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Machine Learning with Python-From Linear Models to Deep Learning

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5. RNN Decoding

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Decoding

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So how do we use these RNN models now
to translate a vector into a sentence,
rather than just generating a sentence
from scratch?

The only difference really is the initial
state.

So previously, we didn't have any
initial state

Video

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Transcripts

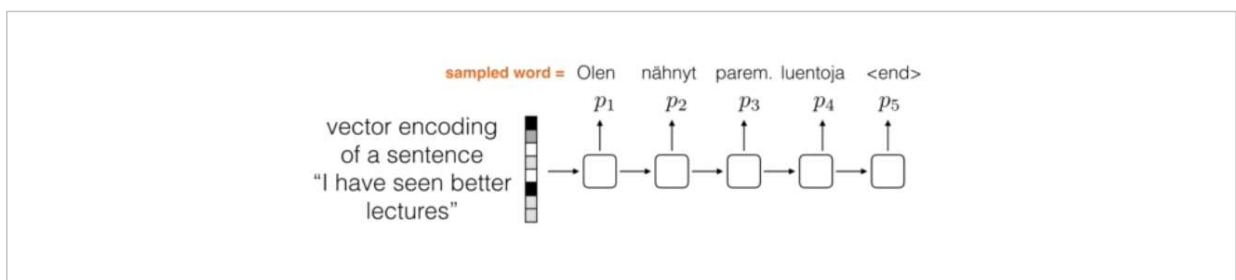
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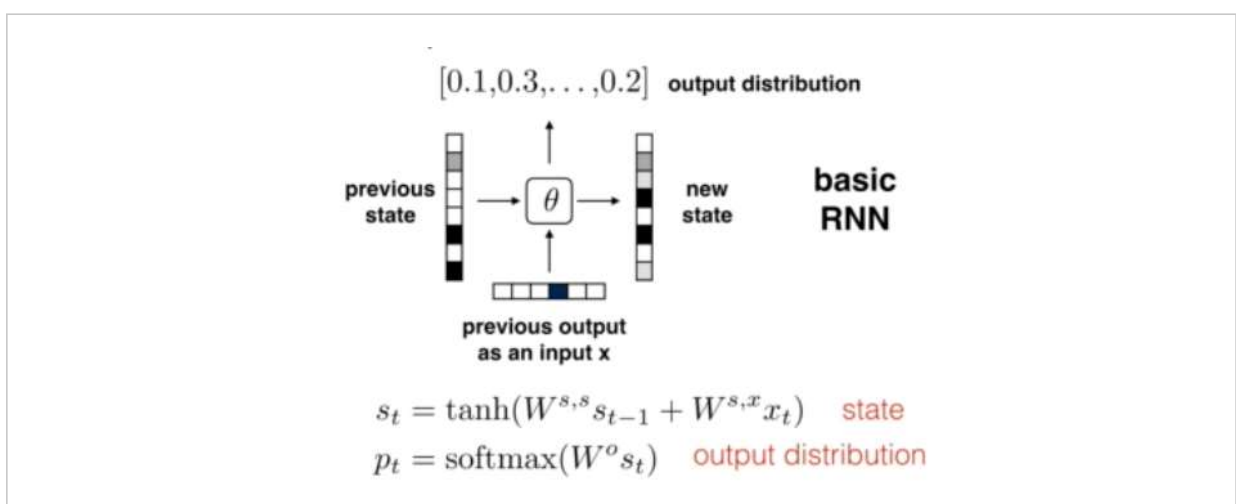
Decoding with RNN

1/1 point (graded)

Now, we would like to decode a feature vector with RNN's. The picture below illustrates how a vector encoding of the English sentence "I have seen better lectures" is translated into a sentence of a foreign language.



Unlike in encoding, at each step, an output distribution p_t is produced in a decoding RNN.



Now, which of the following is true about decoding RNN's?
(Choose all those apply.)

- ☐ In the translating example above, the output probability distribution p_t is fed as an input to the next step
- ☐ The probability distribution p_t is the same at each step, just like how parameters are shared between steps
- ☒ In the first image, the foreign word "Olen" in the above picture is a "sampled" result from a distribution the RNN produced.



Solution:

As shown in the figure, it is the previous output x_t but not the output probability distribution p_t is fed into the next step. The probability distribution is different at each step as it propagated from the beginning state. With the probability distribution at each step, the output word is then sampled from the distribution.

Submit

You have used 1 of 2 attempts

i Answers are displayed within the problem

Predictions

1/1 point (graded)

Suppose we are building an RNN model to translate images into sentences, as described in the lecture. Which of the following is only done in generating the predictions of sentences from a trained RNN given the **test** images but **not** in the training process?

- ☒ Feeding the sampled output as part of the input to the next time step
- ☐ Calculating what percentage of words the RNN correctly generated
- ☐ Feeding in the hidden state as input each time step



Solution:

All of the above are done during training except using the sampled output as input. In training, you use the true words specified as input for the next time step. However, in testing you want to predict the sentence on your own, so you use the sampled output at one time step as the input for the next step.

Submit

You have used 1 of 2 attempts

i Answers are displayed within the problem

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RNN Decoding

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☒ [Why sampling from a distribution in decoding?](#)

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💬	[staff].progress computed incorrectly. Hi, my overall score and percentage does not seem to tally with the individual problem score for this lecture, would it be possible to rect...	1
💬	Getting More Practice - building up from Zero to Hero (ATTN STAFF) I have listened to these lecture videos and done the exercises. This is all very interesting and important stuff. Where does one find more...	10
💬	I mean this is literally the worst video in this course so far I watched it 4 times now and it's not any clearer to me what is being talked about. Had to read multiple blog posts via Google to even be...	1
💬	Vague lecture Sometimes, the language of the lecture is really vague and unclear.	1
💬	I found this lecture particularly unclear One big omission is how to train the RNN Is the RNN trained in two stages. Firstly the vector encoding of the sentence. And secondly the...	11
✅	[STAFF] Completely lost with Predictions problem It seems, I need help with understanding of the meaning of Answer variants. As I understand problem description, it is necessary to find...	11
💬	Last Question was not clear I was confused by the the language of the last question. I got it wrong.	1
?	[staff] my progress is calculated incorrectly Please check and correct my progress for this lecture	4
?	[staff] L11.5 video segment jumped over 5 slides Hi The Lec.11-4 video segment stopped at slide #18 and Lec11-5 video segment starts at slide #24 !! What happened to the video/lectur...	1

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