

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
```

```
In [545... data=pd.read_csv("supply_chain_data.csv")
```

```
In [220... data.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
In [108... data
```

Out[108...

	Product type	SKU	Price	Availability	Number of products sold	Revenue generated	Customer demographics	Stock level
0	haircare	SKU0	69.808006	55	802	8661.996792	Non-binary	
1	skincare	SKU1	14.843523	95	736	7460.900065	Female	
2	haircare	SKU2	11.319683	34	8	9577.749626	Unknown	
3	skincare	SKU3	61.163343	68	83	7766.836426	Non-binary	
4	skincare	SKU4	4.805496	26	871	2686.505152	Non-binary	
...
95	haircare	SKU95	77.903927	65	672	7386.363944	Unknown	
96	cosmetics	SKU96	24.423131	29	324	7698.424766	Non-binary	
97	haircare	SKU97	3.526111	56	62	4370.916580	Male	
98	skincare	SKU98	19.754605	43	913	8525.952560	Female	
99	haircare	SKU99	68.517833	17	627	9185.185829	Unknown	

100 rows × 24 columns

```
In [5]: data.describe()
```

Out[5]:

	Price	Availability	Number of products sold	Revenue generated	Stock levels	Lead times	Order quantities
count	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000
mean	49.462461	48.400000	460.990000	5776.048187	47.770000	15.960000	49.220000
std	31.168193	30.743317	303.780074	2732.841744	31.369372	8.785801	26.780000
min	1.699976	1.000000	8.000000	1061.618523	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000
25%	19.597823	22.750000	184.250000	2812.847151	16.750000	8.000000	26.000000
50%	51.239831	43.500000	392.500000	6006.352023	47.500000	17.000000	52.000000
75%	77.198228	75.000000	704.250000	8253.976921	73.000000	24.000000	71.250000
max	99.171329	100.000000	996.000000	9866.465458	100.000000	30.000000	96.000000

In [6]:

df=data.isnull().sum()

In [7]:

df

Out[7]:

Product type	0
SKU	0
Price	0
Availability	0
Number of products sold	0
Revenue generated	0
Customer demographics	0
Stock levels	0
Lead times	0
Order quantities	0
Shipping times	0
Shipping carriers	0
Shipping costs	0
Supplier name	0
Location	0
Lead time	0
Production volumes	0
Manufacturing lead time	0
Manufacturing costs	0
Inspection results	0
Defect rates	0
Transportation modes	0
Routes	0
Costs	0

dtype: int64

In [8]:

duplicate_rows = data[data.duplicated()]

In [9]:

duplicate_rows

Out[9]:

Product type	SKU	Price	Availability	Number of products sold	Revenue generated	Customer demographics	Stock levels	Lead times
0 rows × 24 columns								

In [10]:

```
data.dtypes
```

Out[10]:

```
Product type      object
SKU               object
Price            float64
Availability       int64
Number of products sold  int64
Revenue generated  float64
Customer demographics object
Stock levels      int64
Lead times        int64
Order quantities  int64
Shipping times    int64
Shipping carriers object
Shipping costs    float64
Supplier name     object
Location          object
Lead time         int64
Production volumes int64
Manufacturing lead time int64
Manufacturing costs float64
Inspection results object
Defect rates      float64
Transportation modes object
Routes            object
Costs             float64
dtype: object
```

In [11]:

```
data.astype("object")
```

Out[11]:

	Product type	SKU	Price	Availability	Number of products sold	Revenue generated	Customer demographics	Stc lev
0	haircare	SKU0	69.808006	55	802	8661.996792	Non-binary	
1	skincare	SKU1	14.843523	95	736	7460.900065	Female	
2	haircare	SKU2	11.319683	34	8	9577.749626	Unknown	
3	skincare	SKU3	61.163343	68	83	7766.836426	Non-binary	
4	skincare	SKU4	4.805496	26	871	2686.505152	Non-binary	
...
95	haircare	SKU95	77.903927	65	672	7386.363944	Unknown	
96	cosmetics	SKU96	24.423131	29	324	7698.424766	Non-binary	
97	haircare	SKU97	3.526111	56	62	4370.91658	Male	
98	skincare	SKU98	19.754605	43	913	8525.95256	Female	
99	haircare	SKU99	68.517833	17	627	9185.185829	Unknown	

100 rows × 24 columns



In [12]: data.head()["Product type"]

Out[12]: 0 haircare
1 skincare
2 haircare
3 skincare
4 skincare
Name: Product type, dtype: object

In [13]: data

Out[13]:

	Product type	SKU	Price	Availability	Number of products sold	Revenue generated	Customer demographics	Stc lev
0	haircare	SKU0	69.808006	55	802	8661.996792	Non-binary	
1	skincare	SKU1	14.843523	95	736	7460.900065	Female	
2	haircare	SKU2	11.319683	34	8	9577.749626	Unknown	
3	skincare	SKU3	61.163343	68	83	7766.836426	Non-binary	
4	skincare	SKU4	4.805496	26	871	2686.505152	Non-binary	
...
95	haircare	SKU95	77.903927	65	672	7386.363944	Unknown	
96	cosmetics	SKU96	24.423131	29	324	7698.424766	Non-binary	
97	haircare	SKU97	3.526111	56	62	4370.916580	Male	
98	skincare	SKU98	19.754605	43	913	8525.952560	Female	
99	haircare	SKU99	68.517833	17	627	9185.185829	Unknown	

100 rows × 24 columns



In [15]:

```
data.dtypes
```

```
Out[15]: Product type      object
SKU                  object
Price               float64
Availability         int64
Number of products sold  int64
Revenue generated    float64
Customer demographics  object
Stock levels        int64
Lead times          int64
Order quantities     int64
Shipping times       int64
Shipping carriers     object
Shipping costs       float64
Supplier name        object
Location             object
Lead time            datetime64[ns]
Production volumes   int64
Manufacturing lead time int64
Manufacturing costs  float64
Inspection results   object
Defect rates         float64
Transportation modes  object
Routes              object
Costs               float64
dtype: object
```

```
In [21]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import plotly.express as px
import plotly.graph_objects as go
```

1.What is the total revenue generated by each product type?

```
In [311... grouped_df=data.groupby("Product type")["Revenue generated"].sum()
pd.DataFrame(grouped_df)
```

Out[311...

Revenue generated	
Product type	
cosmetics	161521.265999
haircare	174455.390605
skincare	241628.162133

How does the distribution of sales vary across different customer segments?

```
In [43]: data["Customer demographics"].describe()
```

```
Out[43]: count      100
         unique        4
         top      Unknown
         freq       31
         Name: Customer demographics, dtype: object
```

```
In [317... grouped_df1=data.groupby("Customer demographics")["Revenue generated"].sum()
pd.DataFrame(grouped_df1)
```

Out[317...

Revenue generated	
Customer demographics	
Female	161514.489122
Male	126634.394260
Non-binary	116365.801520
Unknown	173090.133837

```
In [75]: sns.catplot(x = "Customer demographics",y="Revenue generated",data=data,kind="bar")
plt.title("Distribution of sales vary across different Customer Segments")
plt.legend(title='Customer demographics')
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\skala\Desktop\New folder\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\categorical.py:1794: FutureWarning:

use_inf_as_na option is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf values to NaN before operating instead.

C:\Users\skala\Desktop\New folder\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\categorical.py:1794: FutureWarning:

use_inf_as_na option is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf values to NaN before operating instead.

C:\Users\skala\Desktop\New folder\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\categorical.py:1794: FutureWarning:

use_inf_as_na option is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf values to NaN before operating instead.

