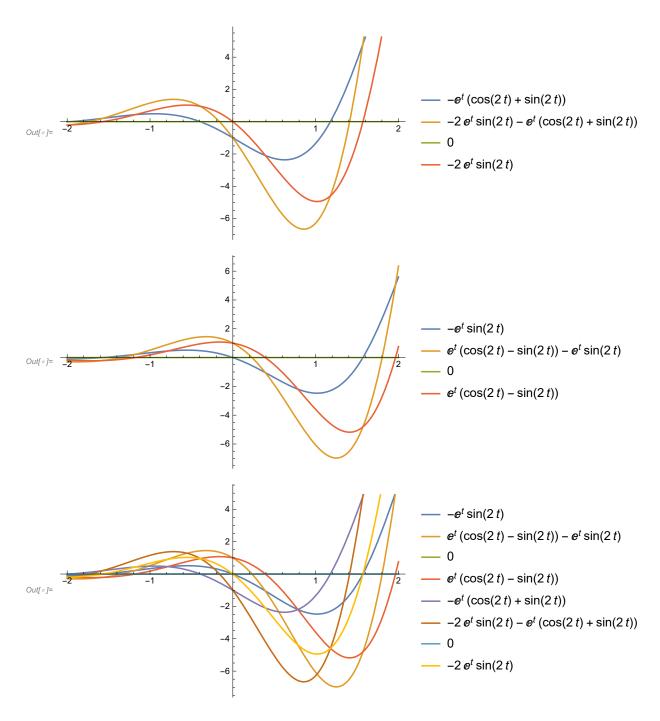


ln[*]:= Plot[Evaluate[{taby, tabx}], {t, -2, 2}, PlotLegends → "Expressions"]



2. dx/dt = 3x - 4ydy/dt = 2x-y

```
In[*]:= Plot[Evaluate[tabx], {t, -2, 2}, PlotLegends → "Expressions"]
    Plot[Evaluate[taby], {t, -2, 2}, PlotLegends → "Expressions"]
    Plot[Evaluate[{taby, tabx}], {t, -2, 2}, PlotLegends → "Expressions"]
```

