# Assignment 1

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#### 2023-02-01

1. Basic measures

```
library(igraph)
## Warning: package 'igraph' was built under R version 4.1.3
library(kableExtra)
## Warning: package 'kableExtra' was built under R version 4.1.3
library(gt)
## Warning: package 'gt' was built under R version 4.1.3
dib_graph<-read.graph("dib2.graphml",format="graphml")</pre>
1.1 Give the number of nodes and edges
cat("num vertices:", vcount(dib_graph), "\n")
## num vertices: 8969
cat("num edges :", ecount(dib_graph), "\n")
## num edges : 46750
1.2 Is the network strongly or weakly connected. If neither, what is the distribution of component sizes.
  1. Strongly connected components
strong_component = as.data.frame(table(factor(components(dib_graph, mode="strong")$csize)))
names(strong_component)[1] = "Component Size"
kbl(strong_component)
```

Component Size	Freq
1	3024
2	180
3	25
4	5
5	1
6	1
5479	1

Answer: The table above shows strongly connected components in the directed network. There is one component with 5479, 6 and 5 nodes and a distribution of component with sizes varying from 1 to 4.

#### 2. Weakly connected components

```
weak_component = as.data.frame(table(factor(components(dib_graph, mode="weak")$csize)))
names(weak_component)[1] = "Component Size"
kable(weak_component)
```

Component Size	Freq
2	30
3	11
4	1
8872	1

Answer: The table above shows weakly connected components in the directed network. There is one component with 8872 and 4 nodes with 30 weakly connected components of size 2 and 11 components with size 3.

1.3 What is the diameter of the network?

```
cat("The diameter of the network is : ", diameter(dib_graph, directed = T,
    unconnected = TRUE, weights = NA), "\n")
```

## The diameter of the network is : 18

1.4 What is the average path length of the network?

```
cat("The average path length of the network :", mean_distance(dib_graph, directed = T), "\n")
```

## The average path length of the network : 6.017593

1.5 What is the clustering coefficient of the network?

```
cat("The clustering coeff of the graph is :", transitivity(dib_graph, type="localaverage"), "\n")
```

## The clustering coeff of the graph is : 0.2300017

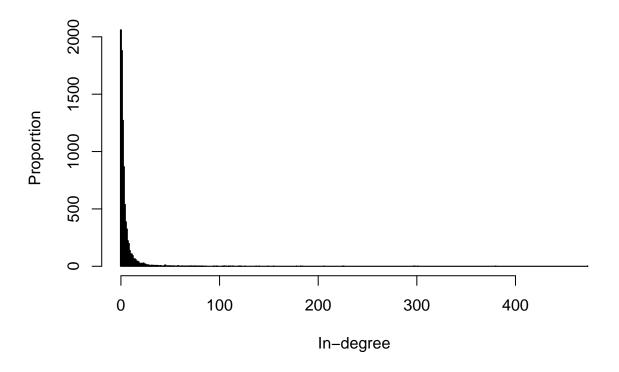
1.6 What is the in- and out-degree distribution?

```
deg<-degree(dib_graph, mode = "in")
cat("The in-degree distribution of the graph varies from ", min(deg), "to ", max(deg))</pre>
```

## The in-degree distribution of the graph varies from 0 to 473

```
hist(deg,
    breaks=(min(deg)-1):(max(deg))+0.5,
    xlab = "In-degree",
    ylab = "Proportion",
    main = "Histogram of In-Degree Distribution",
    border="black",
    col="white",
    )
```

## Histogram of In-Degree Distribution



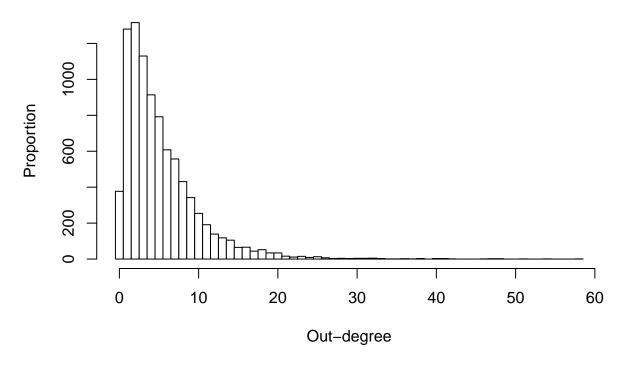
```
deg<-degree(dib_graph, mode = "out")
cat("The in-degree distribution of the graph varies from ", min(deg), "to ", max(deg))</pre>
```

