HW-2

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Q1

a

As $V_{GS} = V_{DD} - V_{OH}$ and only when $V_{OH} \leq V_{DD} - V_{Th}$ could guarentee the transistor is turned on. And the maximum value is the output voltage before t = 0

$$V_{OH} = V_{DD} - V_{Th}$$

$$= V_{DD} - V_{T0} - \gamma(\sqrt{2|\phi_F|} + V_{OH} - \sqrt{2|\phi_F|})$$
(1)

Therefore,

$$2|\phi_F| + V_{OH} + \gamma(\sqrt{2|\phi_F| + V_{OH}}) - (V_{DD} - V_{T0} + \sqrt{2|\phi_F|} + 2|\phi_F|) = 0 \quad (2)$$

So,

$$\sqrt{2|\phi_F| + V_{OH}} = -\frac{\gamma}{2} + \sqrt{\frac{\gamma^2}{4} + V_{DD} - V_{T0} + \gamma\sqrt{2|\phi_F|} + 2|\phi_F|}$$
 (3)

Then, finally:

$$V_{OH} = \frac{\gamma^2}{2} + V_{DD} - V_{T0} + \gamma \sqrt{2|\phi_F|}$$

$$-\gamma \sqrt{\frac{\gamma^2}{4} + V_{DD} - V_{T0} + \gamma \sqrt{2|\phi_F|} + 2|\phi_F|}$$

$$= V_{DD} - 0.4 \times \sqrt{V_{DD} + 0.52} - 0.04(V)$$
(4)

 \mathbf{c}

When $t \to \infty$,

$$V_{out} = I_{DSAT}R_{SW}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\kappa \frac{W}{L} [V_{DD} - V_{out} - V_{T0} - \gamma(\sqrt{2|\phi_F| + V_{out}} - \sqrt{2|\phi_F|})]^2 R_{SW}$$
(5)

b

As informed in the question, V_{Th} is constant and is the average of its maximum and minimum, which is

$$V_{Th} = V_{T0} + \frac{1}{2}\gamma(\sqrt{2|\phi_F| + V_{OH}} + \sqrt{2|\phi_F| + V_{out}}) - \gamma\sqrt{2|\phi_F|}$$
= (6)

As $V_{out} = V_{OH} \rightarrow V_{OH}/2$, $V_{DS} = V_{DD} - V_{OH} \rightarrow V_{DD} - V_{OH}/2$. Thus,

$$R_{eq} = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{V_{DD} - V_{OH}}{\frac{1}{2} \kappa (V_{DD} - V_{OH} - V_{Th})^2} + \frac{V_{DD} - V_{OH}/2}{\frac{1}{2} \kappa (V_{DD} - V_{OH}/2 - V_{Th})^2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{V_{DD} - V_{OH}}{\kappa (V_{DD} - V_{OH} - V_{Th})^2} + \frac{V_{DD} - V_{OH}/2}{\kappa (V_{DD} - V_{OH}/2 - V_{Th})^2}$$
(7)

$\mathbf{Q2}$

$$V_X = V_{DD} - I_{SD}R_1$$

$$= V_{DD} + \frac{1}{2}\kappa \frac{W}{L}(V_X - V_{in} + V_{Th})^2 [1 + \lambda(V_X - V_{in})]R_1$$

$$- (8)$$

 \mathbf{a}

b

$$1.5(V) = 2.5(V) - 0.5 \times (-30)^{-6} (A/V^2) \times \frac{W}{L} \times (1.5(V) - 0.4(V))^2$$

$$\times (1 - 0.1(V^{-1}) \times a.5(V)) \times 20 \times 10^3(\Omega)$$
(9)

Thus,

$$\frac{W}{L} = 3.24\tag{10}$$

Q3

 \mathbf{a}

$$t_{tLH} = 0.69R_{eq}C_L \tag{11}$$

b

$$\Delta t_{pLH} = 0.69 R_{eq} C_0 W_0 \tag{12}$$

 \mathbf{c}

$$t_{pHL} = 0.69RC_L$$

$$= (13)$$

 \mathbf{d}