C:\Users\skala\Desktop\New folder\Lib\site-packages\seaborn\categorical.py:1794: FutureWarning:

use_inf_as_na option is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf values to NaN before operating instead.

No artists with labels found to put in legend. Note that artists whose label start with an underscore are ignored when legend() is called with no argument.



Which product type has the highest and lowest average price?

```
In [136... max_price=data[data["Price"]==data["Price"].max()]

In [137... min_price=data[data["Price"]==data["Price"].min()]

In [135... max_price_product

Out[135...
Product type  SKU  Price  Availability  Number of products sold  Revenue generated  Customer demographics  Stoc
14  skincare  SKU14  99.171329  26  562  8653.570926  Non-binary  5

1 rows x 24 columns

In [154... max_price_product=max_price["Product type"].values[0]
max_price2=max_price["Price"].values[0]
```



```
In [155... min_price_product=min_price["Product type"].values[0]
min_price2=min_price["Price"].values[0]
```

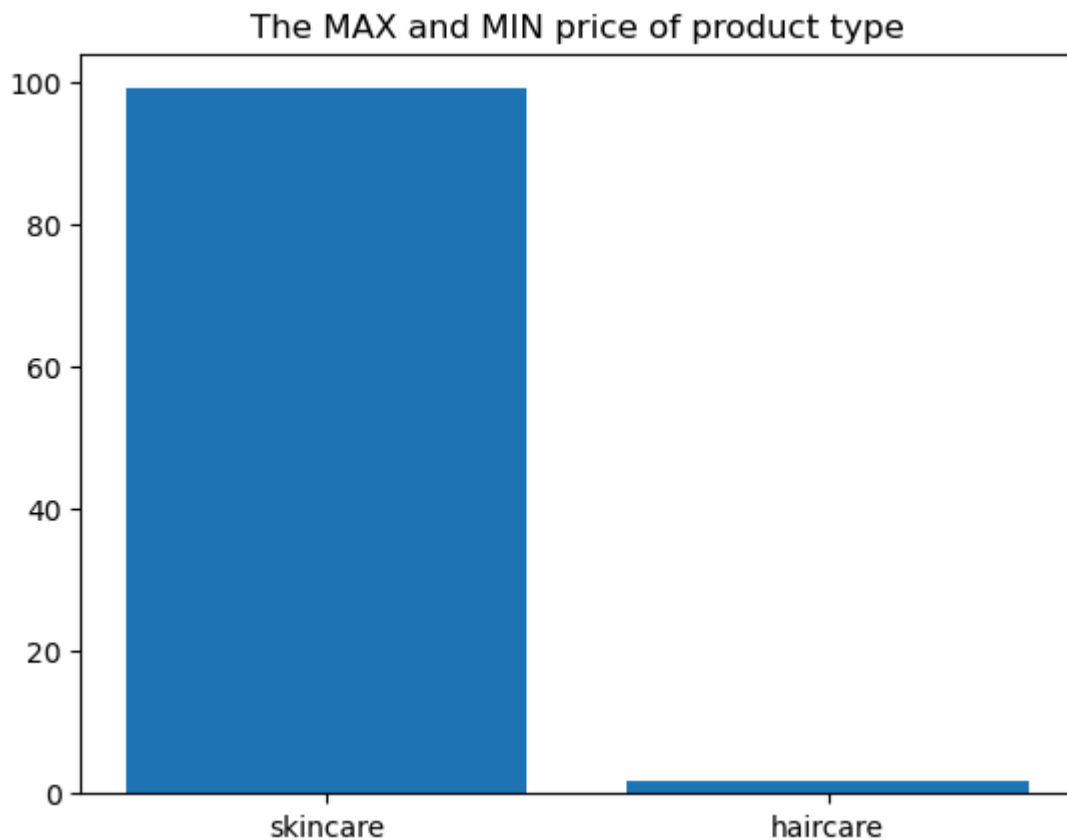
```
In [338... price=[max_price2,min_price2]
```

```
In [339... product=[max_price_product,min_price_product]
```

```
In [343... df =pd.DataFrame({'Product': product, 'high and low Price': price})
pd.DataFrame(df)
```

```
Out[343...   Product  high and low Price
0  skincare          99.171329
1  haircare          1.699976
```

```
In [697... plt.bar(product,price)
plt.title("The MAX and MIN price of product type")
plt.show()
```



```
In [222... average_prices=data.groupby("Product type")["Price"].mean()
```

```
In [223... average_prices
```

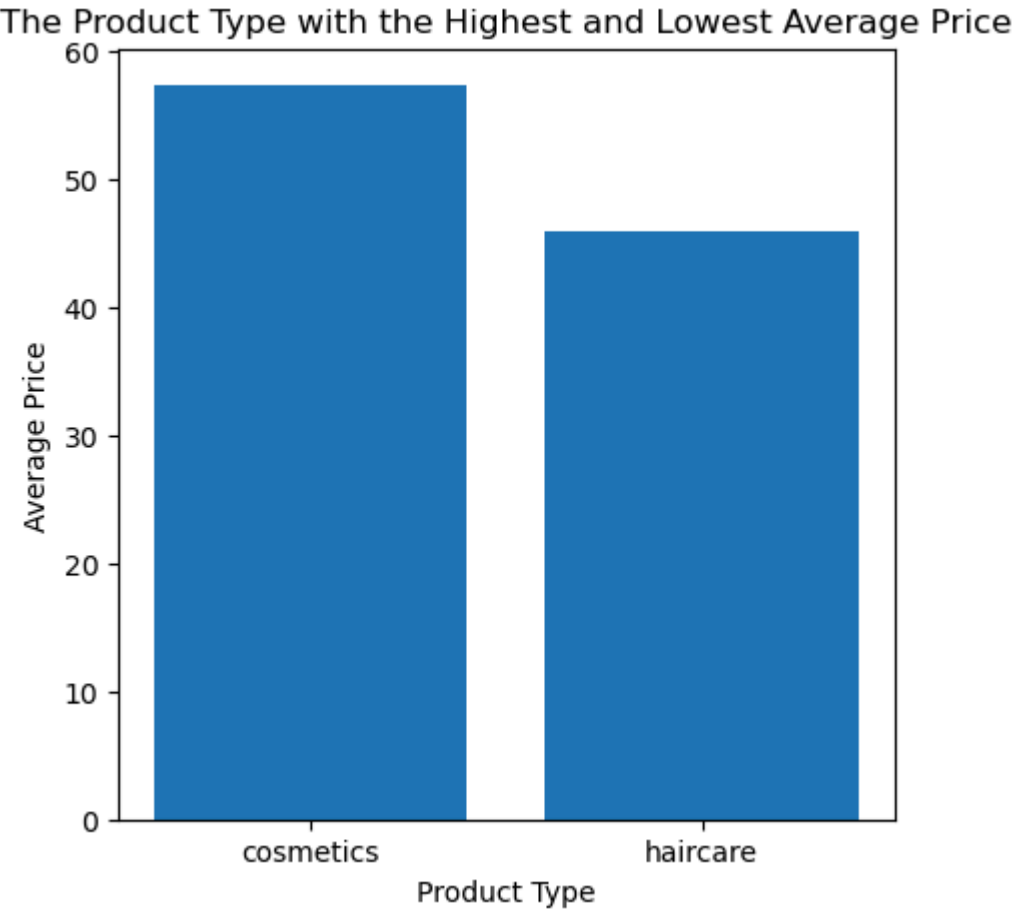
```
Out[223... Product type
cosmetics    57.361058
haircare     46.014279
skincare     47.259329
Name: Price, dtype: float64
```

```
In [224... highest_avg_price_product=average_prices.idxmax()  
highest_avg_price=average_prices.max()  
  
In [165... highest_avg_price_product  
  
Out[165... 'cosmetics'  
  
In [174... lowest_avg_price_product=average_prices.idxmin()  
lowest_avg_price=average_prices.min()  
  
In [175... product2=[highest_avg_price_product,lowest_avg_price_product]  
price2=[highest_avg_price,lowest_avg_price]  
  
In [344... df2=pd.DataFrame({"Product Type":product2,"Highest and Lowest Average price":pri  
pd.DataFrame(df2)
```

Out[344...

