Sql Assessment

```
create database assessment;
use assessment;
create table Bank (
  branch_id int primary key,
  branch name varchar(50),
  branch_city varchar(50)
);
INSERT INTO Bank (branch id, branch name, branch city) VALUES
(1, 'Downtown', 'Mahesana'),
(2, 'Uptown', 'Ahamdabad Bopal'),
(3, 'Main Street', 'Ahamdabad Nikol'),
(4, 'Central', 'Surat');
create table AccountHolder (
  account_holder_id int primary key,
  account no varchar(20),
  account_holder_name varchar(100),
  city varchar(50),
  contact varchar(15),
  date_account_created date,
  account_status varchar(20),
  account_type varchar(20),
  balance decimal(10, 2)
```

```
);
INSERT INTO Account Holder (account holder id, account no, account holder name, city,
contact, date_account_created, account_status, account_type, balance) VALUES
(1, 'A101', 'Hiteshs', 'Mahesana', '1234567890', '2023-06-20', 'Active', 'Savings', 2000.00),
(2, 'A102', 'Mitesh', 'Ahamdabad Bopal', '9876543210', '2023-06-16', 'Active', 'Savings',
3000.00),
(3, 'A103', 'Ramesh', 'Ahamdabad Nikol', '1111111111', '2023-07-25', 'Active', 'Current',
4000.00),
(4, 'A104', 'Kamlesh', 'Surat', '2222222222', '2023-07-15', 'Terminated', 'Savings', 1000.00);
create table Loan (
  loan no int primary key,
  branch_id int,
  account_holder_id int,
  loan amount decimal(10, 2),
  loan type varchar(50),
  foreign key (branch id) references Bank(branch id)
);
INSERT INTO Loan (loan no, branch id, account holder id, loan amount, loan type) VALUES
(101, 1, 1, 5000.00, 'Personal'),
(102, 2, 2, 15000.00, 'Home'),
```

• Consider an example where there's an account holder table where we are doing an intra bank transfer i.e. a person holding account A is trying to transfer \$100 to account B.

(103, 3, 3, 10000.00, 'Car'),

(104, 4, 4, 8000.00, 'Education');

- for this you have to make a transaction in sql which can transfer fund from account A to B
- -Make sure after the transaction the account information have to be updated for both the credit account and the debited account

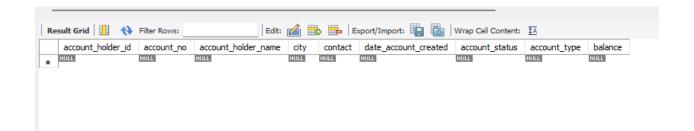
```
start transaction;
update AccountHolder
set balance = balance - 100
where account_no = 'A101'; -- Debit account A

update AccountHolder
SET balance = balance + 100
where account_no = 'B102'; -- Credit account B
```

commit;

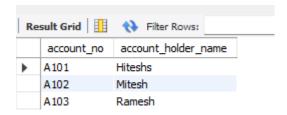
• Also fetch the details of the account holder who are related from the same city

```
select * from AccountHolder a1
where exists
(
    select 1
    from AccountHolder a2
    where a1.city = a2.city
    and a1.account_holder_id <> a2.account_holder_id
);
```



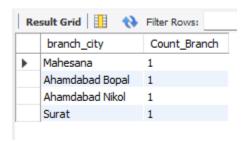
• Write a query to fetch account number and account holder name, whose accounts were created after 15th of any month

select account_no, account_holder_name from AccountHolder
where day(date_account_created) > 15;

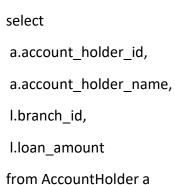


• Write a query to display the city name and count the branches in that city. Give the count of branches an alias name of Count_Branch.

select branch_city, COUNT(branch_id) as Count_Branch from Bank group by branch_city;



• Write a query to display the account holder's id, account holder's name, branch id, and loan amount for people who have taken loans. (NOTE: use sql join concept to solve the query)



inner join Loan I on a.account holder id = I.account holder id;

