hw7

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[78]: import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import time
          1) Data generation
      m, n, s = 100, 500, 5
      np.random.seed(0)
      A = np.random.randn(m, n)
      x_star = np.zeros(n)
      p = np.random.permutation(n)
      x_star[p[:s]] = np.random.randn(s)
      b = A.dot(x_star)
      # True objective at x*, used for f-diff
      def objective(x, ):
          return np.linalg.norm(A.dot(x) - b)**2 + * np.linalg.norm(x, 1)
      # Soft-thresholding operator
      def soft_threshold(x, lam):
          return np.sign(x) * np.maximum(np.abs(x) - lam, 0.0)
      def subgradient_optimal(A, b, , x0, eps, max_iter=1000000):
          x = x0.copy()
          f_star = objective(x_star, )
          errors, f_diffs = [], []
          t_start = time.time()
          for k in range(1, max_iter + 1):
              grad_g = 2 * A.T.dot(A.dot(x) - b)
              subgrad_h = * np.sign(x)
              gk = grad_g + subgrad_h
              g_norm_sq = np.linalg.norm(gk)**2
              if g_norm_sq == 0:
                  break # Already optimal
              t = (objective(x, ) - f_star) / g_norm_sq
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x -= t * gk
        err = np.linalg.norm(x - x_star) / np.linalg.norm(x_star)
        errors.append(err)
       f_diffs.append(objective(x, ) - f_star)
        if err < eps:</pre>
            break
   return x, errors, f_diffs, time.time() - t_start
def ista_lasso(A, b, , x0, eps, max_iter=1000000):
   x = x0.copy()
   f_star = objective(x_star, )
         = 2 * np.linalg.norm(A, 2)**2
         = 1.0 / L
   errors, f_diffs = [], []
   t_start = time.time()
   for k in range(1, max_iter+1):
       grad_g = 2 * A.T.dot(A.dot(x) - b)
            = soft_threshold(x - t * grad_g, t * )
                 = np.linalg.norm(x - x_star) / np.linalg.norm(x_star)
        errors.append(err)
       f_diffs.append(objective(x, ) - f_star)
        if err < eps:</pre>
            break
   return x, errors, f_diffs, time.time() - t_start
# 3) Run experiments
 = 0.0001
eps_list = [1e-2, 1e-4, 1e-6]
results = {}
for eps in eps_list:
   x0 = np.zeros(n)
   x_sub, err_sub, f_sub, t_sub = subgradient_optimal(A, b, 0.0001, x0, eps)
   x_ist, err_ist, f_ist, t_ist = ista_lasso(A, b, 0.005, x0, eps)
   results[eps] = {
        'time': {'sub': t_sub, 'ista': t_ist},
        'f_diff': {'sub': f_sub[-1], 'ista': f_ist[-1]},
        'iters': {'sub': len(err_sub), 'ista': len(err_ist)},
        'errors': {'sub': err_sub, 'ista': err_ist},
        'f_traj': {'sub': f_sub,
                                    'ista': f_ist}
   }
   4) Bar-charts at termination
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= [f"{e:.0e}" for e in eps_list]
labels
xpos
         = np.arange(len(eps_list))
width
          = 0.35
sub_times = [results[e]['time']['sub'] for e in eps_list]
ista_times = [results[e]['time']['ista'] for e in eps_list]
sub_fdiff = [results[e]['f_diff']['sub'] for e in eps_list]
ista_fdiff = [results[e]['f_diff']['ista'] for e in eps_list]
   5) Convergence plots
for eps in eps_list:
   err_sub = results[eps]['errors']['sub']
   err_ist = results[eps]['errors']['ista']
   time_sub = np.cumsum([results[eps]['time']['sub'] / len(err_sub)] *__
 →len(err_sub))
   time_ist = np.cumsum([results[eps]['time']['ista'] / len(err_ist)] *__
 →len(err_ist))
   plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
   plt.semilogy(time_sub, err_sub, label='Subgradient')
   plt.semilogy(time_ist, err_ist, label='ISTA')
   plt.xlabel('Time (s)')
   plt.ylabel('Relative error ||x -x*|| /||x*|| ')
   plt.title(f'Convergence ( = {eps:.0e})')
   plt.legend()
   plt.grid(True, which='both', ls='--', lw=0.5)
   plt.tight_layout()
   plt.show()
```