	Product Type	Highest and Lowest Average price
0	cosmetics	57.361058
1	haircare	46.014279

```
In [179... plt.figure(figsize=[5,5])  
plt.bar(product2,price2)  
plt.title("The Product Type with the Highest and Lowest Average Price")  
plt.xlabel("Product Type")  
plt.ylabel("Average Price")  
plt.show()
```



Is there a correlation between the number of products sold and the price?

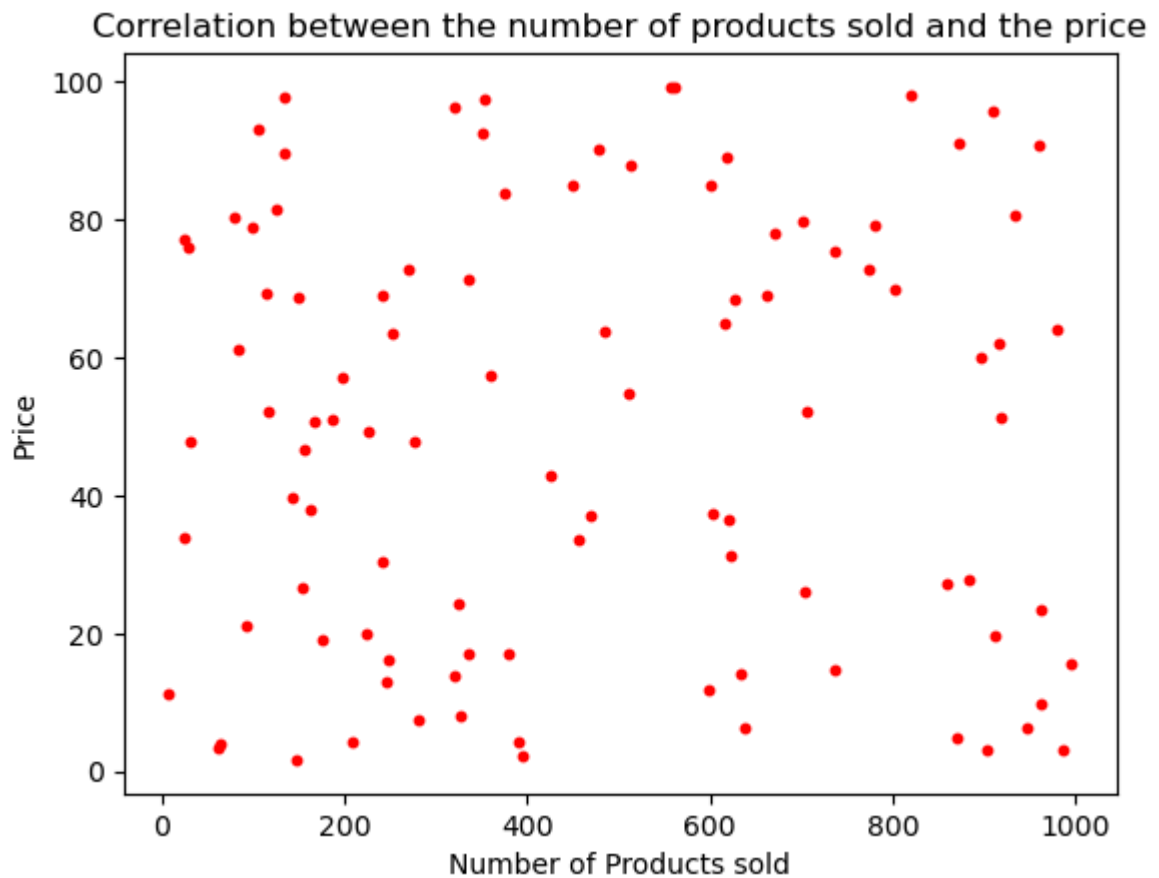
```
In [360...] grouped_df2=data.groupby("Number of products sold")["Price"].sum().reset_index()  
pd.DataFrame(grouped_df2)
```

Out[360...]

	Number of products sold	Price
0	8	11.319683
1	24	33.784138
2	25	76.962994
3	29	76.035544
4	32	47.914542
...
91	960	90.635460
92	963	33.212847
93	980	64.015733
94	987	3.037689
95	996	15.707796

96 rows × 2 columns

```
In [227...] nof=data["Number of products sold"]  
price3=data["Price"]  
plt.scatter(x=nof,y=price3,s=10,color="red")  
plt.title("Correlation between the number of products sold and the price")  
plt.xlabel("Number of Products sold")  
plt.ylabel("Price")  
plt.show()
```



How does the availability of products impact sales?

In [365...

```
grouped_df3=data.groupby("Availability")["Revenue generated"].sum().reset_index(  
pd.DataFrame(grouped_df3)
```

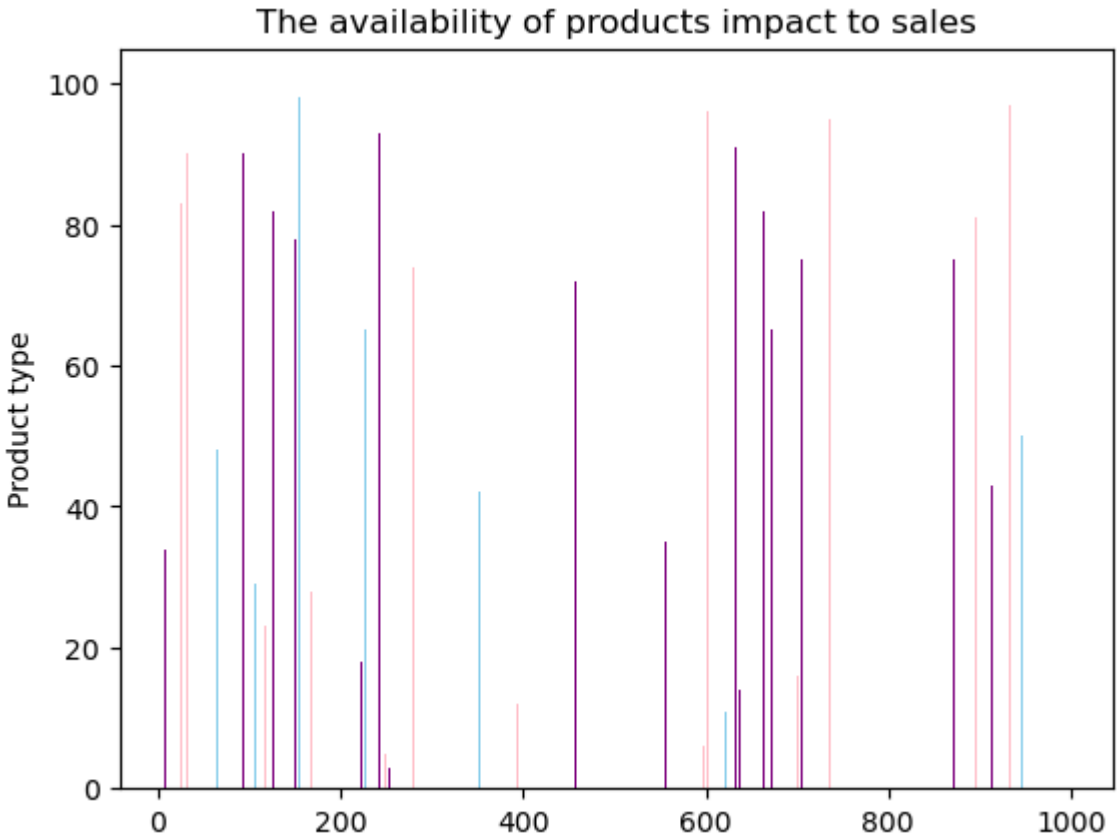
Out[365...

