

by $\text{span}\{v_1, \dots, v_k\}$ or $\text{span}\{S\}$

ex. Show that $\text{span}\left(\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}\right) = \mathbb{R}^2$

sol. $\left[\begin{array}{cc|c} 2 & 1 & a \\ -1 & 3 & b \end{array}\right] \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -1 & 3 & b \\ 2 & 1 & a \end{array}\right]$

$$\rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cc|c} -1 & 3 & b \\ 0 & 7 & a+2b \end{array}\right] \rightarrow y = \frac{a+2b}{7}, \quad x = \frac{3a-b}{7}$$

$$\left(\frac{3a-b}{7}\right)\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + \frac{a+2b}{7}\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

Rem. $\mathbb{R}^2 \neq \text{span}\left(\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}\right)$

If $x\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + y\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix}$, then

$$x\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} + y\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + 0\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

Any set of vectors containing a spanning set will also be a spanning set.