D602 - Deployment

QBN1 Task 2: Data Production Pipeline

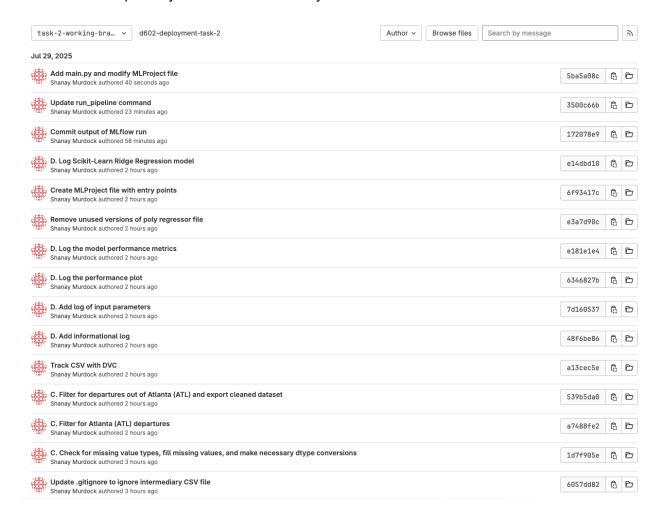
Prepared by Shanay Murdock

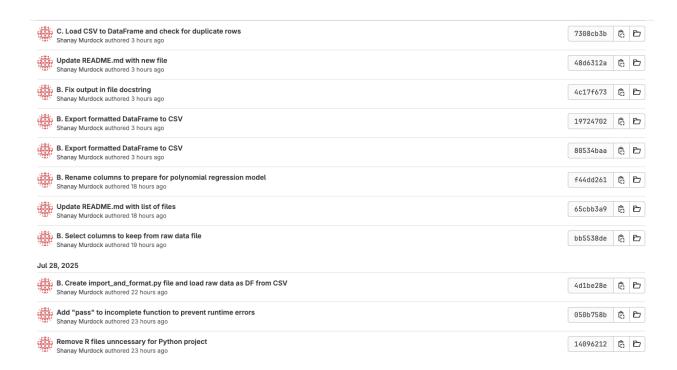
A. GitLab Repository

GitLab URL:

https://gitlab.com/wgu-gitlab-environment/student-repos/smurd32/d602-deployment-task-2/-/tree/task-2-working-branch?ref_type=heads

Screenshot of repository branch commit history with dates and comments





B. Import and Format Script

For Part B, I wrote a Python script called import_and_format.py that imported the raw CSV data: T_ONTIME_REPORTING.csv from the Bureau of Transportation Statistics. This script inspected the raw data, selected which columns to keep (as anyone downloading the data can choose any of the columns to add to the generated CSV) and filtered strictly to keep the columns necessary for the polynomial regression model that comes in Part D.

From there, I renamed the columns to match what the polynomial regression file asked for and exported the data from a DataFrame format to a CSV and called it formatted_flight_data.csv because it's an intermediary cleaning step and I didn't want it getting confused as the fully cleaned data.

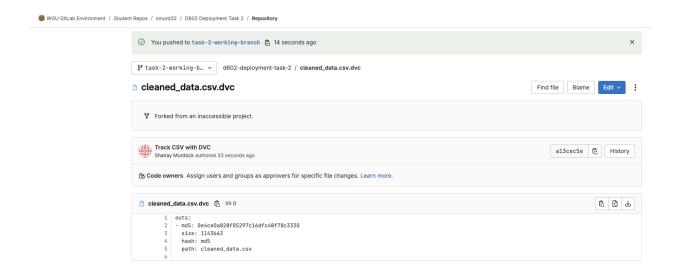
See screen shots below for the script:

🤚 import_and_format.py 🔓 1.76 KiB

#!/usr/bin/env python

```
2
    # coding: utf-8
 3
 4
 5
    Import and format flight data from the original CSV file.
 6
 7
    This scipt reads the raw flight data, selects necessary columns,
 8
    renames them according to the expected format, and saves the cleaned
 9
    data to a new CSV file.
10
11
    Output:
12
        formatted_flight_data.csv: CSV file containing the formatted data.
13
14
15
    import pandas as pd
16
    df = pd.read_csv('T_ONTIME_REPORTING.csv')
17
    #print(df.head().T) # Observe first five rows
18
    #print(df.shape) # (54562, 19) - 12 columns expected by poly_regressor
19
20
    # print(df.info()) # Observe data types and non-null counts
21
22
    # Select required columns
    # Note: This provides flexibility for reproducibility if someone downloads
23
    # extra data in the raw dataset.
24
25
    columns_to_keep = [
        'YEAR',
26
27
        'MONTH',
28
        'DAY_OF_MONTH',
29
        'DAY_OF_WEEK',
        'ORIGIN',
30
        'DEST',
31
32
        'CRS_DEP_TIME',
33
         'DEP_TIME',
34
        'DEP_DELAY',
35
        'CRS_ARR_TIME',
36
        'ARR_TIME',
37
        'ARR_DELAY'
    ]
38
39
    # Filter to keep only required columns
40
    df = df[columns_to_keep]
41
    # print(df.shape) # (54562, 12) - 12 columns expected by poly_regressor
42
43
    # Define column mapping from original to expected format
44
    column_mapping = {
45
        'YEAR': 'YEAR',
         'MONTH': 'MONTH',
46
47
         'DAY_OF_MONTH': 'DAY',
         'DAY_OF_WEEK': 'DAY_OF_WEEK',
48
49
         'ORIGIN': 'ORG_AIRPORT',
50
        'DEST': 'DEST_AIRPORT',
51
        'CRS_DEP_TIME': 'SCHEDULED_DEPARTURE',
        'DEP_TIME': 'DEPARTURE_TIME',
52
        'DEP_DELAY': 'DEPARTURE_DELAY',
53
         'CRS_ARR_TIME': 'SCHEDULED_ARRIVAL',
54
55
         'ARR_TIME': 'ARRIVAL_TIME',
         'ARR_DELAY': 'ARRIVAL_DELAY'
56
57
    }
58
59
    # Replace column titles with column_mapping
60
    df.rename(columns=column_mapping, inplace=True)
61
```