	Availability	Revenue generated
0	1	14703.719416
1	3	8318.903195
2	5	6491.078347
3	6	5737.425599
4	9	8100.906726
...
58	96	9061.710896
59	97	13613.315897
60	98	1839.609426
61	99	2048.290100
62	100	2553.495585

63 rows × 2 columns

In [274...

```
pro=data["Number of products sold"]
avail=data["Availability"]
plt.bar(pro,avail,color=["skyblue","pink","purple"])
plt.title("The availability of products impact to sales")
plt.xlabel("Availability")
plt.ylabel("Product type")
plt.show()
```



How does the availability of products impact sales?

In [370...

```
grouped_df4=data.groupby("Availability")["Revenue generated"].sum().reset_index(  
pd.DataFrame(grouped_df4)
```

Out[370...

	Availability	Revenue generated
0	1	14703.719416
1	3	8318.903195
2	5	6491.078347
3	6	5737.425599
4	9	8100.906726
...
58	96	9061.710896
59	97	13613.315897
60	98	1839.609426
61	99	2048.290100
62	100	2553.495585

63 rows × 2 columns

What are the top-selling products in terms of revenue generated?

In [388...

```
grouped_df5=data.groupby("Product type")["Revenue generated"].sum().sort_values(  
pd.DataFrame(grouped_df5)
```

Out[388...

	Revenue generated
Product type	
skincare	241628.162133
haircare	174455.390605
cosmetics	161521.265999

How does the revenue generated vary across different locations?

```
In [391... grouped_df5=data.groupby("Location")["Revenue generated"].sum().reset_index()  
pd.DataFrame(grouped_df5)
```

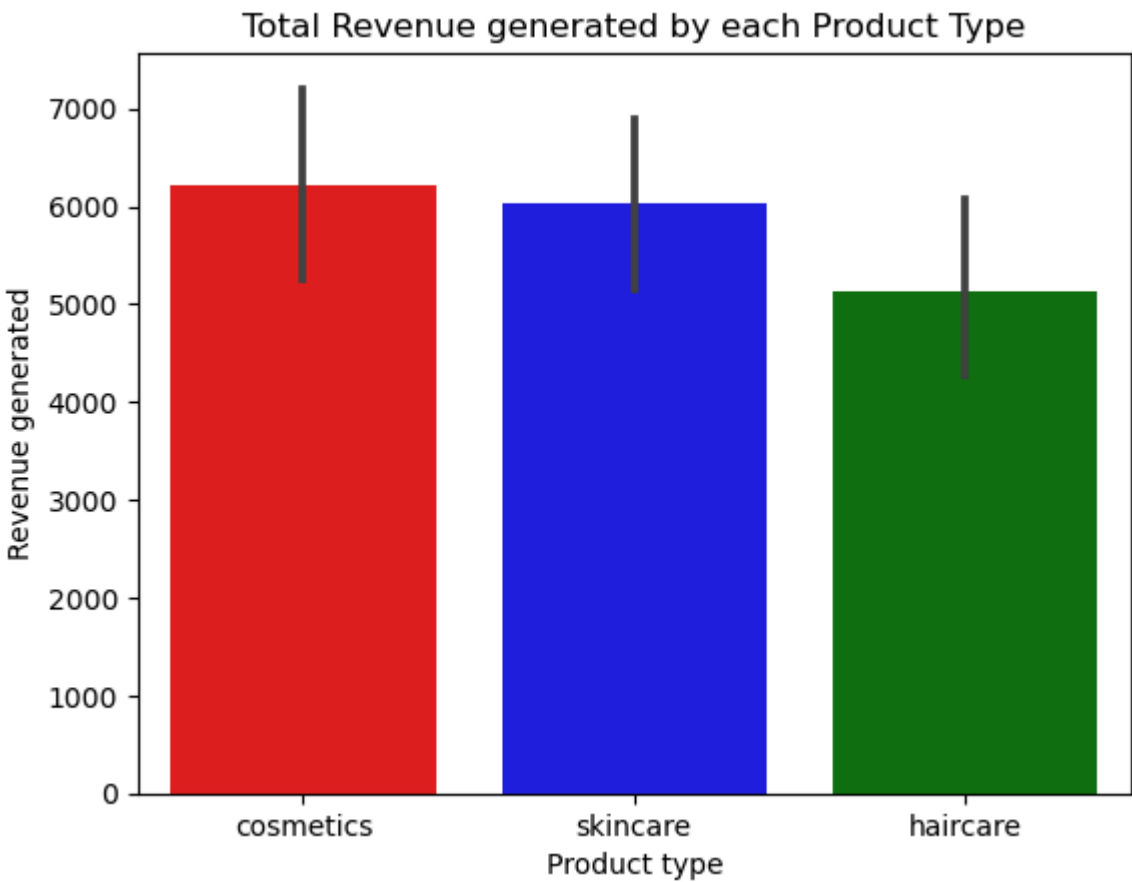
Out[391...

	Location	Revenue generated
0	Bangalore	102601.723882
1	Chennai	119142.815748
2	Delhi	81027.701225
3	Kolkata	137077.551005
4	Mumbai	137755.026877