## The in-degree distribution of the graph varies from  $\,$  0 to  $\,$  58

```
hist(deg,
    breaks=(min(deg)-1):(max(deg))+0.5,
    xlab = "Out-degree",
    ylab = "Proportion",
```

```
main = "Histogram of Out-Degree Distribution",
border="black",
col="white")
```

## **Histogram of Out-Degree Distribution**



Section 2 - Bowtie Analysis

2.1 What percentage of the network comprises the strongly connected component, the incomponent, the out-component, and tube.

```
### Strongly connected components
clu<-components(dib_graph,mode = "strong")

scc_index <- which.max(clu$csize)
scc<- V(dib_graph)[which(clu$membership==scc_index)]$name

scc_career<- V(dib_graph)[which(clu$membership==scc_index)]$career
scc_century<- V(dib_graph)[which(clu$membership==scc_index)]$century

### IN components
IN_component=c()
IN_component_career = c()
IN_component_century = c()
vertices<-V(dib_graph)

non_SCC <-vertices[!(vertices$name %in% scc)]</pre>
```

```
for (v in non_SCC){
  dist<- bfs(dib_graph, root=v, mode="out",unreachable =F, dist=T)$dist</pre>
  connected_to_SCC<-!is.nan(dist[scc])</pre>
  if(TRUE %in% connected_to_SCC){
    IN component<-c(IN component, V(dib graph)[v] $name)</pre>
    IN_component_career <- c(IN_component_career, V(dib_graph)[v]$career)</pre>
    IN_component_century <- c(IN_component_century, V(dib_graph)[v]$century)</pre>
  }
}
### OUT components
OUT_component = c()
OUT_component_career = c()
OUT_component_century = c()
non_SCC2 <- vertices[!(vertices$name %in% c(scc, IN_component))]</pre>
for (v in non_SCC2){
  dist<- bfs(dib_graph, root=v, mode="in",unreachable =F, dist=T)$dist</pre>
  connected_to_non_SCC<-!is.nan(dist[scc])</pre>
  if(TRUE %in% connected_to_non_SCC){
    OUT_component<-c(OUT_component, V(dib_graph)[v]$name)</pre>
    OUT_component_career <- c(OUT_component_career, V(dib_graph)[v]$career)</pre>
    OUT_component_century <- c(OUT_component_century, V(dib_graph)[v]$century)
  }
}
### Tube components
tube = c()
tube_career = c()
tube_century = c()
nodes_minus_SCC <- vertices[!(vertices$name %in% scc)]</pre>
g_minus_SCC<-induced_subgraph(dib_graph ,nodes_minus_SCC)</pre>
out = c()
for (v in V(g_minus_SCC)[IN_component]){
  paths<-all_simple_paths(g_minus_SCC, from=v,to = V(g_minus_SCC)[OUT_component], mode = "out", cutoff
  tube<-c(tube, names(unlist(paths)))</pre>
}
tube<-unique(tube)</pre>
tube<-tube[!(tube %in% c(IN_component,OUT_component))]</pre>
tube_data = c()
tube_data <- V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$name %in% tube]</pre>
tube_data_career <- tube_data$career</pre>
tube_data_century <- tube_data$century</pre>
```

```
in tendril = c()
Tendril = vertices[!(vertices$name %in% c(scc, IN_component, OUT_component, tube))]$name
nodes_IN_component_Tendrils <- vertices[vertices$name %in% c(Tendril, IN_component)]</pre>
g_IN_component_Tendrils <- induced.subgraph(dib_graph, nodes_IN_component_Tendrils)</pre>
for (v in Tendril){
  paths <- all_simple_paths(g_IN_component_Tendrils, from=v,to = V(g_IN_component_Tendrils)[IN_component
  if(length(paths) > 0){
    in_tendril <- c(in_tendril, v)</pre>
  }
}
out_tendril <- c()</pre>
nodes_OUT_component_Tendrils <- vertices[vertices$name %in% c(Tendril, OUT_component)]</pre>
g_OUT_component_Tendrils <- induced.subgraph(dib_graph, nodes_OUT_component_Tendrils)</pre>
for (v in Tendril){
  paths <- all_simple_paths(g_OUT_component_Tendrils, from=v,to = V(g_OUT_component_Tendrils)[OUT_component_Tendrils]
  if (length(paths) > 0){
    out_tendril <- c(out_tendril, v)</pre>
}
library(dplyr)
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 4.1.3
components_prop <- c(length(scc)/length(vertices), length(IN_component)/length(vertices), length(OUT_component)</pre>
names(components_prop) <- c("SCC", "IN Component", "OUT component", "Tube")</pre>
kable(components_prop, col.names = "Percentage")
```