Screenshot of cleaned_data.csv.dvc . This is the metadata file generated by DVC, which was done after Part C where the data was cleaned:



C. Data Filtering Script

For Part C, I wrote a Python script called clean_and_filter.py that imported the output from Part B, formatted_flight_data.csv, and loaded it back into a DataFrame. From there, I further inspected the data, and checked for duplicate rows by dropping any duplicates or logging that no duplicates were found. I checked for missing data and found that data was missing from four numeric columns, so I filled the values with 0 in order to allow for type conversions in the next step. I converted any float columns to integer columns as appropriate for the data. Then I filtered the data for any flights originating out of Atlanta (ATL). Lastly, I exported the DataFrame to cleaned_data.csv for it to be picked up by the modified poly_regressor_Python_1.0.0.py file.

See screenshot of script below:

```
e clean_and_filter.py 🖺 1.47 KiB
           #!/usr/bin/env python
       2
           # coding: utf-8
       3
        4
       5
          clean_and_filter.py - Flight data filtering and cleaning script
       7
          This script imports the formatted flight data CSV file and filters and cleans it
           according to the requirements of the polynomial regression model.
       8
      10
          Input: formatted_flight_data.csv (formatted flight data)
      11
          Output: cleaned_data.csv (formatted for model consumption)
      12
                   cleaned_data.csv.dvc (DVC metafile)
      13
      14
      15 # Load libraries
      16 import pandas as pd
      17
      18 # Load the formatted flight data CSV file
      19 df = pd.read_csv('formatted_flight_data.csv')
      20
      21 # Check for duplicate rows
      22 duplicates = df.duplicated().sum()
      23 if duplicates > 0:
      24
               print(f"Found {duplicates} duplicate rows. Removing duplicates.")
      25
               df = df.drop_duplicates()
      26 else:
      27
               print("No duplicate rows found.")
      28
      29 # Check for missing values
      30 # print(df.isnull().sum())
      31 # Fill missing float or integer values with 0
      32 df.fillna(0, inplace=True)
      33
      34 # Check data types of each column
      35 # print(df.info())
      36 # Convert floats to integers where appropriate
      37 float_columns = ['DEPARTURE_TIME', 'DEPARTURE_DELAY', 'ARRIVAL_TIME', 'ARRIVAL_DELAY']
      38 df[float_columns] = df[float_columns].astype('int64')
      39
      40 # Filter for Atlanta (ATL) departures
      41 # Print formatted data shape
      42 | # print(f"Formatted data shape:\n\tRows: {df.shape[0]}\n\tColumns: {df.shape[1]}")
      43 df = df[df['ORG_AIRPORT'] == 'ATL']
      44 # Print formatted data shape
      45 # print(f"Filtered data shape:\n\tRows: {df.shape[0]}\n\tColumns: {df.shape[1]}")
      46
      47 # Save filtered data
       48 | df.to_csv('cleaned_data.csv', index=False)
```

D. MLflow Experiment

For poly_regressor_Python_1.0.0.py, I simply added the tracking of the artifacts, parameters, and metrics as per the instructions.

```
♦ 355
       356 # TO DO: create an MLFlow run within the current experiment that logs the following as artifacts, parameters,
       357 # or metrics, as appropriate, within the experiment:
        358 # 1. The informational log files generated from the import_data and clean_data scripts
       359 | # 2. the input parameters (alpha and order) to the final regression against the test data
       360 # 3. the performance plot
       361 # 4. the model performance metrics (mean squared error and the average delay in minutes)
        363 | with mlflow.start_run(experiment_id = experiment.experiment_id, run_name = "Final Model - Test Data"):
              # YOUR CODE GOES HERE
                # 1. The informational log files generated from the import_data and clean_data scripts
       365
               mlflow.log_artifact("polynomial_regression.txt")
               mlflow.sklearn.log_model(ridgereg, "final_model")
               # 2. the input parameters (alpha and order) to the final regression against the test data
        369
                mlflow.log_param("alpha", parameters[0])
        370
               mlflow.log_param("order", parameters[1])
        373
                # 3. the performance plot
        374
                mlflow.log_artifact("model_performance_test.jpg")
                # 4. the model performance metrics (mean squared error and the average delay in minutes)
        377
                 mlflow.log_metric("mean_squared_error", score)
       378
                mlflow.log_metric("average_delay_minutes", np.sqrt(score))
       379
        380 mlflow.end_run()
       382 logging.shutdown()
```

