

```
1 import java.util.Arrays;
2 import java.util.Scanner;
3 import java.text.DecimalFormat;
4 public class SieveOfEratosthenes {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         // TODO Auto-generated method stub
8         System.out.println("Sieve of Eratosthenes Lab");
9         Scanner stitch = new Scanner (System.in);
10        for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
11            System.out.print("Enter the primes upper bound ===> ");
12            final int MAX = stitch.nextInt();
13            boolean primes[] = new boolean[MAX];
14            computePrimes(primes);
15            displayPrimes(primes);
16            System.out.println();
17        }
18        //System.out.println(Arrays.toString(primes));
19    }
20
21    public static void computePrimes(boolean primeArray[])
22    { // This method will compute the prime numbers
23        System.out.println("COMPUTING PRIME NUMBERS....");
24
25        for (int i = 2; i < primeArray.length; i++) {
26            primeArray[i] = true;
27            //System.out.println(Arrays.toString(primeArray));
28        }
29
30        for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(primeArray.length); i++) {
31            if (primeArray[i] == true) {
32                for (int z = 2 * i; z < primeArray.length; z = z + i) {
33                    primeArray[z] = false;
34                }
35            }
36        }
37    }
38
39    public static void displayPrimes(boolean primeArray[])
40    { // This method will display the prime numbers
41        System.out.println("PRIMES BETWEEN 1 AND " + (primeArray.length) + ":");
42        //System.out.println(Arrays.toString(primeArray));
43
44        DecimalFormat tree = new DecimalFormat("0000");
45        int c = 0;
46
47        for (int j = 2; j < primeArray.length; j++){
48            if (primeArray[j] == true) {
49                System.out.print(tree.format(j)+ " ");
50            }
51        }
52        //make a counter up to 16, then go to next line (print empty line)
53        c++;
54        if (c == 16) {
55            System.out.println();
56            c = 0;
57        }
58    }
59 }
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73//boolean to numbers
74//int counter = 0;
75//int numberArray[] = new int [n];
76// for (int i = 2; i < MAX-1; i++) {
77    //if (primeArray[i] == true) {
78        //numberArray[counter] = i;
79        //counter++;
80        //System.out.println(+counter);
81
82//for (int i = 2; i < MAX; i ++) {
83// if (primeArray[i] == true)
84    // n++;
85
86
```