1091 - The Fastest Sorting Ever!

Sorting algorithms are essentially necessary in computer science. If there are **n** numbers then the best time to sort the numbers is **O(n log n)**. Here you are asked to write a code that will sort the numbers in ascending order using only 'if' and 'else' statements.

In your code, you should attach the function to print (as in sample) the numbers. In your codes you can use spaces freely, but be careful to use spaces in the printing format (as in the sample **printf**). It should be exact. And no lines should be empty.

Constraints

- 1. Your code should contain a function named **print()** which prints the variables. You can use spaces freely but the format in **printf** should be correct. There should be **n** parameters for **print()** and they are **a, b, c, ...** (ascending order). The **printf** (as in **C**) should print all of them in ascending order. First three lines should be the print function. See the samples.
- 2. Your code should contain a function named **sort()**. The parameters should be same as **print()**. It should contain three kinds of statements

```
a. if (x < y)
```

b. else

c. print(a, b, ...);

- 3. Every statement should be in a single line. And no line should be empty.
- 4. Nested **if** statements are allowed. And every **if** statement should have a corresponding **else** statement.
- 5. Assume that the inputs given to your code will be distinct. That means for any two given inputs \mathbf{x} , \mathbf{y} you can assume that $\mathbf{x} \neq \mathbf{y}$.
- 6. For a code for \mathbf{n} variables there should be exactly $\mathbf{n}! * 3 + 3$ lines (excluding the case).
- 7. Check the samples very carefully for other clarifications.

Input

Input starts with an integer T (≤ 7), denoting the number of test cases.

Each case contains an integer $n \ (1 \le n \le 7)$ denoting the numbers that will be given as input to your code.

Output

For each case, print the case number in a line. Then you have to print your code. Check the samples for the formatting details. There can be multiple solutions, print any valid solution.

```
Sample Input
                          Output for Sample Input
3
                           Case 1:
1
                           void print( int a ) {
2
                           printf( "%d\n", a );
3
                          void sort( int a ) {
                           print( a );
                          Case 2:
                          void print(int a, int b) {
                          printf( "%d %d\n",a,b);
                          void sort( int a, int b) {
                          if(b < a)
                          print( b, a );
                                    else
                                      print( a, b );
                          Case 3:
                          void print( int a, int b, int c ) {
                          printf( "%d %d %d\n", a, b, c );
                          void sort( int a, int b, int c ) {
                           if(a < b)
                            if(a < c)
                             if(b < c)
                              print( a, b, c );
                             else
                              print( a, c, b );
                            else
                             print( c, a, b );
                           else
                            if(b < c)
                              if(a < c)
                              print( b, a, c );
                             else
                              print( b, c, a );
                             else
                             print( c, b, a );
```