	Percentage
SCC	0.6108819
IN Component	0.3075036
OUT component	0.0248634
Tube	0.0013379

### tendril

2.2 What are the top five careers for people in the in-component, out-component, scc and tube components?

```
library(dplyr)
scc_career <- trimws(unlist(strsplit(scc_career, split = ",")))</pre>
```

```
scc_career <- as_tibble(table(scc_career)) %% arrange(desc(n)) %>% head(5)
IN_component_career <- trimws(unlist(strsplit(IN_component_career, split = ",")))</pre>
IN_component_career <- as_tibble(table(IN_component_career)) %>% arrange(desc(n)) %>% head(5)
OUT_component_career <- trimws(unlist(strsplit(OUT_component_career, split = ",")))</pre>
OUT component career <- as tibble(table(OUT component career)) %>% arrange(desc(n)) %>% head(5)
tube_component_career <- trimws(unlist(strsplit(tube_data_career, split = ",")))</pre>
tube_component_career <- as_tibble(table(tube_component_career)) %>% arrange(desc(n)) %>% head(5)
names(scc_career)[1] <- "SCC career"</pre>
names(IN_component_career)[1] <- "In career"</pre>
names(OUT_component_career)[1] <- "Out career"</pre>
names(tube_component_career)[1] <- "Tube career"</pre>
names(scc_career)[2] <- "SCC Count"</pre>
names(IN_component_career)[2] <- "In Count"</pre>
names(OUT_component_career)[2] <- "Out Count"</pre>
names(tube_component_career)[2] <- "Tube Count"</pre>
out <- cbind(scc_career, IN_component_career) %>%
  gt() %>%
  tab header("Top Five Career in SCC and IN Component") %>%
 tab_spanner(
    label = "SCC",
    columns = c("SCC career", "SCC Count")
  ) %>%
  tab_spanner(
    label = "IN Component",
    columns = c("In career", "In Count")
  )
out
```

Top Five Career in SCC and IN Component

SCC		IN Component	
SCC career	SCC Count	In career	In Count
Politics	1909	Politics	591
Religion	1004	Religion	487
Literature	587	Literature	312
Military	502	Business and Finance	240
Gentry and Aristocracy	486	Journalism and Broadcasting	224

```
cbind(OUT_component_career, tube_component_career) %>% gt() %>%
  tab_header("Top Five Career in OUT Component and Tube") %>%
  tab_spanner(
   label = "OUT Component",
```

```
columns = c("Out career","Out Count")
) %>%
tab_spanner(
  label = "Tube Component",
  columns = c("Tube career","Tube Count")
)
```

Top Five Career in OUT Component and Tube

OUT Component		Tube Component		
Out career	Out Count	Tube career	Tube Count	
Religion	37	Military	3	
Science and Technology	26	Science and Technology	2	
Politics	25	The Sea	2	
Sport	20	Travel and Exploration	2	
Administration and Diplomacy	18	Administration and Diplomacy	1	

2.3 What are the top five centuries represented in the in-component, out-component, scc and tube components?

```
library(dplyr)
scc_century <- as_tibble(table(scc_century)) %>% arrange(desc(n)) %>% head()
IN_component_century <- as_tibble(table(IN_component_century)) %>% arrange(desc(n)) %>% head()
OUT_component_century <- as_tibble(table(OUT_component_century)) %>% arrange(desc(n)) %>% head()
tube_component_century <- as_tibble(table(tube_data_century)) %>% arrange(desc(n)) %>% head()
names(scc_century)[1] <- "SCC century"</pre>
names(IN_component_century)[1] <- "In century"</pre>
names(OUT component century)[1] <- "Out century"</pre>
names(tube_component_century)[1] <- "Tube century"</pre>
names(scc_century)[2] <- "SCC count"</pre>
names(IN_component_century)[2] <- "In count"</pre>
names(OUT_component_century)[2] <- "Out count"</pre>
names(tube_component_century)[2] <- "Tube count"</pre>
cbind(scc_century, IN_component_century, OUT_component_century, tube_component_century) %>%
  gt() %>%
  tab_header("Top Five Century in SCC, IN Component, OUT Component, Tube") %>%
  tab_spanner(
    label = "SCC",
    columns = c("SCC century", "SCC count")
  ) %>%
  tab_spanner(
    label = "IN Component",
    columns = c("In century", "In count")
```

```
) %>%
tab_spanner(
  label = "OUT Component",
  columns = c("Out century", "Out count")
) %>%
tab_spanner(
  label = "Tube Component",
  columns = c("Tube century", "Tube count")
)
```

