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Question

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Consider the below data:

 x : 0 1 2 $f(x)$: 4 3 12The value of $\int_0^2 f(x)dx$ by Trapezoidal rule will be:

This question was previously asked in

Junior Executive (ATC) Official Paper 1: Held
on Nov 2018 - Shift 1[Get PDF](#)[Attempt Online](#)[View all JE ATC Papers >](#)

1. 11

2. 12

3. 15

4. 9

Answer (Detailed Solution Below)

Option 1 : 11

Detailed Solution

Concept:

Trapezoidal rule states that for a function $y = f(x)$

x	x_0	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_n
y	y_0	y_1	y_2	y_3	y_n

$x_n = x_0 + nh$, where n = Number of sub-intervals

h = step-size

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+nh} f(x)dx = \frac{h}{2} [(y_0 + y_n) + 2(y_1 + y_2 + y_3 + \dots + y_{n-1})] \quad \text{---(1)}$$

For a trapezoidal rule, a number of sub-intervals must be a multiple of 1.

Calculation:

$$\begin{array}{lcl} x & : & 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \\ f(x) & : & 4 \quad 3 \quad 12 \end{array}$$

Here: $x_0 = 4$, $x_1 = 3$, $x_2 = 12$, $h = 1$

From equation (1);

$$\int_0^2 f(x)dx = \frac{h}{2} [(x_0 + x_2) + 2(x_1)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} [(4 + 12) + 2(3)] = \frac{22}{2} = 11$$

Key Points:

Apart from the trapezoidal rule, other numerical integration methods are:

Simpson's one-third rule:

For applying this rule, the number of subintervals must be a multiple of 2.

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+nh} f(x)dx = \frac{h}{3} [(y_0 + y_n) + 4(y_1 + y_3 + y_5 + \dots + y_{n-1}) + 2(y_2 + y_4 + y_6 + \dots + y_{n-2})] \quad \text{..2)}$$

Simpson's three-eighths rule:

For applying this rule, the number of subintervals must be a multiple of 3.

$$\int_{x_0}^{x_0+nh} f(x)dx = \frac{3h}{8} [(y_0 + y_n) + 3(y_1 + y_2 + y_4 + y_5 + \dots) + 2(y_3 + y_6 + \dots)]$$