## [12-5]

$$= (a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2)^2 \cdot (a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2)^2 = (a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + d^2)^4$$

$$= \left(\cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta\right) \cdot \left(\cos^2d + \sin^2d\right)$$

$$= 1.1 = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 (i)  $\text{Det}(A) = 21 + 8 + 30 - 9 - 20 - 28 = 2$ 

(ii) 
$$A_{11} = \begin{vmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & A_{12} = - \end{vmatrix} = -10$$
  $A_{13} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = 1$ 

$$A_{21} = -\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & A_{22} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 4$$
  $A_{23} = -\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 \end{vmatrix} = -3$ 

$$A_{31} = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = -1$$
  $A_{32} = -\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 2$   $A_{33} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -1$   $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$   $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$ 

$$3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -10 & 4 & 2 \\ 1 & -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \quad 1 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 \\ -10 & 4 & 2 \\ 1 & -3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

## [12-6]

#1. 
$$5 \times 1 + 3y + 3z = 4$$
  
 $2x + 6y - 3z = -2$   
 $8x - 3y + 2z = -9$ 

$$D = \begin{vmatrix} 5 & 3 & 3 \\ 2 & 6 & -3 \end{vmatrix} = 60 - 12 - 18 - 144 - 45 - 12$$

$$8 - 3 \quad 2 = -231$$

$$D_{M} = \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 3 & 3 \\ -2 & 6 & -3 \\ -1 & -3 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 48 + 63 + 18 + 126 - 36 + 12$$

$$= 231$$

#3. 
$$\begin{cases} x + y + z + u = 2 \\ 2x - y + 2z - u = -5 \\ 3x + 2y + 3z + 4u = 7 \\ x - 2y - 3z + 2u = 5 \end{cases}$$

$$D_{z} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & -5 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & -9 & -3 \\ 3 & 2 & 7 & 4 \\ 1 & -2 & 5 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -3 & -9 & -3 \\ 3 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -3 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$