Top Five Century in SCC, IN Component, OUT Component, Tube

SC	С	IN Com	ponent	OUT Cor	nponent	Tube Con	nponent
SCC century	SCC count	In century	In count	Out century	Out count	Tube century	Tube count
19	1871	19	1090	19	112	20	8
18	1133	20	789	20	52	19	3
20	597	18	419	18	39	18	1
17	595	17	170	17	10	20	8
16	474	16	120	16	4	19	3
15	118	13	36	13	3	18	1

#### Section 3 - Centrality / Authority

3.1 Produce a table that shows the most influential people in each century using 3 different measures of centrality/authority

```
library(sjmisc)
```

## Warning: package 'sjmisc' was built under R version 4.1.3

```
century_data <- list(
  induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 9]),
  induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 10]),
  induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 11]),
  induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 12]),
  induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 13]),
  induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 14]),
  induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 15]),
  induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 16]),
  induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 17]),
  induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 17]),
  induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 18]),</pre>
```

```
induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 19]),
  induced.subgraph(dib_graph, V(dib_graph)[V(dib_graph)$century == 20]))
page_rank <- vector(mode = "list", length = 12)</pre>
katz_centrality <- vector(mode = "list", length = 12)</pre>
eigen centrality <- vector(mode = "list", length = 12)</pre>
between <- vector(mode = "list", length = 12)</pre>
close <- vector(mode = "list", length = 12)</pre>
century_list <- c("9th century",</pre>
                   "10th century",
                   "11th century",
                   "12th century",
                   "13th century",
                   "14th century",
                   "15th century",
                   "16th century",
                   "17th century",
                   "18th century",
                   "19th century",
                   "20th century")
names(century_data) <- century_list</pre>
for(i in 1:length(century_data)){
  page_rank[[i]] <- page_rank(century_data[[i]], directed = TRUE, damping = 0.85)$vector</pre>
  page_rank[[i]] <- page_rank[[i]] %>% sort(decreasing = TRUE) %>% head(1)
  page_rank[[i]] <- paste(names(page_rank[[i]]),"\n",round(page_rank[[i]],2))</pre>
  eigen_centrality[[i]] <- eigen_centrality(century_data[[i]], weights=NA)$vector</pre>
  eigen_centrality[[i]] <- eigen_centrality[[i]] %>% sort(decreasing = TRUE) %>% head(1)
  eigen_centrality[[i]] <- paste(names(eigen_centrality[[i]]),"\n",round(eigen_centrality[[i]],2))</pre>
  between[[i]] <- betweenness(century_data[[i]], weights=NA)</pre>
  between[[i]] <- between[[i]] %>% sort(decreasing = TRUE) %>% head(1)
  between[[i]] <- paste(names(between[[i]]),"\n",round(between[[i]],2))</pre>
}
out <- tibble("Page Rank" = unlist(page rank),</pre>
               "Eigen Centrality" = unlist(eigen_centrality),
               "Between" = unlist(between))
out <- rotate df(out)</pre>
colnames(out) <- century_list</pre>
out <- as.data.frame(out)</pre>
# kbl(out[c('9th century', '10th century', '11th century', '12th century')],
      caption = "1. Centrality for centuries from 9th to 12th", format = "latex") %>%
# kable_styling(full_width = T, latex_options = "striped", position = "center") %>%
# kable_material()
```

```
# kbl(out[c('10th century', '11th century', '12th century', '13th century')],
      caption = "2. Centrality for centuries from 10th to 13th", format = "latex") %>%
#
   kable_styling(full_width = T, latex_options = "striped", position = "center") %>%
#
   kable classic 2()
# kbl(out[c('14th century', '15th century', '16th century', '17th century')],
      caption = "3. Centrality for centuries from 14th to 17th", format = "latex") %>%
  kable styling(full width = T, latex options = "striped", position = "center") %>%
#
   kable_minimal()
# kbl(out[c('18th century', '19th century', '20th century')],
      caption = "4. Centrality for centuries from 18th to 20th", format = "latex") %>%
    kable_styling(full_width = T, latex_options = "striped", position = "center") %>%
   kable_paper()
out[c('9th century', '10th century', '11th century', '12th century')] %>%
 gt() %>%
 tab_header(
   title = "1. Centrality for centuries from 9th to 12th"
 )
```