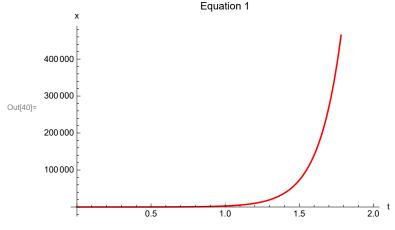


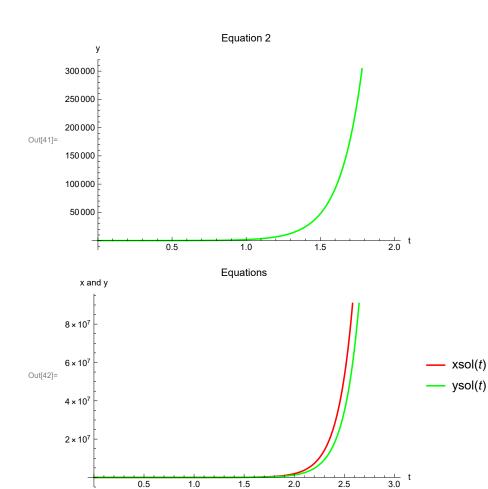
3.
$$dx/dt = 2x + 7y$$

 $dy/dt = 3x+2y$

with x[0]=9, y[0]=-1

```
ln[35] = eq2 = \{\{x'[t] == 7*y[t] + 2*x[t], y'[t] == 2*y[t] + 3*x[t]\}, x[0] == 9, y[0] == -1\}
          DSolve[eq2, {x[t], y[t]}, t]
           {xsol[t], ysol[t]} =
             ExpandAll[\{x[t], y[t]\} /. Flatten[DSolve[eq2, \{x[t], y[t]\}, t]]]
          xsol[t]
          ysol[t]
          plot1 = Plot[xsol[t], {t, 0, 2},
               AxesLabel → {"t", "x"}, PlotLabel → "Equation 1", PlotStyle → {Red}]
          plo2 = Plot[ysol[t], \{t, 0, 2\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"t", "y"\},
               PlotLabel → "Equation 2", PlotStyle → {Green}]
          Plot[{xsol[t], ysol[t]}, {t, 0, 3}, AxesLabel \rightarrow {"t", "x and y"},
            PlotLabel → "Equations", PlotStyle → {Red, Green}, PlotLegends → "Expressions"]
 \text{Out} [35] = \left\{ \left\{ x'[t] = 2 x[t] + 7 y[t], y'[t] = 3 x[t] + 2 y[t] \right\}, x[0] = 9, y[0] = -1 \right\} 
\text{Out} [36] = \left\{ \left\{ x \left[ t \right] \right. \right. \rightarrow \left. - \frac{1}{6} \, e^{2 \, t - \sqrt{21} \, t} \, \left( -27 - \sqrt{21} \, -27 \, e^{2 \, \sqrt{21} \, t} + \sqrt{21} \, e^{2 \, \sqrt{21} \, t} \right) \text{,} \right. 
              y[t] \rightarrow \frac{1}{14} e^{2t-\sqrt{21}t} \left(-7-9\sqrt{21}-7e^{2\sqrt{21}t}+9\sqrt{21}e^{2\sqrt{21}t}\right)
Out[37]= \left\{ \frac{9}{2} e^{2 t - \sqrt{21} t} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{7}{3}} e^{2 t - \sqrt{21} t} + \frac{9}{2} e^{2 t + \sqrt{21} t} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{7}{3}} e^{2 t + \sqrt{21} t} \right\}
           -\frac{1}{2} e^{2\,t-\sqrt{21}\,\,t} - \frac{9}{2}\,\,\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}}\,\,\,e^{2\,t-\sqrt{21}\,\,t} - \frac{1}{2}\,e^{2\,t+\sqrt{21}\,\,t} + \frac{9}{2}\,\,\sqrt{\frac{3}{7}}\,\,\,e^{2\,t+\sqrt{21}\,\,t}\,\big\}
Out[38]= \frac{9}{2} e^{2 t - \sqrt{21} t} + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{7}{3}} e^{2 t - \sqrt{21} t} + \frac{9}{2} e^{2 t + \sqrt{21} t} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{7}{3}} e^{2 t + \sqrt{21} t}
Out[39]= -\frac{1}{2} e^{2t-\sqrt{21} t} - \frac{9}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} e^{2t-\sqrt{21} t} - \frac{1}{2} e^{2t+\sqrt{21} t} + \frac{9}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3}{7}} e^{2t+\sqrt{21} t}
```





4. dx/dt = 7x - ydy/dt = 4x + 3ywith initial conditions x[0]=1, y[0]=3

```
\ln[43] = eq2 = {{x'[t] == -y[t] + 7 * x[t], y'[t] == 3 * y[t] + 4 * x[t]}, x[0] == 1, y[0] == 3}
      DSolve[eq2, {x[t], y[t]}, t]
      {xsol[t_], ysol[t_]} =
       ExpandAll[\{x[t], y[t]\} /. Flatten[DSolve[eq2, \{x[t], y[t]\}, t]]]
      xsol[t]
      ysol[t]
      plot1 = Plot[xsol[t], {t, 0, 2},
         AxesLabel \rightarrow {"t", "x"}, PlotLabel \rightarrow "Equation 1", PlotStyle \rightarrow {Red}]
      plo2 = Plot[ysol[t], \{t, 0, 2\}, AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"t", "y"\},
         PlotLabel → "Equation 2", PlotStyle → {Blue}]
      \label{eq:plot} Plot[\{xsol[t],\ ysol[t]\},\ \{t,\ \emptyset,\ 2\},\ AxesLabel \rightarrow \{"t",\ "x\ and\ y"\ \},
       PlotLabel → "Equations", PlotStyle → {Red, Blue}, PlotLegends → "Expressions"]
Out[43]= \{ x'[t] = 7x[t] - y[t], y'[t] = 4x[t] + 3y[t] \}, x[0] == 1, y[0] == 3 \}
```

-5000 [[]

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Out}_{[44]=} & \left\{ \left\{ x \, [\, t \,] \right. \rightarrow - \, e^{5\, t} \, \left(-\, 1 + t \right) \, , \, y \, [\, t \,] \right. \rightarrow - \, e^{5\, t} \, \left(-\, 3 \, + \, 2\, \, t \, \right) \, \right\} \right\} \\ \\ \text{Out}_{[45]=} & \left\{ \, e^{5\, t} \, - \, e^{5\, t} \, t \, , \, 3 \, e^{5\, t} \, - \, 2 \, e^{5\, t} \, t \, \right\} \\ \\ \text{Out}_{[46]=} & e^{5\, t} \, - \, e^{5\, t} \, t \\ \\ \text{Out}_{[47]=} & 3 \, e^{5\, t} \, - \, 2 \, e^{5\, t} \, t \\ \end{array}$$

