

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING USING C++ OOPS CONCEPT(CL1.0C++)

Kindly read the instructions carefully

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1. Which of the following explains Polymorphism?

```
a. int func(int, int);
float func1(float, float);
b. int func(int);
int func(int);
c. int func(float);
float func(int, int, char);
d. int func();
int new_func();
```

Answer: C

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2. Which of the following feature of OOPs is not used in the following C++ code?

```
class A
{
  int i;
  public:
  void print(){cout<<"hello"<<i;}
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```



```
}
     class B: public A
     {
        int j;
        public:
       void assign(int a){j = a;}
a) Abstraction
b) Encap<mark>sulation</mark>
c) Inheritance
d) Polymorphism
Answer: d
3. Predict the output of below C++ programs.
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Base1 { CODERS LODGE
public:
Base1()
{ cout << " Base1's constructor called" << endl; }
};
class Base2 {
```



```
public:
Base2()
{ cout << "Base2's constructor called" << endl; }
};
class Derived: <a href="public Base1">public Base2</a> {
public:
Derived()
{ cout << "Derived's constructor called" << endl; }
};
int main()
Derived d;
return 0;
```

Output: Base1's constructor called
Base2's constructor called
Derived's constructor called



4. Predict the output of below C++ programs.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class A {
public:
   A(int ii = 0) : i(ii) {}
   void show() { cout << "i = " << i << endl;}</pre>
private:
   int i;
};
class B {
public:
   B(int xx) : x(xx) {}
   operator A() const { return A(x); }
private:
   int x;
};
void g(A a) DERS LODGE
{ a.show(); }
int main() {
B b(10);
g(b);
g(20);
getchar();
return 0;
```



Output: i = 10 i = 20

5. What will be the output of the following C++ code?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class A{
public:
      A(){
            cout<<"Constructor called\n";</pre>
        }
      ~A(){
            cout<<"Destructor called\n";</pre>
        }
};
int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
      A *a = new A[5];
      delete a;
      return 0;
}
```

- a) "Constructor called" five times and then "Destructor called" five times
- b) "Constructor called" five times and then "Destructor called"



once

c) Error

d) Segmentation fault

Answer: d

6. Predict the output of below C++ programs.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class P {
public:
void print()
{ cout <<" Inside P::"; }
};
class Q : public P {
public:
void print()
{ cout <<" Inside Q"; }
};
class R: public Q {
};
int main(void)
```



```
{
      Rr;
      r.print();
      return 0;
      }
      Output: Inside Q
7. What will be the output of the following C++ code?
   #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   class A
   {
    int a;
    A() \{ a = 5; \}
  };
  int main()
  {
     A *obj = new A;
     cout << obj->a;
   }
```



- a) 5
- b) Garbage value
- c) Compile-time error
- d) Run-time error

Answer: c

8. Predict the output of below C++ program.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<stdio.h>
using namespace std;
class Base
{
public:
Base()
{
     fun(); //note: fun() is virtual
}
virtual void fun()
{
     cout<<"\nBase Function";</pre>
}
};
```

class Derived: public Base



```
{
public:
Derived(){}
virtual void fun()
{
     cout<<"\nDerived Function";</pre>
}
};
int main()
Base* pBase = new Derived();
delete pBase;
return 0;
```

Output: Base Function

9. Predict the output of below C++ program.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int x = 10;
void fun()
{
     int x = 2;
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```



{

```
int x = 1;
                cout << ::x << endl;
          }
     }
     int main()
     {
          fun();
          return 0;
     }
    Output: 10
     Predict the output of below C++ program.
10.
     #include<iostream>
     using namespace std;
     int &fun() {
     static int a = 10;
     return a;
     }
     int main() {
     int &y = fun();
     y = y + 30;
     cout<<fun();
     return 0;
     }
```



Output: 40

11. What will be the output of the following C++ code?

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class A
{
 ~A(){
  cout<<"Destructor called\n";
 }
};
int main()
{
  Aa;
  return 0;
}
a) Destructor called
b) Nothing will be printed
c) Error
d) Segmentation fault
```

Answer: c

12. What will be the output of the following C++ code?

```
#include <iostream> using namespace std;
```



13.

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```
class Test
{
  static int x;
 public:
  Test() { x++; }
  static int getX() {return x;}
};
int Test::x = 0;
int main()
{
  c<mark>out << Te</mark>st::getX() << " ";
  Test t[5];
  cout << Test::getX();</pre>
}
a) 0 0
b) 5 0
c) 05
d) 5 5
Answer: c
Predict the output of below C++ program.
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
```



```
class Test {
           int value;
     public:
           Test (int v = 0) {value = v;}
           int getValue() { return value; }
     };
     int main() {
           const Test t;
           cout << t.getValue();</pre>
           return 0;
     }
     Output: Compiler Error
      What will be the output of the following C++ code?
14.
        #include <iostream>
        using namespace std;
        int main() DERS LODGE
        {
           int x = -1;
          unsigned int y = 2;
          if(x > y)
           cout << "x is greater";</pre>
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```
}
         else
                cout << "y is greater";</pre>
           }
       }
     a) x is greater
     b) y is greater
     c) implementation defined
     d) arbitrary
     Answer: a
     Predict the output of following C++ program.
15.
      #include<iostream>
     using namespace std;
     class Test1
          intx; DERS LODGE
     public:
          void show() { }
     };
     class Test2
     {
          int x;
```



```
public:
           virtual void show() { }
     };
     int main(void)
     {
           cout<<sizeof(Test1)<<endl;</pre>
           cout<<sizeof(Test2)<<endl;</pre>
           return 0;
     }
     Output: 4
              8
     Predict the output of following C++ program.
16.
     #include<iostream>
     using namespace std;
     class Test
     {
     private:
           static int count;
     public:
           static Test& fun();
     };
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```



```
int Test::count = 0;
Test& Test::fun()
{
     Test::count++;
     cout<<Test::count<<" ";
     return *this;
}
int main()
{
     Test t;
     t.fun().fun().fun().fun();
     return 0;
}
```

Output: Compiler Error: 'this' is unavailable for static member functions

17. Predict the output of following C++ program.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
```



```
class String
{
     char *p;
     int len;
public:
     String(const char *a);
};
String::String(const char *a)
{
     int length = strlen(a);
     p = new char[length +1];
     strcpy(p, a);
     cout << "Constructor Called " << endl;
}
int main()
{
     String s1("Coders");
     const char *name = "codersLodge";
     s1 = name;
     return 0;
}
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```



Output: Constructor Called Constructor Called

18. What will be the output of the following C++ code?

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int i;
    const char *arr[] = {"C", "C++", "Java", "VBA"};
    const char *(*ptr)[4] = &arr;
    cout << ++(*ptr)[2];
    return 0;
}
a) ava
b) java
c) c++
d) compile time error</pre>
```

Answer: a

19. Predict the output of following C++ program.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Test
{
    private :
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```



```
int marks = 85;
           public:
                Test(int marks)
                {
                      cout<< this->marks;
                      cout<<endl;
                }
     };
     int main()
     {
           Test t(95);
           return 0;
     Output: 85
     Predict the output of following C++ program.
20.
      #include<iostream>
     using namespace std;
     class A
     {
           public:
                A()
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```



```
func();
           }
           ~A()
           {
                func();
           }
           void func()
                 cout<< 3;
                 cout<<endl;
           void fun()
                func();
};
class B: public A
{
     void func()
           cout<< 2;
           cout<<endl;
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```



```
};
int main()
{
     Bb;
     b.fun();
     return 0;
}
Output: 3
        3
```