

# Direct Numeric Simulations: Turbulent Flows

## Challenges in Turbulence

Small scale structures require high resolution

Nonlinear term is relevant

Reynolds = Inertial / Viscous Forces = Captures Nonlinearity

$$\frac{\partial \vec{u}}{\partial t} + \vec{u} \cdot \nabla \vec{u} = \dots + \frac{1}{Re} \nabla^2 \vec{u}$$

## Approach

Extremely simplified physics: 2D, Incompressible, periodic

BC, homogeneous

Solve in Fourier space

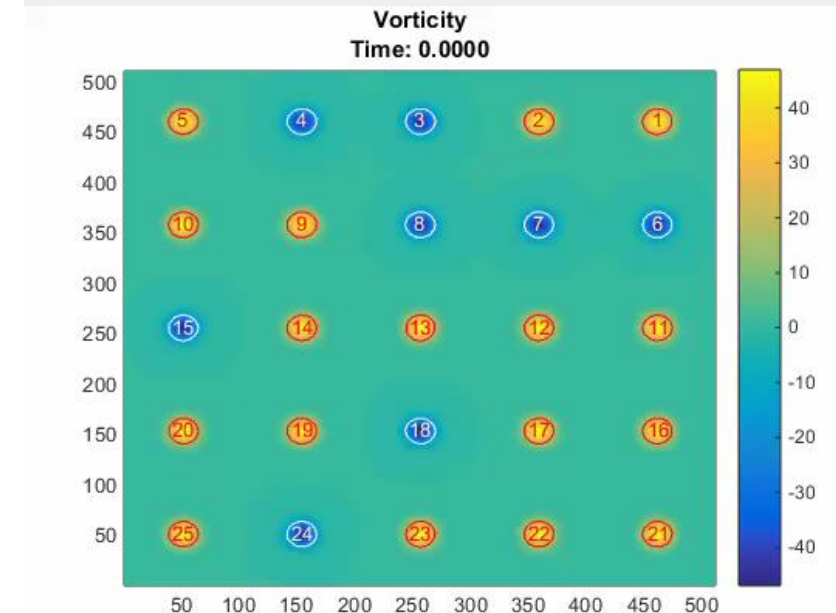
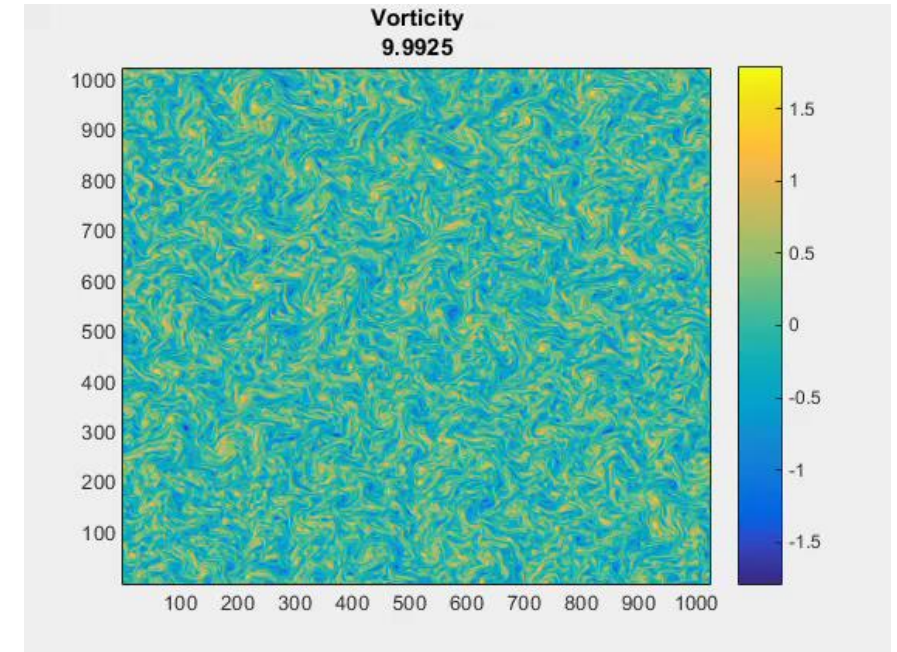
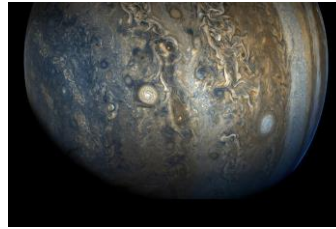
Use integration scheme to maximize  $\Delta t$

## Computational Problem

Higher  $Re \rightarrow$  refined mesh  $\rightarrow$  smaller  $\Delta t \rightarrow$  Increased cost

Turbulence is chaotic – many sims needed for reliable stats

Even with simplified physics simulations take a week



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## Short term work

Code Optimization

Parallel Programming

Post-process feedback to simulation

GPU Computing

Build cluster

## Long term work

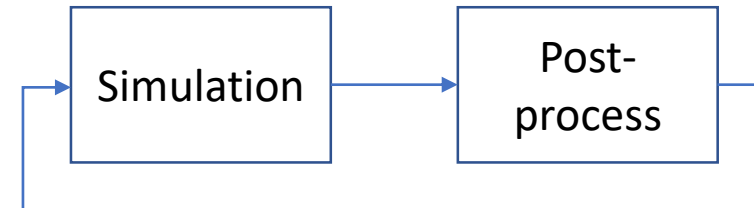
Model additional physics

3D turbulence

Heat transfer

Complex geometry

```
for k = 1:Num_Vortices
    Update_Perimeter()
    Update_Properties()
    Verify_Structure()
end
```



Update  $\Delta t$   
Update  $N$   
End loop