### 1. Centrality for centuries from 9th to 12th

9th century	10th century	11th century	12th century
Flann Sinna 0.15	Brian Boru 0.1	Muirchertach Ua Briain 0.09	John (King of England) 0.06
Flann Sinna 1	Brian Boru 1	Muirchertach Ua Briain 1	Ruaidrà Ua Conchobair 1
Flann Sinna 142.75	Brian Boru 588.5	Muirchertach Ua Briain 378.77	Ruaidrà Ua Conchobair 2024.17

```
out[c('10th century', '11th century', '12th century', '13th century')] %>%
    gt() %>%
    tab_header(
    title = "2. Centrality for centuries from 10th to 13th"
)
```

#### 2. Centrality for centuries from 10th to 13th

10th century	11th century	12th century	13th century
Brian Boru 0.1	Muirchertach Ua Briain 0.09	John (King of England) 0.06	Richard Burgh 0.05
Brian Boru 1	Muirchertach Ua Briain 1	Ruaidrà Ua Conchobair 1	Richard Burgh 1
Brian Boru 588.5	Muirchertach Ua Briain 378.77	Ruaidrà Ua Conchobair 2024.17	Richard Burgh 3101.82

```
out[c('14th century', '15th century', '16th century', '17th century')] %>%
    gt() %>%
    tab_header(
    title = "3. Centrality for centuries from 14th to 17th"
)
```

### 3. Centrality for centuries from 14th to 17th

14th century	15th century	16th century	17th century
Richard II 0.08 James Butler 1 Brian Sreamach O'Brien 1700.38	Gerald FitzGerald 0.07	Hugh O'Neill 0.03	James Butler 0.06
	Gerald FitzGerald 1	Hugh O'Neill 1	James II and VII 1
	Gerald FitzGerald 3849.48	Hugh O'Neill 56377.55	Richard Talbot 105638.08

```
out[c('18th century', '19th century', '20th century')] %>%
    gt() %>%
tab_header(
   title = "4. Centrality for centuries from 18th to 20th"
)
```

## 4. Centrality for centuries from 18th to 20th

18th century	19th century	20th century
Daniel O'Connell 0.03	Charles Stewart Parnell 0.02	Jack Lynch 0.02
Wolfe Tone 1	Éamon De Valera 1	Garret FitzGerald 1
Wolfe Tone 163882.44	Éamon De Valera 646034.3	Garret FitzGerald 182099.03

```
dib_graph<- dib_graph + vertices("Smitesh Patil")</pre>
dib_graph<- dib_graph + edges("Margaret Alice Joyce", "Smitesh Patil")</pre>
vertices <- V(dib_graph)</pre>
in_tendril = c()
Tendril = vertices[!(vertices$name %in% c(scc, IN_component, OUT_component, tube))]$name
nodes_IN_component_Tendrils <- vertices[vertices$name %in% c(Tendril, IN_component)]</pre>
g_IN_component_Tendrils <- induced.subgraph(dib_graph, nodes_IN_component_Tendrils)</pre>
for (v in Tendril){
  paths <- all_simple_paths(g_IN_component_Tendrils, from=v,to = V(g_IN_component_Tendrils)[IN_component
  if(length(paths) > 0){
    in_tendril <- c(in_tendril, v)</pre>
  }
}
for (v in in_tendril){
  paths <- all_simple_paths(g_IN_component_Tendrils, from= v, to = V(g_IN_component_Tendrils)[IN_component_Tendrils)
  if(length(paths) > 0){
    in_tendril <- in_tendril[!v]</pre>
}
```

for (v in out\_tendril){

```
paths <- all_simple_paths(g_OUT_component_Tendrils, from= v, to = V(g_OUT_component_Tendrils)[OUT_component_tendrils]
if(length(paths) > 0){
   out_tendril <- out_tendril[!v]
}
</pre>
```