## 2장 6절 연습문제 풀이

## 2006년 3월 21일

1. 
$$x = \ln 2$$

$$\sinh x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2} = \frac{e^{\ln 2} - e^{-\ln 2}}{2} = \frac{2 - \frac{1}{2}}{2} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\cosh x = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} = \frac{e^{\ln 2} + e^{-\ln 2}}{2} = \frac{2 + \frac{1}{2}}{2} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\tanh x = \frac{\sinh x}{\cosh x} = \frac{3/4}{5/4} = \frac{3}{5}.$$

3. 
$$\sinh x = \frac{5}{12}$$

$$\cosh^2 x - \sinh^2 x = 1 \Longrightarrow \cosh x = \sqrt{1 + \sinh^2 x} = \sqrt{1 + \frac{25}{144}} = \frac{13}{12}.$$

4. 
$$\cosh x = \frac{5}{3} \Longrightarrow \operatorname{sech} x = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\tanh x = \pm \sqrt{1 - \operatorname{sech}^{2} x} = \pm \sqrt{1 - \frac{9}{25}} = \pm \frac{4}{5}.$$

**5.** 
$$\sinh x = \frac{12}{5}$$

6. 
$$\tanh x = -\frac{4}{5}$$

$$\coth x = \frac{1}{\tanh x} = -\frac{5}{4}$$

$$\operatorname{sech} x = \sqrt{1 - \tanh^2 x} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{16}{25}} = \frac{3}{5}, \quad \cosh x = \frac{1}{\operatorname{sech} x} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$\sinh x = \cosh x \tanh x = \frac{5}{3}(-\frac{4}{5}) = -\frac{4}{3}, \quad \operatorname{csch} x = \frac{1}{\sinh x} = -\frac{3}{4}.$$

19. 
$$y = 2\sinh 3x + 3\cosh 2x \Longrightarrow y' = 6\cosh 3x + 6\sinh 2x.$$

20. 
$$y = \ln \cosh 3x \Longrightarrow y' = \frac{3 \sinh 3x}{\cosh 3x} = 3 \tanh 3x$$

21. 
$$y = x \sinh x \Longrightarrow y' = \sinh x + x \cosh x.$$

22. 
$$y = \sinh x \cosh 2x \Longrightarrow y' = \cosh x \cosh 2x + 2 \sinh x \sinh 2x.$$

23. 
$$y = \sinh^2 x \Longrightarrow y' = 2\sinh x \cosh x = \sinh 2x.$$

24.  

$$y = e^{-x} \sinh 2x + \cosh^{n}(\frac{x}{n})$$

$$\implies y' = -e^{-x} \sinh 2x + 2e^{-x} \cosh 2x + n \cosh^{n-1}(\frac{x}{n}) \sinh(\frac{x}{n}) \frac{1}{n}$$

$$= -e^{-x} \sinh 2x + 2e^{-x} \cosh 2x + \cosh^{n-1}(\frac{x}{n}) \sinh(\frac{x}{n})$$

25. 
$$y=x^2 \ln \sinh x^2 \Longrightarrow y'=2x \ln \sinh x^2+x^2 \frac{2x \cosh x^2}{\sinh x^2}=2x \ln \sinh x^2+2x^3 \tanh x^2$$

$$y = e^x \sinh 2x + \coth(1 - x^2)$$

$$\implies y' = e^x \sinh 2x + 2e^x \cosh 2x - (-2x)\operatorname{csch}^2(1 - x^2)$$

$$= e^x \sinh 2x + 2e^x \cosh 2x + 2x\operatorname{csch}^2(1 - x^2)$$

27.

$$y = e^x \sinh x \Longrightarrow y' = e^x \sinh x + e^x \cosh x = e^x (\cosh x + \sinh x) = e^{2x}.$$

28.

$$y = \sinh(\sin x) + e^{\sinh x}$$
$$\Longrightarrow y' = \cosh(\sin x) \cdot \cos x + e^{\sinh x} \cosh x$$

29.

$$y = \operatorname{sech}^3 \frac{3x}{2} \Longrightarrow y' = 3\operatorname{sech}^2 \frac{3x}{2} \cdot (-\operatorname{sech}\ \frac{3x}{2} \tanh \frac{3x}{2}) \cdot \frac{3}{2} = -\frac{9}{2} \operatorname{sech}^3 \frac{3x}{2} \tanh \frac{3x}{2}$$

31.

$$y = \sinh(\ln x^2) \longrightarrow y' = \frac{2\cosh(\ln x^2)}{x}$$

33.

$$x \cosh y + y \sinh x = 1 \Longrightarrow \cosh y + x \sinh y \cdot y' + y' \sinh x + y \cosh x = 0$$
$$\Longrightarrow y'(x \sinh y + \sinh x) = -(\cosh y + y \cosh x)$$
$$\Longrightarrow y' = -\frac{\cosh y + y \cosh x}{x \sinh y + \sinh x}$$