Visualisations

1. Product revenue comparison

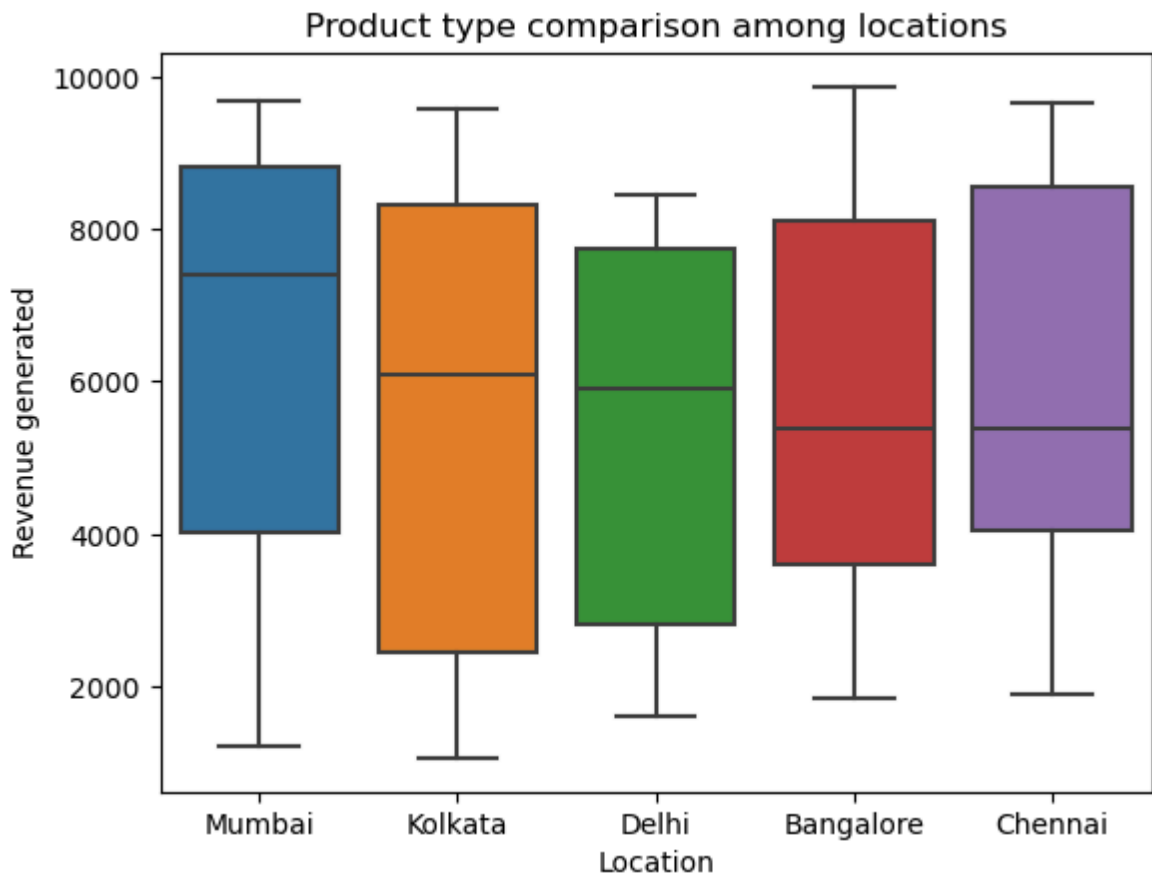
```
In [401... order1=["cosmetics","skincare","haircare"]  
sns.barplot(x="Product type",y="Revenue generated",data=data,order=order1,palette  
plt.title("Total Revenue generated by each Product Type")  
plt.show()
```



2. Customer demographics analysis

```
In [421... sns.boxplot(x="Location",y="Revenue generated",data=data)
plt.title("Product type comparison among locations")

plt.show()
```



3. Stock level analysis

```
In [419... sns.lineplot(data=data["Stock levels"],marker="*",color="green")
sns.dark_palette("#b285bc", as_cmap=True)

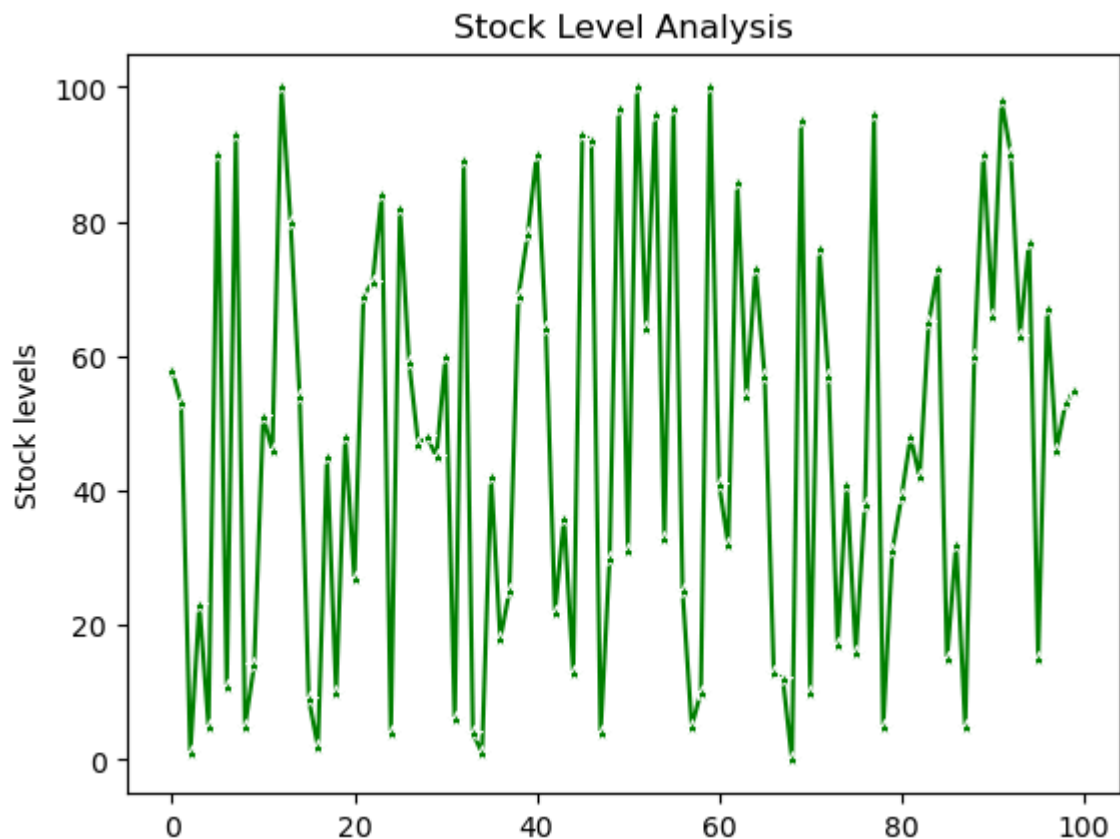
plt.title("Stock Level Analysis")
plt.show()
```


C:\Users\skala\Desktop\New folder\Lib\site-packages\seaborn_oldcore.py:1119: FutureWarning:

use_inf_as_na option is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf values to NaN before operating instead.

C:\Users\skala\Desktop\New folder\Lib\site-packages\seaborn_oldcore.py:1119: FutureWarning:

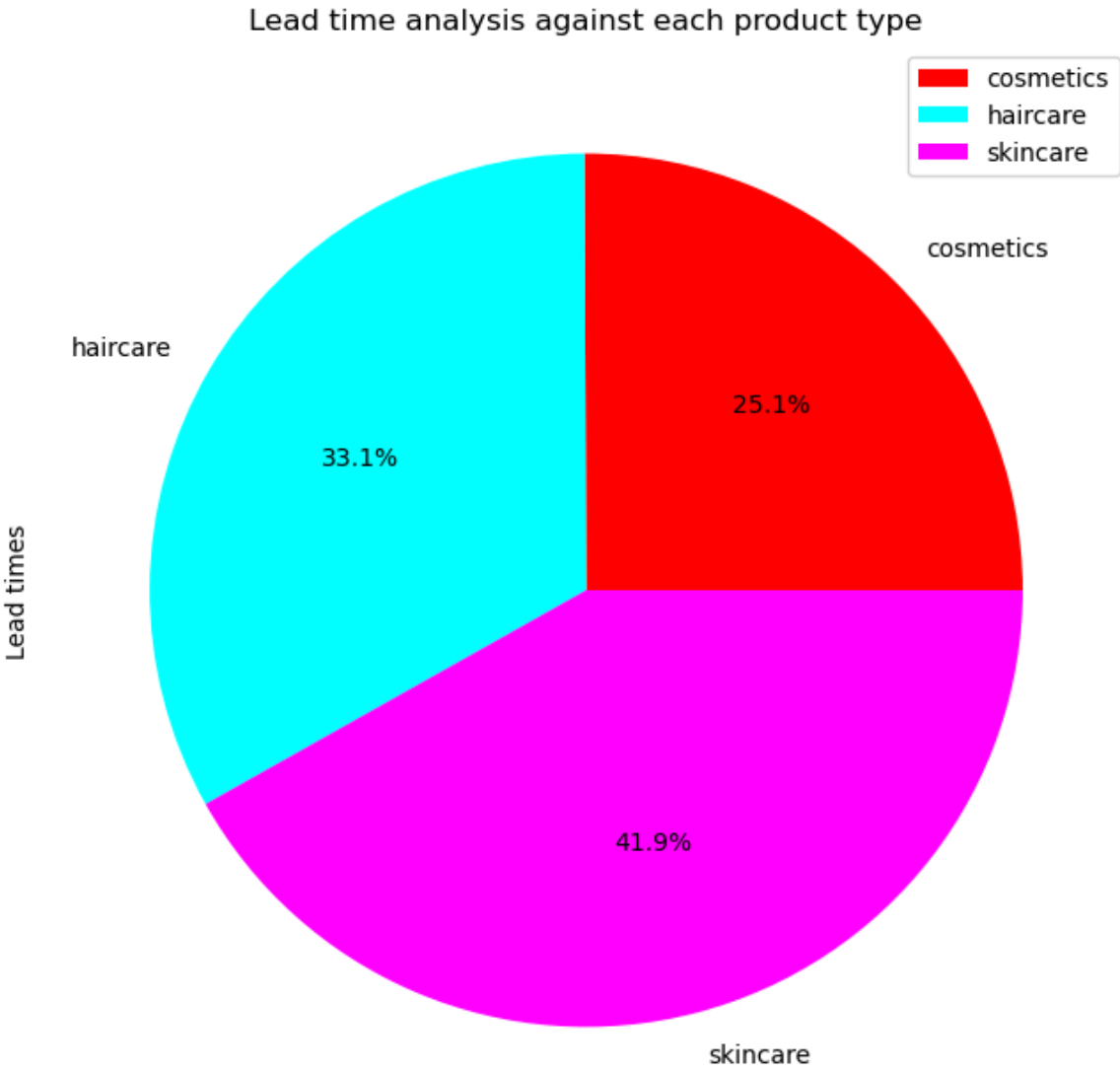
use_inf_as_na option is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf values to NaN before operating instead.



4. Lead time analysis

In [464...

```
grouped_df6=data.groupby("Product type")["Lead times"].sum()
c=["red", "cyan", "magenta"]
plt.figure(figsize=(10,8))
grouped_df6.plot(kind="pie",autopct="%1.1f%",colors=c)
plt.title("Lead time analysis against each product type")
plt.legend(grouped_df6.index,loc="upper right",)
plt.show()
```

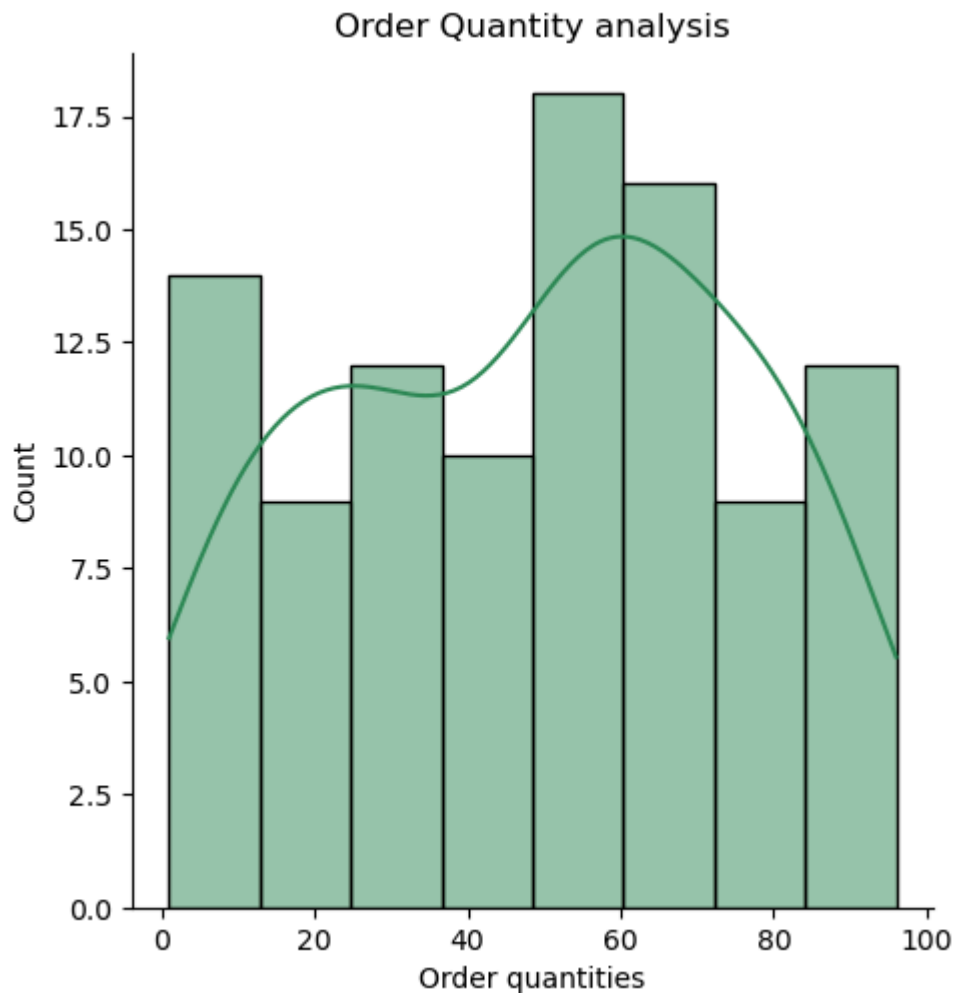


5. Order quantity Trend

```
In [490... sns.displot(data["Order quantities"],kde=True,color="seagreen")
plt.title("Order Quantity analysis")

plt.show()
```

C:\Users\skala\Desktop\New folder\Lib\site-packages\seaborn_oldcore.py:1119: FutureWarning: use_inf_as_na option is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf values to NaN before operating instead.



6. Shipping costs comparison

In [503... grouped_df7

Out[503... Transportation modes
Air 14604.527498
Rail 15168.931559
Road 16048.193639
Sea 7102.925520
Name: Costs, dtype: float64

