

CISC 7404 - Decision Making

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University of Macau

Review	3
Algorithms	5
Reward Optimization	14
Trajectory Optimization	27

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Do not forget individual participation grade!

### Review

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Diffusion models

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https://arxiv.org/pdf/2006.11239

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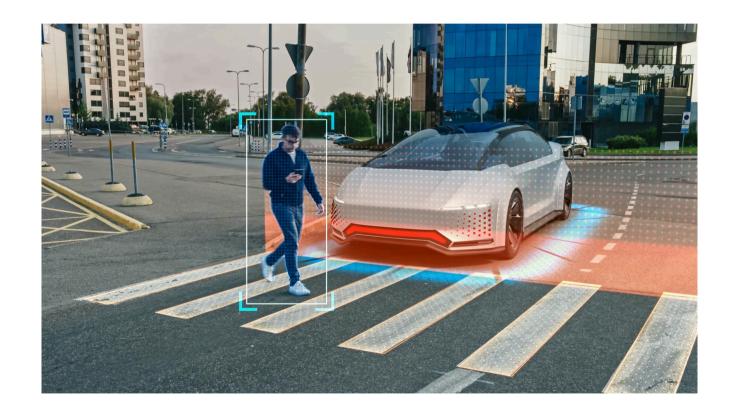
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It makes decisions for the agent

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https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6qj3EfRTtkE

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Critical part of Alpha-\* methods (AlphaGo, AlphaStar, AlphaZero)

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We want to find  $\tau$  that provides the greatest discounted return

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To understand what is hiding, let us examine the reward function

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Cannot know  $s_{t+1}$  with certainty, only know the distribution!

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**Question:** Ok, now what is the definition of R?

**Answer:** 

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**Question:** What do we like to do with random variables?

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**Question:** Why do we like to take the expectation of random variables?

**Answer:** It maps random processes to something we can maximize

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It will always act to maximize the expected reward

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This will create the best ad creator possible!

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We have one more thing to do

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**Question:** Do we know the second term?

**Answer:** It is more tricky

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This predicts the future states of an MDP

Combine  $s_{n+1}$  distribution with  $\mathcal R$  to predict future rewards

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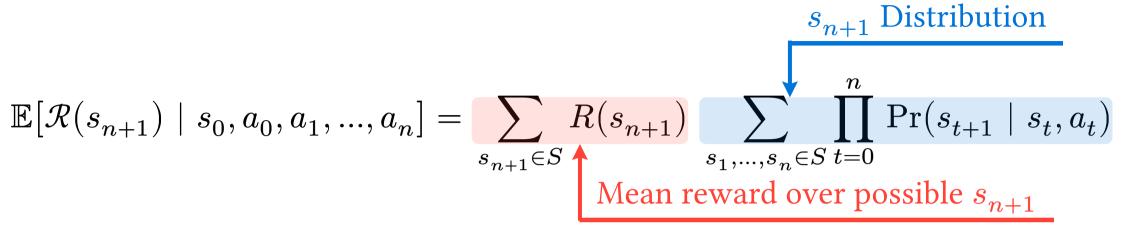
$$\mathbb{E}[\mathcal{R}(s_{n+1}) \mid s_0, a_0, a_1, ..., a_n] = \sum_{s_{n+1} \in S} R(s_{n+1}) \sum_{s_1, ..., s_n \in S} \prod_{t=0}^n \Pr(s_{t+1} \mid s_t, a_t)$$

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$$\pi(a_t \mid s_t; \theta) = \begin{cases} 1 \text{ if } a_t = \arg\max_{a_t \in A} \mathbb{E}[\mathcal{G}(\boldsymbol{\tau}) \mid s_0, a_0, a_1, \ldots] \\ 0 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$

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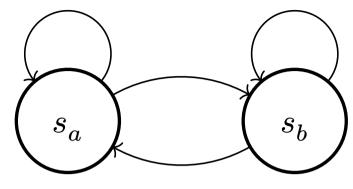
**Question:** Anyone know what we call it?

Answer: Model Predictive Control (MPC) or Receding Horizon Control

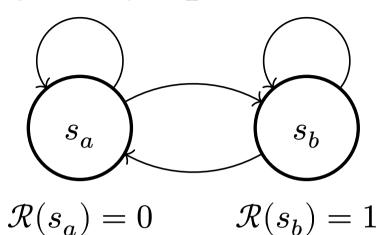
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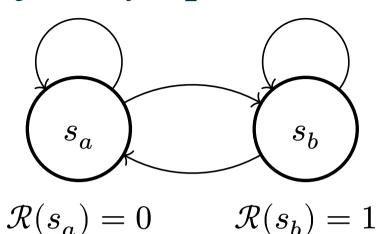
Let us do a visual example to help you understand