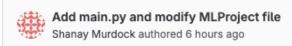
Below is a screenshot of main.py, which links import_and_format.py, clean_and_filter.py, and poly_regressor_Python_1.0.0.py for the MLProject file.

```
(° 13 4
🥏 main.py 🖺 695 B
          main.py - Run the complete flight delay prediction pipeline.
       5 import subprocess
          import sys
         import os
       9 def main():
      10
              Main function to run the entire pipeline.
      11
      12
      14
                  # Run the import and format script
      15
                 subprocess.run([sys.executable, 'import_and_format.py'], check=True)
                # Run the clean and filter script
      18
                 subprocess.run([sys.executable, 'clean_and_filter.py'], check=True)
      20
                 # Run the poly_regressor script
                  subprocess.run([sys.executable, 'poly_regressor_Python_1.0.0.py'], check=True)
      22
      23
              except subprocess.CalledProcessError as e:
                  print(f"An error occurred while running the pipeline: {e}")
```

E. MLProject Linking File

The MLProject file provides the project structure with entry points for the main pipeline and individual components.

See the screenshot below:



& Code owners Assign users and groups as approvers for specific file changes. Learn more.

```
MLProject (a 410 B
           name: flight_delay_prediction
           conda_env: pipeline_env.yaml
        3
        4
           entry_points:
        5
              main:
                   command: 'python main.py'
        6
        7
       8
              import_data:
       9
                   command: 'python import_and_format_data.py'
       10
       11
               clean_data:
       12
                   command: 'python clean_and_filter.py'
       13
               train_model:
      14
                   parameters:
       16
                       num_alphas: { type: int, default: 20 }
       17
                   command: 'python poly_regressor_Python_1.0.0.py {num_alphas}'
```

See the below screenshot to see the successful run of MLflow:

```
(pipeline_env) shanaymurdock@wc-dhcp25d029 d602-deployment-task-2 % mlflow run . -e main /opt/anaconda3/envs/pipeline_env/lib/python3.12/site-packages/mlflow/utils/requirements_utils.py:20: UserWarning: pkg_resources is depited as an API. See https://setuptools.pypa.io/en/latest/pkg_resources.html. The pkg_resources package is slated for removal as early as 25-11-30. Refrain from using this package or pin to Setuptools<81.
import pkg_resources # noqa: TID251
2025/07/29 14:59:23 INFO mlflow.utils.conda: Conda environment mlflow-c751e9444d9934631bb32d0bcefb3e7fe6d6a109 already exists. 2025/07/29 14:59:23 INFO mlflow.projects.utils: === Created directory /var/folders/mm/_tnhnc3525q9gjbq0kn3d74w0000gn/T/tmp2fhy15dw for nloading remote URIs passed to arguments of type 'path' === 2025/07/29 14:59:23 INFO mlflow.projects.backend.local: === Running command 'source /opt/anaconda3/bin/../etc/profile.d/conda.sh && cor activate mlflow-c751e944d9934631bb32d0bcefb3e7fe6d6a109 1-&2 && python main.py' in run with ID '3a71d66552d84d16bd71cd297810e0ec' === 2025/07/29 14:59:23 INFO mlflow.projects: === Run (ID '3a71d6552d84d16bd71cd297810e0ec') succeeded === (pipeline_env) shanaymurdock@wc-dhcp25d029 d602-deployment-task-2 %
```

F. Explanation (Challenges and Solutions)

Challenge: Understanding DVC as a new concept and where to implement it. I had committed the file using Git and had to learn how to remove the tracking from Git.

Solution: Install and import DVC (Tran 2025, pp. 185-187). Remove the tracked file from Git, upload the original file to Git but commit the cleaned data file to DVC so that the cleaned data can be tracked during the model run.

Challenge: Formatting MLProject file

Solution: I had to understand it's a yaml file with no file extension. I formatted the file contents based on a lesson from *Introduction to MLflow* course on DataCamp (Bassler, n.d.).

Challenge: MLflow server already in use.

Solution: The instructions provided didn't cover what to do in the event that I had to walk away from the project and come back to it. I kept getting errors that the server was already in use but the MLflow UI wasn't working if I just went back to the site. I found an article with a command line script for stopping the server but the prompt didn't work. I had to restart the computer and reactivate environment.

G. Resources

Bassler, W. (n.d.) *Introduction to MLflow*. DataCamp. https://app.datacamp.com/learn/courses/introduction-to-mlflow

Tran, K. (2025) *Production Ready Data Science: From Prototyping to Production with Python.* Self published.

WGU Official Course Resources