Let V1, --, Vm be

row vectors in IR m and

let A be the mx n matrix

[V1] . Then U, V2, --, Vm are

Lym lin dep iff rankfAxm

[1,2,0], [1,1,-1], [1,4,2)

[1,2,0], [1,1,-1], [1,4,2)

[1,2,0]

[1,2,0]

[1,2,0]

[1,2,0]

[1,2,0]

[1,2,0]

[1,2,0]

[1,2,0]

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[1,2,0]

[1,2,0]

[1,2,0] Thm. Let VI, --, Vm be [1,2,0], [1,1,-1], [1,4,2]  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2'=R_3-R_1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ R3=R/+2R/[120]  $0 = R_3'' = R_3' + 2R_2' = (R_3 - R_1) + 2(R_3 - R_1)$ =-38,+282+83 TRM. A set of m vectors in IRM is linder it mim.