$$\mathcal{R}(s_a) = 0 \qquad \quad \mathcal{R}(s_b) = 1$$

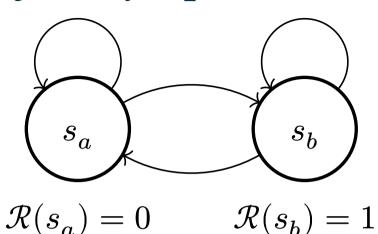


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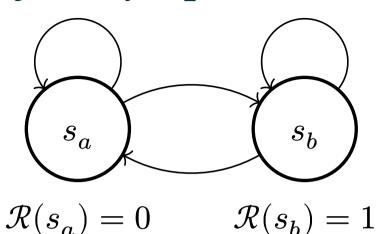
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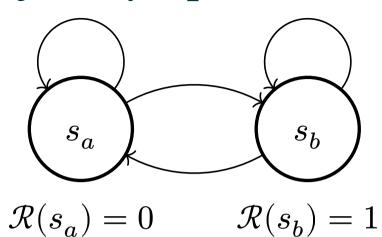


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We can build this into a decision tree using trajectory optimization

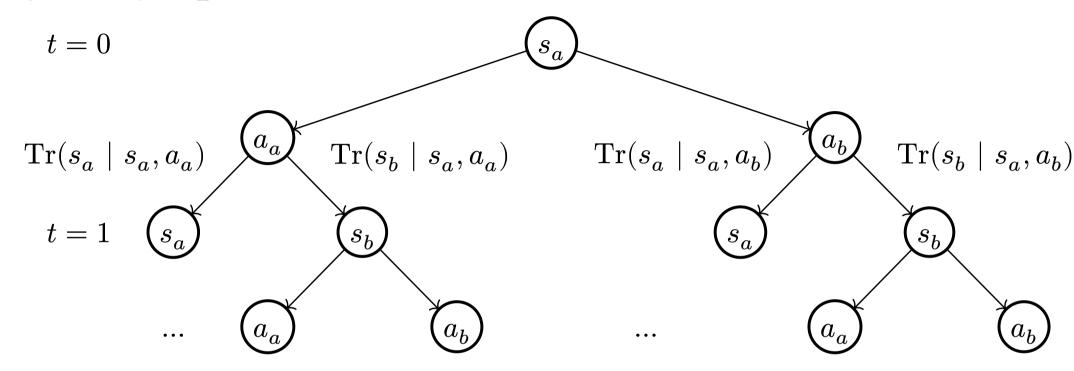
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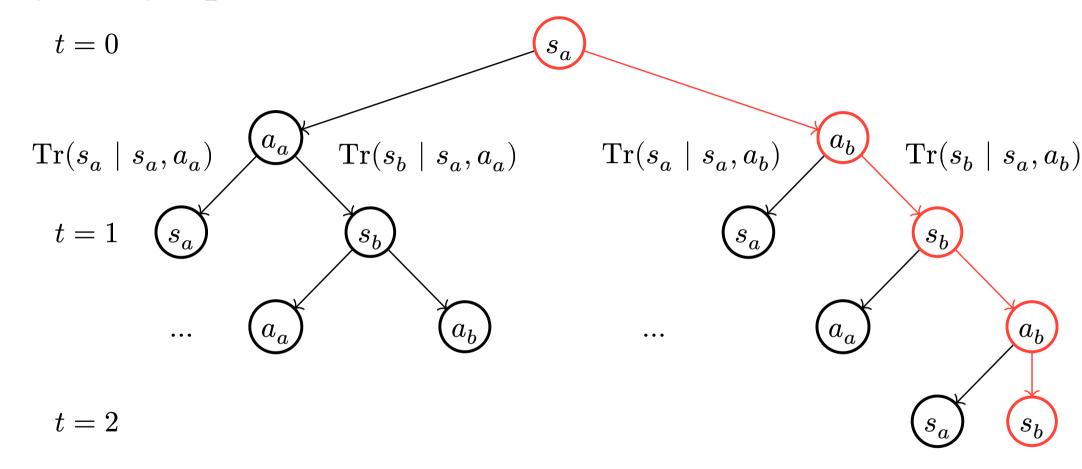
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Each level of the tree enumerates possible outcomes



$$t = 2$$

•



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We have some tricks to make this tractable

$$\mathop{\arg\max}_{a_0,a_1,\ldots\in A} \mathbb{E}[\mathcal{G}(\pmb{\tau})\mid s_0,a_0,a_1,\ldots] = \mathop{\arg\max}_{a_0,a_1,\ldots} \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \mathbb{E}\big[\mathcal{R}(s_{t+1})\mid s_0,a_0,...,a_t\big]$$

**Trick 1:** Introduce a **horizon** *n* 

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Now we can limit computation to  $O(|S| \cdot |A|)^n$ 

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**Answer:** We no longer consider the infinite future, our agent may get greedy and be trapped

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**Question:** Drawbacks?

**Answer:** Optimal action may not be sampled, results in less-optimal trajectory

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I plan to release assignment 1 next lecture