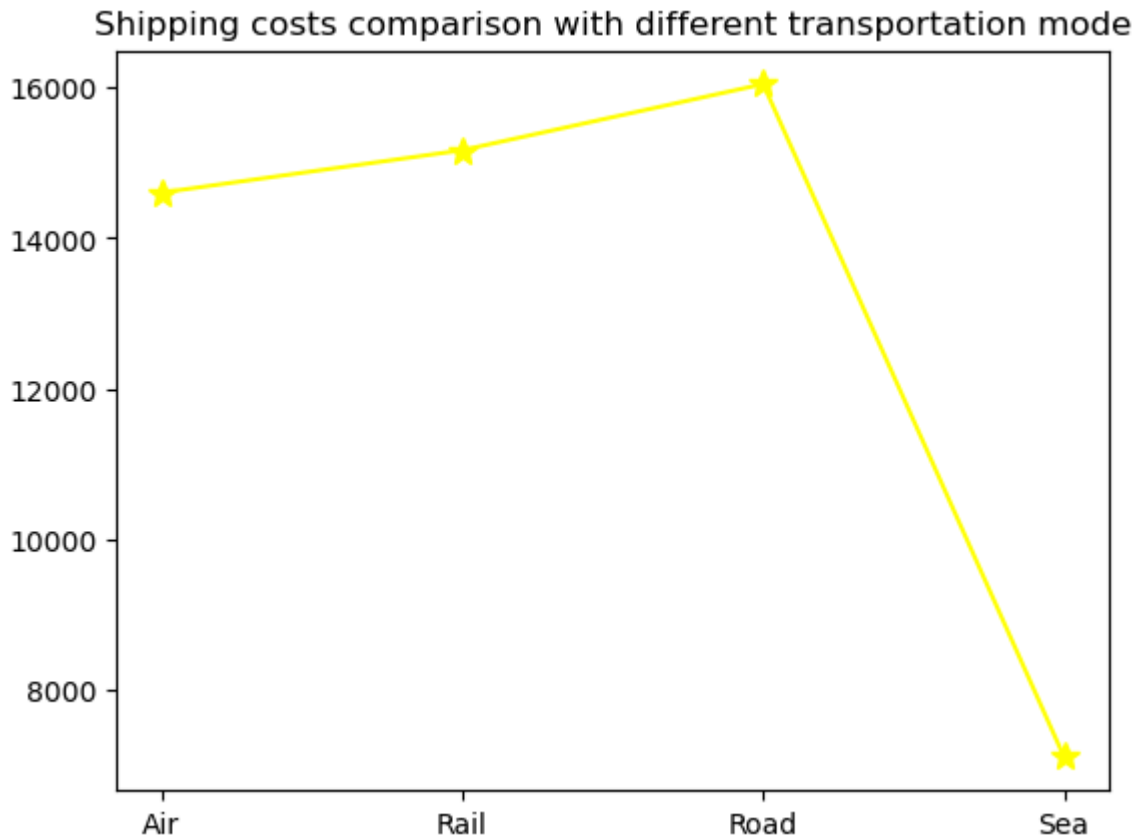
```
In [526... plt.plot(grouped_df7.index, grouped_df7.values, marker='*', markersize=10, label=
plt.title("Shipping costs comparison with different transportation mode")
plt.xlabel("Transportation")
plt.ylabel("Cost")
plt.show()
```

```

-----
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[526], line 3
      1 plt.plot(grouped_df7.index, grouped_df7.values, marker='*', markersize=1
0,label=transport_mode,color="yellow")
      2 plt.title("Shipping costs comparison with different transportation mode")
----> 3 plt.xlabel("Transportation")
      4 plt.ylabel("Cost")
      5 plt.show()

TypeError: 'str' object is not callable

```



7. Supplier performance evaluation

```

In [551...] plt.scatter(data["Production volumes"],s=10)
plt.show()

```

```

-----
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[551], line 1
----> 1 plt.scatter(data["Production volumes"],s=10)
      2 plt.show()

TypeError: scatter() missing 1 required positional argument: 'y'

```

```

In [542...] data['Production Volume'] = data['Production Volume'].astype(int)

# Display the DataFrame to verify the changes
print(data)

```

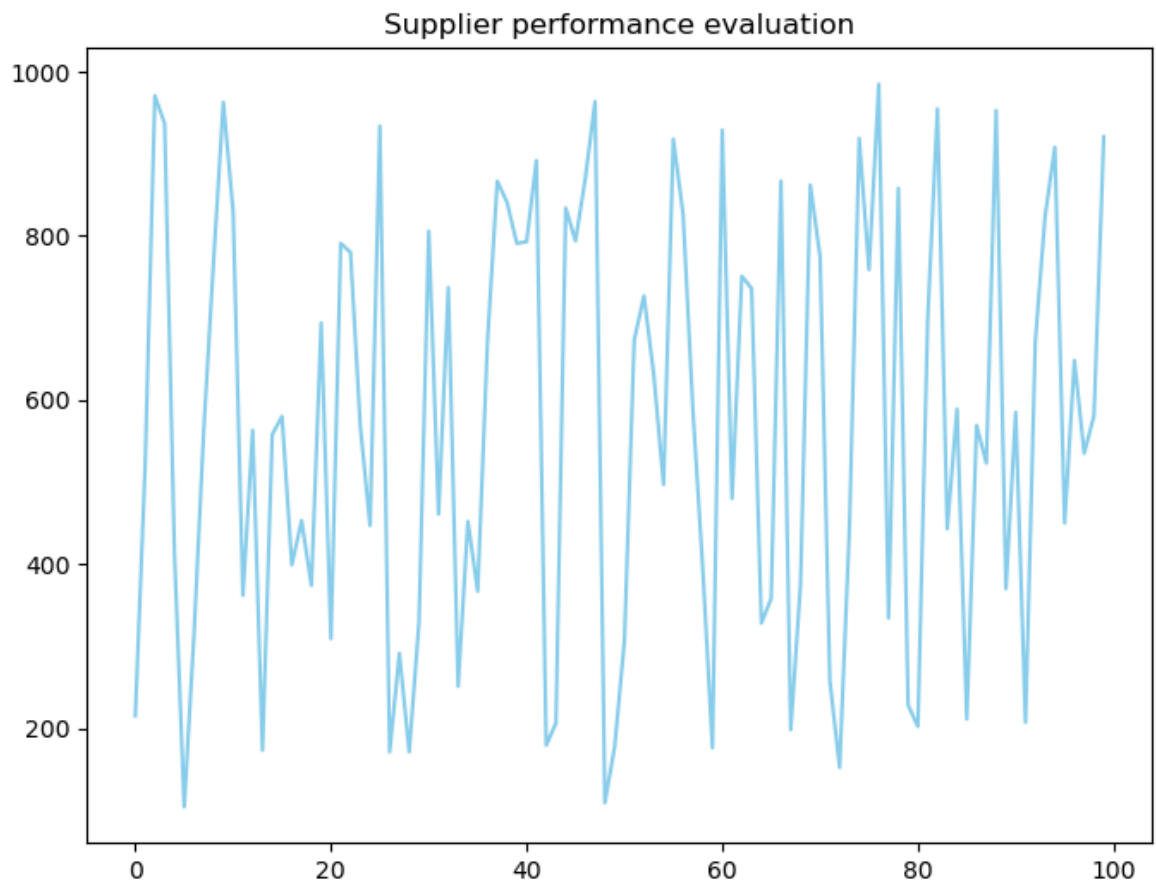
```
-----  
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
Cell In[542], line 1  
----> 1 data['Production Volume'] = data['Production Volume'].astype(int)  
      3 # Display the DataFrame to verify the changes  
      4 print(data)  
  
TypeError: 'float' object is not subscriptable
```

```
In [548... data['Production volumes'] = data['Production volumes'].astype(int)
```

```
In [550... data.dtypes
```

```
Out[550... Product type          object  
SKU                  object  
Price               float64  
Availability         int64  
Number of products sold  int64  
Revenue generated    float64  
Customer demographics  object  
Stock levels         int64  
Lead times           int64  
Order quantities      int64  
Shipping times        int64  
Shipping carriers     object  
Shipping costs        float64  
Supplier name         object  
Location              object  
Lead time             int64  
Production volumes    int32  
Manufacturing lead time  int64  
Manufacturing costs    float64  
Inspection results     object  
Defect rates           float64  
Transportation modes   object  
Routes                object  
Costs                 float64  
dtype: object
```

