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Machine Learning with Python-From Linear Models to Deep Learning

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4. Hinge Loss and Objective Function

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Hinge Loss and Objective Function

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OK.

So now, our regularization goal here is to maximize the distance that the margin boundaries are from the decision boundaries.

This will be our regularization type, OK?

Now, we can proceed to define the



Video

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Hinge Loss Exercise 1

3/3 points (graded)

Compute the output of Hinge Loss function (as described in the video) for the following values:

$\text{Loss}_h(0) =$ ✓

$\text{Loss}_h(0.2) =$ ✓

$\text{Loss}_h(-10) =$ ✓

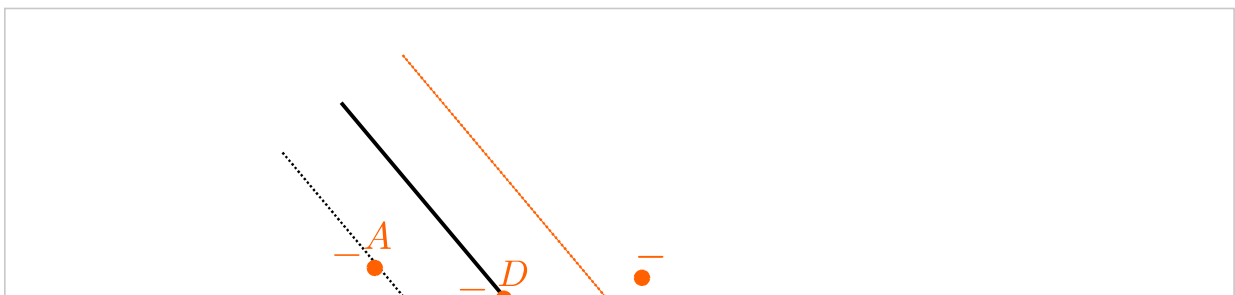
Submit

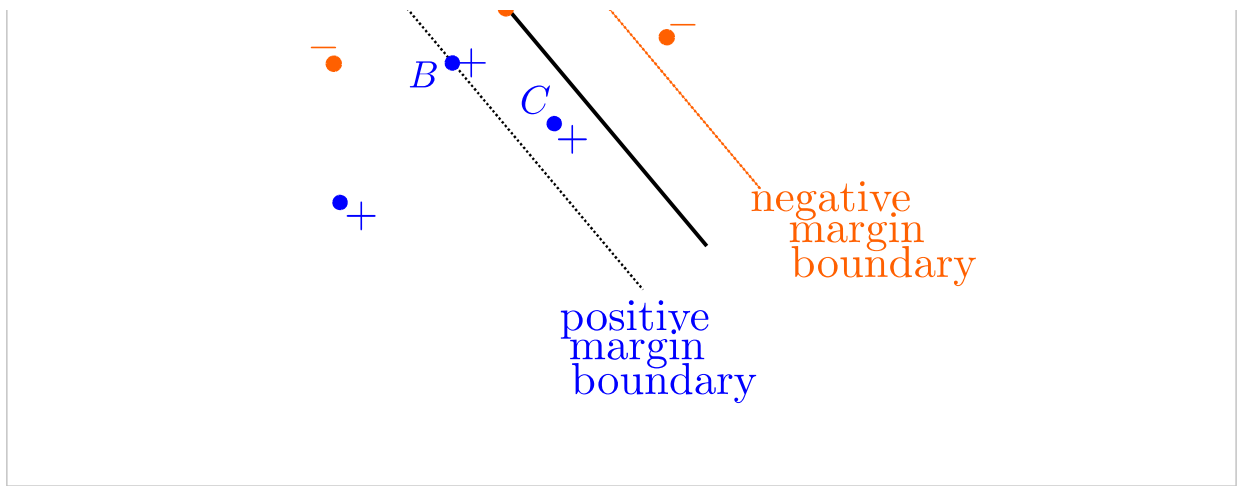
You have used 1 of 2 attempts

Hinge Loss Exercise 2

4/4 points (graded)

In a 2 dimensional space, there are points A, B, C, D as depicted below. Let $A = (x_a, y_a), B = (x_b, y_b), C = (x_c, y_c), D = (x_d, y_d)$.





What is the hinge loss of point A , $\text{Loss}_h(y^{(a)}(\theta \cdot x^{(a)} + \theta_0))$?

☐ 0

☐ between 0 and 1

☐ 1

☒ 2



What is the hinge loss of point B , $\text{Loss}_h(y^{(b)}(\theta \cdot x^{(b)} + \theta_0))$?

☒ 0

☐ between 0 and 1

☐ 1



What is the hinge loss of point C , $\text{Loss}_h(y^{(c)}(\theta \cdot x^{(c)} + \theta_0))$?

☐ 0

☒ between 0 and 1

☐ 1



What is the hinge loss of point D , $\text{Loss}_h(y^{(d)}(\theta \cdot x^{(d)} + \theta_0))$?

☐ 0

☐ between 0 and 1

☒ 1



Submit

You have used 3 of 3 attempts

Regularization

1/1 point (graded)

Remember that for points (x, y) on the boundary margin, the distance from the decision boundary to (x, y) is $\frac{1}{\|\theta\|}$. Thus

$$y^{(i)} (\theta \cdot x^{(i)} + \theta_0) = 1.$$

And

$$\frac{y^{(i)} (\theta \cdot x^{(i)} + \theta_0)}{\|\theta\|} = \frac{1}{\|\theta\|}.$$

Now our goal is to maximize the margin, that is to maximize $\frac{1}{\|\theta\|}$. Which of the following is **NOT** equivalent to maximizing $\frac{1}{\|\theta\|}$?

☐ maximizing $\frac{1}{\|\theta\|^2}$

☐ minimizing $\|\theta\|$

☒ maximizing $\sqrt{\|\theta\|}$



Submit

You have used 1 of 2 attempts

Objective

1/1 point (graded)

Remember that our objective is given as

$$J(\theta, \theta_0) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \text{Loss}_h(y^{(i)} (\theta \cdot x^{(i)} + \theta_0)) + \frac{\lambda}{2} \|\theta\|^2.$$

Our goal is to minimize this objective J . Now, which of the following is true if we have a large λ ?

☒ We put more importance on maximizing the margin than minimizing errors

☐ We put more importance on minimizing the margin than minimizing errors

☐ We put more importance on maximizing the margin than maximizing errors

☐ We put more importance on minimizing the margin than maximizing errors

