

# ID2223 Project

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# Project Description

- ▶ Predict the solar radiation near Earth surface

## Data Samples

- ▶ **0.4 million samples**
- ▶ A typical sample looks like

lev	p	T	q	lwhr
0	19.231	-80.0	0.0	0.122
1	57.692	-80.0	0.0	0.451
2	96.154	-70.874	0.029	-1.229
3	134.615	-51.083	0.262	-2.732
4	173.077	-36.489	0.977	-3.429
5	211.538	-25.816	2.211	-3.574
6	250.0	-17.87	3.756	-3.536
7	288.462	-10.404	5.431	-3.802
8	326.923	-6.608	4.226	-2.198
9	365.385	-2.388	8.776	-4.203
10	403.846	1.264	10.375	-3.567
11	442.308	4.462	11.895	-3.146
12	480.769	7.318	13.347	-2.829
13	519.231	9.903	14.733	-2.598

# Data Samples

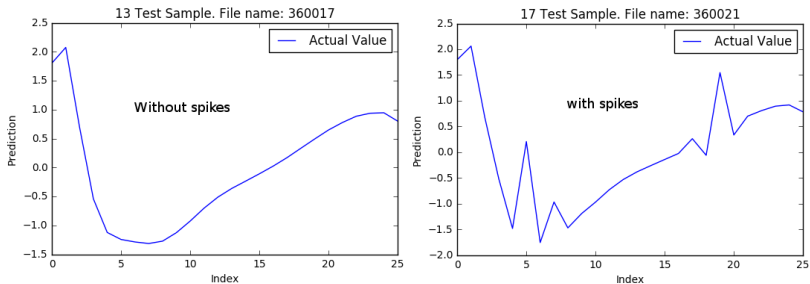


Figure 1: Data Samples

# Propose Solution

- ▶ Regression Problem
  - ▶ with 26 outputs
- ▶ Could be implemented using
  - ▶ Multivariate Regression
  - ▶ Feed Forward Neural Networks
  - ▶ **Convolution Neural Networks**

# Input

- ▶ Features
  - ▶ 26 values for T
  - ▶ 26 values for q
- ▶ Labels
  - ▶ 26 lwhr values

## Input (Cont'd)

- ▶ The input can be morphed into  $26 \times 2$  matrix
  - ▶ did not produce very promising results, as pooling can not shrink the width of the input matrix.
  - ▶ Min MSE observed was 0.3

<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>
.	.
.	.
.	.

Figure 2: 26x2 Input Matrix

## Input (Cont'd)

- ▶ The input can be morphed into  $8 \times 8$  matrix
  - ▶ padding is needed as there are only 52 input features

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
49	50	51	52	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Figure 3:  $8 \times 8$  Input Matrix



# Convolution Neural Network Model

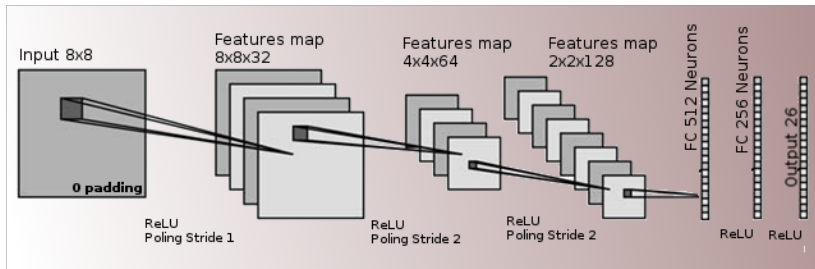


Figure 4: 8 x 8 Input Matrix

## Model Complexity

Layer	Size	Memory	Weights	Bias
Input	8x8x1	64	0	0
CONV	8x8x32	$8 \times 8 \times 32 = 2048$	$2 \times 2 \times 1 \times 32 = 128$	32
POOL	8x8x32	$8 \times 8 \times 32 = 2048$	0	0
CONV	8x8x64	$8 \times 8 \times 64 = 4096$	$2 \times 2 \times 1 \times 64 = 256$	64
POOL	4x4x64	$4 \times 4 \times 64 = 512$	0	0
CONV	4x4x128	$4 \times 4 \times 128 = 2048$	$2 \times 2 \times 1 \times 128 = 512$	128
POOL	2x2x128	$2 \times 2 \times 128 = 512$	0	0
FC	1x512	512	$2 \times 2 \times 128 \times 512 = 262144$	512
FC	1x256	256	$512 \times 256 = 131072$	256
OUT	1x26	26	$26 \times 256 = 6656$	26

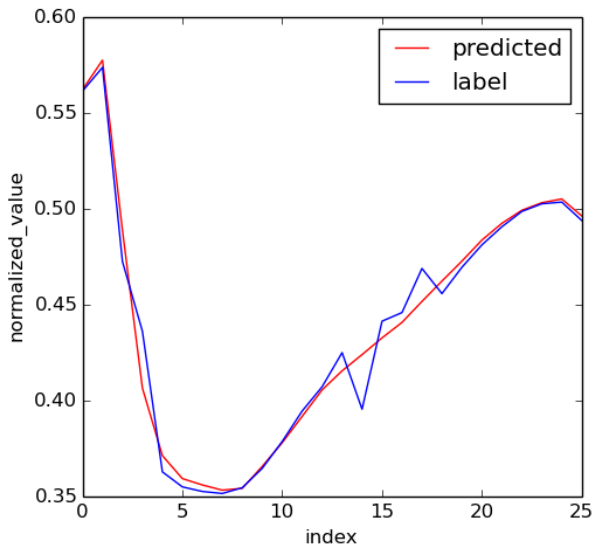
**Total memory =  $413908 \times 4$  bytes (*float32*)  $\times 2$  (back propagation) =  $3311264 = 3.1$  Megabytes**

# Evaluation Setup

- ▶ Training data set size 300,000 (75%).
- ▶ Test data set size 100,000 (25%).
- ▶ Inputs are normalized using max-min scaling
  - ▶  $X_{\text{norm}} = (X - X_{\text{min}}) / (X_{\text{max}} - X_{\text{min}})$
  - ▶  $X_s = (X - \text{Input}_{\text{mean}}) / (\text{Input}_{\text{std}})$
- ▶ Learning Rate 0.001
- ▶ Dropout 0.95
- ▶ Max number of Epochs 120000
- ▶ Batch Size 3
- ▶ Weights were randomly initialized such that the random numbers had *mean*=0.1 and *stddev*=0.3
- ▶ Bias were also randomly initialized such that the random numbers had *mean*=0 and *stddev*=0.03

## Results

- MSE drops to 0.003 but the network failed to predict the spikes



Questions ?