#### **Advanced Data Structures**

# Heights

**HARD** 

There are n people arranged in a row from left to right to take a group photo. You are given an array a, where  $a_i$  represents the height of the i-th person (1 <= i <= n).

Person *i*'s satisfaction level is the total number of people that is shorter than person *i* before hitting the end of row or a person with a taller or equal height, in both directions.

For example, consider an array {1, 5, 2, 3, 2, 1}:

Person 4's satisfaction level is 3. To the left side, person 3 is the only shorter person before hitting a greater height; on the right side, persons 5 and 6 are both shorter than person 4.

Given an integer *n* and the array *a*, find out the satisfaction levels of each person.

## **Input Format**

The first line of input be 1 integer, *n*.

The next line of input will contain *n* space-separated integers, representing the array *a*.

#### **Output Format**

Output *n* integers, where the *i*-th integer represents the satisfaction level of the *i*-th person.

#### **Constraints**

- $-1 < n < 10^7$
- $-1 < a_i < 10^9$

#### Sample Input 1

6

152521

### Sample Output 1

020310