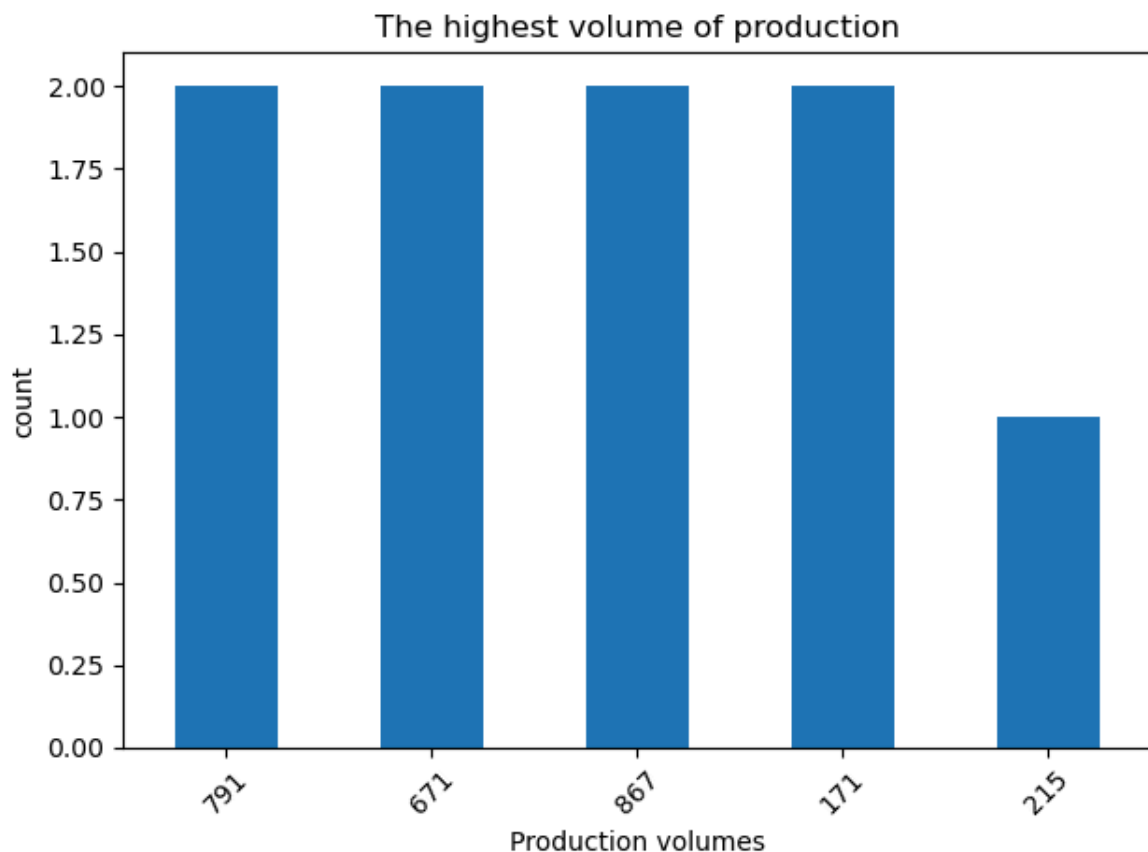
```
In [564... df9=data["Production volumes"]  
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))  
plt.plot(range(len(df9)), df9, color='skyblue', label='Data Points')  
plt.title("Supplier performance evaluation")  
  
plt.show()
```



```
In [599... max_pro = data['Production volumes'].value_counts().nlargest(5)
max_pro.plot(kind="bar")
plt.title("The highest volume of production")

plt.ylabel("count")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
plt.show()
```



8. Transportation modes analysis

```
In [601... import plotly.graph_objects as go
```

```
In [604... trans=data["Transportation modes"].value_counts()
```

```
In [605... trans
```

```
Out[605... Transportation modes
Road      29
Rail      28
Air       26
Sea       17
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [615... plt.figure(figsize=[50,50])
fig=go.Figure(go.Scatter(x=trans.index,y=trans.values,mode="markers",marker_size
fig.update_layout(title="Transportation modes analysis",xaxis_title="Transporati
fig.show()
```

<Figure size 5000x5000 with 0 Axes>

Routes efficiency assessment

```
In [633... route=data["Routes"].unique()  
count=data["Routes"].value_counts()
```

```
In [657... fig=go.Figure(data=[go.Pie(labels=route, values=count)])  
fig.update_layout(title="Transportation modes analysis")  
fig.show()
```


10. Location based analysis

In [636...

```
grouped_df5=data.groupby("Location")["Revenue generated"].sum().reset_index()
pd.DataFrame(grouped_df5)
```

Out[636...

	Location	Revenue generated
0	Bangalore	102601.723882
1	Chennai	119142.815748
2	Delhi	81027.701225
3	Kolkata	137077.551005
4	Mumbai	137755.026877

In [655...

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

grouped_df5 = data.groupby("Location")["Revenue generated"].sum().reset_index()

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.bar(grouped_df5["Location"], grouped_df5["Revenue generated"], color='skyblue')

plt.xlabel("Location")
plt.ylabel("Revenue generated")
```

```
plt.title("Location-based Analysis")

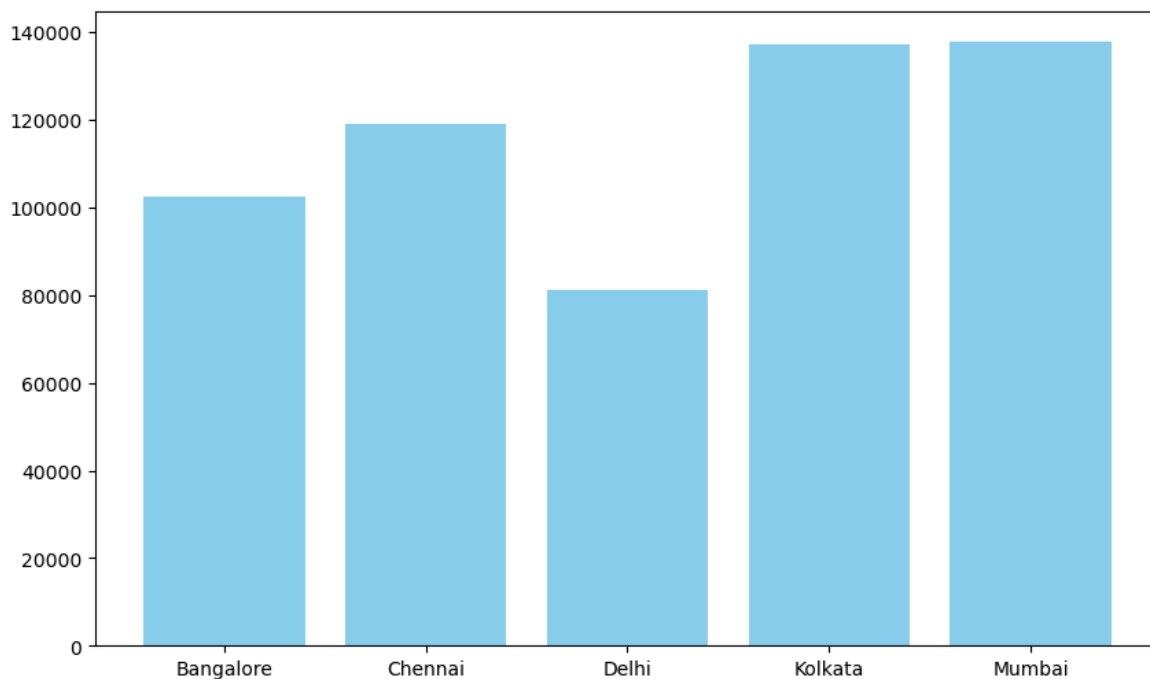
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

TypeError

Traceback (most recent call last)

Cell In[655], line 8

```
5 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
6 plt.bar(grouped_df5["Location"], grouped_df5["Revenue generated"], color
='skyblue')
----> 8 plt.xlabel("Location")
9 plt.ylabel("Revenue generated")
10 plt.title("Location-based Analysis")
```

TypeError: 'str' object is not callable

In []: