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THE WEATHER
San Francisco, Cal., and vicinity—Fair Wednesday; fresh southerly wind; cooler in the interior; fresh southerly wind.
TROY, H. BIRD, Assistant Forecaster.
VOL. CV. WEDNESDAY SAN FRANCISCO, SEPTEMBER 6, 1916—EIGHTEEN PAGES WEDNESDAY ★★★★★ No. 68.

U. S. BARES RUSS-JAP TREATY AS MENACE

Administration Learns Secret Provision on Control of Railroads Refutes Assurance From Tokio Trade in China Not in Danger

Rule of Manchurian Line by the Nipponese Virtually Makes Inner Mongolia Protectorate of Japan, Belief in Washington

Federal Official Declares Acts Prove Terms United States Faces in the Far East Rest With Mikado and the Czar

By International News Service

WASHINGTON, September 5.—The State Department has instituted an inquiry in Pekin, Tokio and Petrograd to discover provisions in the Russo-Japanese treaty of alliance.

The Administration has learned the nature of one of the secret provisions which is contradictory of the official assurances from the Japanese Foreign Office that the alliance does not menace the commerce of the United States with China.

This provision, it was declared today, divides between Japan and Russia the railroads and traffic of the eastern and central parts of China, including outer Mongolia, now only a protectorate, and inner Mongolia. Evidence confirmatory of the designs of Russia and Japan was said to be the secret deal between those powers whereby Japan obtained from Russia the latter's railroad interests in Manchuria north to the Sungary river. Japan already controlled the South Manchuria lines from the sea to Kwang Tse. Russia's compensation was mentions of war and freedom to pursue her aggressive policies in outer Mongolia.

JAPAN CONTROLS MANCHURIA RAILROAD

This deal gives Japan absolute control of the greatest railroad system in Manchuria, with which the United States deals principally. It also is understood to make inner Mongolia virtually a protectorate of Japan.

A Government official said to-day: Japan and Russia are making this movement at a moment when the United States is engaged in a controversy with Great Britain. It cannot be proved that the Russo-Japanese alliance will not interfere with the open-door policy and the principle of China's territorial integrity. We have received no such assurances as disputches from Tokio, published to-day, say the Japanese government has sent to the State Department.

The fact that Russia and Japan have undertaken to administer the railroads of China, exclusive of those along the central and southern coasts of China, proves that the terms on which we must trade with China in the future will depend upon Russia and Japan. We now are trying to learn in what respect and to what extent the Russo-Japanese treaty alliance menaces our trade with China.

MOTIVE FOR DEMAND ON CHINA SHOWN

Official dispatches received here disclose Japan's real motive for making new demands upon China affecting China's sovereignty over inner Mongolia.

It was declared in an authoritative quarter that Japan, with Russia's co-operation under secret provision in the Russo-Japanese treaty of alliance, is seeking to establish a great Asian, just as there is an eastern Russia.

The Chinese government for months has been expecting Japan aggression in Mongolia. The clash of Chinese and Japanese troops at Cheng Chiah, Tung Mongolia, in the middle of August and the protest for Japan's new demands, was credited here to Japanese machinations.

It was learned also that China is looking to the United States to insist

(Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

Gary Tells Tokio U.S. Doesn't Want War With Japan

Business Men Would Stubbornly Oppose Conflict, Says Head of Steel Corporation.

TOKIO, September 6, 11:30 p. m.—Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors of the United States Steel Corporation, was the guest of honor at a banquet here to-night that was attended by men high in political life and business. Mr. Gary declared emphatically that all the business men in the United States did not anticipate any trouble between the United States and Japan.

"They would stubbornly oppose any suggestion of a conflict with all the force and influence at their command," said Mr. Gary. "This undoubtedly is the pervading and controlling sentiment of citizens generally throughout the United States of America."

The speaker told of the desire of the United States to retain the friendship and co-operation of Japan in world development. The American people, he said, did not look with jealous eyes on the strength and rapid growth of Japan, but, on the contrary, would applaud her successes.

Mr. Gary insisted that every question arising between the two countries could be finally settled if submitted to representative bodies of citizens of Japan and the United States whose will their respective governments would be bound to respect.

La Follette Wins Senate Renomination

By International News Service

MILWAUKEE, September 5.—Senator Robert M. La Follette was renominated as Republican candidate for United States Senator in the State primaries to-day by about 17,000 votes over M. G. Jeffris, standpat Republican, and La Follette's lifelong foe.

Thomas Nelson Page To Visit Latin Front

ROME, September 5.—The American Ambassador, Thomas Nelson Page, has received an invitation to visit the Italian front, which he has accepted. His military and naval attaches, Captain Heinberg and Lieutenant Commander Trahn, will accompany him.

Woman's Auto Fells And Deserts Fireman

While waiting for a street car at Masonic avenue and Fulton street early this morning, Battalion Chief Charles Murray of the Fire Department was struck by an automobile and left in the street in an unconscious condition.

Holdups Break Jaw, Leave Man on Street

Charles H. Kelsey, assistant department manager at the Emporium, was attacked by two highwaymen at Sacramento and Mason streets early this morning. Kelsey resisted. One of the men struck him with a revolver, breaking his jaw.

Railroads Plan Test Case of 8-Hour Law

CHICAGO, September 5.—A blanket test case of the Adamson eight-hour law is planned by all of the railroads, according to statements to-day by G. Lattorp, general solicitor of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe.

D. CROSBY JR. ENDS HIS LIFE AT OAKLAND

Son of Prominent Doctor and Nephew of Congressional Candidate Turns Gun on Self

Nervous Disorder, Induced by Overstudy, Causes Act of 18-Year-Old Boy, Say Friends

Lad Starts to High School Early; Body Found in Creek Bottom Block From Home

Daniel Crosby, Jr., 16-year-old son of Dr. Daniel Crosby, one of the most prominent physicians of East Oakland, yesterday killed himself with his father's revolver in a creek bottom a block from his home.

Nervous disorders induced by overstudy are assigned by friends of the youth as the cause of his act.

Crosby was a nephew of Peter J. Crosby, Oakland attorney and candidate for Congress at the recent election. He was a student at the University High School, Oakland, this year, after having completed two years at Fremont High School. He attended the last summer session at the University of California and was an ardent student.

JANITOR FINDS BODY.

The youth's body was discovered yesterday afternoon by H. H. Rhodes, janitor of the Hawthorne Grammar School. Two pupils of the school saw Crosby lying in the creek bottom in the morning with his head resting on his crossed arms, but thought he was asleep. When they saw him in the same position on their way home from school in the afternoon they reported the matter to Rhodes.

The bullet entered the middle of young Crosby's forehead. Death is believed to have been instantaneous.

The boy lived with his father, stepmother and 14-year-old sister, Virginia Crosby, at 1701 Fruitvale avenue, Oakland.

FAMILY PROSTRATED.

He left home early yesterday to attend his classes at the University High School, Forty-eighth and Webster streets. He was not expected home until late in the afternoon. His body was discovered before that time less than a block from his home.

Members of his family are prostrated over the tragedy. Dr. Crosby, his father, was unable to talk of the matter last night.

Cropper Grant D. Miller, a friend of the boy for many years, took charge of the body yesterday.

"The lad was a bundle of nerves," was the substance of the opinions expressed by several of his friends in attempting to explain his act.

Guest Stricken Dead On Visit to Friend

By International News Service

PETALUMA, September 5.—William H. Fleek, who came here from Janesville, Wis., to visit with his friend Dr. E. G. Bennett, died of heart trouble on the Bennett ranch this morning while driving a pair of colts which bolted.

Rear Adm. Pridehard Is Taken by Death

BALTIMORE (Md.), September 5.—Rear Admiral Arthur J. Pridehard, U. S. N., retired, died here to-night.

DR. AKED NOT WANTED, EVEN AT LESS PAY

Lively Session Results in Refusal to Accept Pastor's Offer to Return to Local Pulpit

He Never Attracts Men to Worship, Says One; He Disunited Church, Assertion of Another

Women Almost Shriek Disapproval of Attacks on Ministers; Dr. H. S. Bradley Refuses Call

Although he offered to return at a greatly reduced salary, the application of the Rev. Charles F. Aked for the pastorate of the First Congregational Church was declined, following a lively meeting of the members of the congregation last night.

Women joined the meeting and cheered vigorously every time the name of the Ford peace commissioner and former pastor of John D. Rockefeller's Fifth Avenue Baptist Church was mentioned, but when the votes of the congregation were counted the Rev. Mr. Aked failed to receive the necessary two-thirds majority that would install him again in the pulpit.

Some of the most outspoken criticism of Dr. Aked that has ever been heard in San Francisco was voiced by trustees and other male members of the First Congregational Church.

ERROR TO RECALL HIM.

"This congregation will make a serious error in calling Dr. Aked back," said George C. Hoffman, one of the deacons. "When he came he had a much stronger congregation than existed when he departed. One man can't carry on the work of this congregation. He may fill the pews every Sunday, but he cannot get anywhere without an effective organization. From what I have heard said recently about Dr. Aked in San Francisco I know his return here would be a mistake."

"Dr. Aked was not a pastor," said E. Howard Barnard. "He found a united church when he came here and he left it a disunited church. The men and women he attracted came to church to hear him preach. They were not interested in the Kingdom of God. It is very unfortunate, but it is nevertheless true that Dr. Aked alienated people whom the congregation could ill afford to lose."

DOESN'T ATTRACT MEN.

Wallace Bradford, attorney and trustee, was equally vehement in protesting against the return of Dr. Aked.

"Dr. Aked's main fault is that he cannot attract any considerable body of men in San Francisco," declared Bradford. "I want to tell you women who are so devoted to him that men are needed in churches. I wish you would be practical as well as sentimental. If you are insistent on having him, why not ask him to occupy the pulpit for six months instead of giving him a call to the pastorate?"

The women almost shrieked out their disapproval of this suggestion and the red flag of wordy warfare was beginning to be waved vigorously when I. H. Morse, retired capitalist, who acted as chairman, arose and commanded attention by what he had to say of Dr. Aked.

"Dr. Aked took no interest whatever in Congregationalism in San Francisco," said Morse in the course of his talk. "Neither was he the great spiritual force in the city that was expected. He told me last September that his pastorate would end with the exposition. He said he saw a storm coming, and he couldn't stand it.

WOULDN'T TAKE ADVICE.

"He went East and told the National Council that he was open for a call and when he didn't receive that call he returned here greatly depressed. Then, came the invitation to him to join the Ford Commission, which he accepted overnight.

"When he sent in his resignation I advised Mrs. Aked to wire him pay a place it before the congregation, but he refused to be guided by that advice.

"I would be for Dr. Aked if he could fight against adversity. I know from experience, however, that under adversity he is a broken reed."

The Rev. H. S. Bradley wired from Worcester, Mass., that he could not accept a call to the pastorate of the church in view of the votes cast against him at the last meeting of the congregation.

Phantom Husbands Are Supplied for Stanford Girls

Young Woman to "Play House" With Imaginary Mates in New Economics Course.

An extremely practical and popular course in home economics has been established at Stanford University by Dr. Jessica Peixotto.

Each girl must take an imaginary husband, with a stipulated income, provide a home for him, feed him, take care of the imaginary children, settle all domestic problems and come out at the end of the course on the right side of the balance sheet. They are being taught to live within an average income and to live wisely.

Advantages of the course are many. An imaginary husband may be clothed with all the seven virtues. The children may be angelic. The storms of domestic life may all be avoided. The course only lasts a few hours a week. The problems of the average woman struggling under unimaginary conditions are never ended.

It is said that the young men of Stanford are busy applying for positions as "imaginary husbands." They appear perfectly willing to be experimented upon in the way of cooking. But when it comes to keeping up home expenses they are willing to let the game remain imaginary.

Ship Towing Diver Believed Off Coast

A mystery steamer with a tow was reported yesterday by the bark Albert, which arrived in the morning from Bristol bay. Captain Hansen said:

"About 200 miles west of Eureka we sighted a two-stack steamer towing something that was submerged. There is no tug on the coast with two stacks engaged in towing log rafts, so I looked closely. The hawsers prevented my making certain, but I believe it was the British cruiser Rainbow towing a submarine."

State Road Expert Arrested as Speeder

A. E. Loder, division engineer of District No. 4, State Highway, and one of the men responsible for the state's motor vehicle act, was arrested on the highway near San Rafael yesterday for exceeding the speed limit of thirty miles per hour.

Policeman Oscar Emerald of the motorcycle squad made the arrest. Loder has engaged Attorney Thomas F. Boyd to defend him. The case is set for hearing in San Rafael next Monday.

$2,000,000 for Relief Of Guard Dependents

WASHINGTON, September 5.—An amendment to the emergency revenue bill accepted to-night by the Senate extends to all men in the service the benefits of the law appropriating $1,000,000 for relief of dependents of National Guardsmen and regulars sent to the border in response to President Wilson's call on June 18. The law is retroactive to the date of the call.

Zeppelin Mail Line From Berlin to U. S.

CHICAGO, September 5.—Two "double" Zeppelins, unarmed and each with a carrying capacity of sixty tons, have been built in Germany to carry mail between Berlin and the United States, according to statements here to-day by Morris Jastrow, agent of the German American Alliance, who returned from Europe to-day.

Treasure Doll, Kept 20 Years, Nets $180

By International News Service

FRESNO, September 5.—A promise made to her mother twenty years ago was recalled to-day when Mrs. Richard Doyle in picking up her "lucky doll" found $180 in gold stuffed into the figure.

Yukon 'Wets' Win by Three Votes Only

DAWSON (Y. T.), September 5.—Unofficial figures on Yukon Territory's first vote on prohibition give the "wets" a majority of three votes only for the entire territory. The canine districts almost without exception, voted for prohibition.

Canal Open To-Day To Traffic, Is Report

PANAMA, September 5.—It is expected that the Panama canal will be open to traffic to-morrow. Nine vessels are waiting on the Pacific side and ten on the Atlantic side.

POSITIONS CRUMBLE AND FALL TO ALLIES

Undaunted by Heavy Rains and Desperate Resistance, French and English Sweep Forward for Additional Gains on Somme

Omnicourt Taken by Storm, Chaulnes Threatened and Combles, Key to West Front Fighting, Rapidly Being Encircled

Mile Advance by British Wins Them Entire German Second Defense Line; Berlin Admits Loss; Refers to 'Great Battle'

By International News Service

LONDON, September 5.—With unfaltering vigor the French-British forces on the Somme to-day continued their new drive and despite the resuspearance of hampering rains, both General Foch and Sir Douglas Haig added to the gains of yesterday and Sunday.

With the extension of the battle to the south of the Somme a million and a half men were rocked into a five-hour struggle, the upshot, of which was a distinct gain of ground, prisoners and guns for the allies.

The French captured by storm the village of Omnicourt, southeast of Chaulnes, their chief objective. This latter town is now in General Foch's grip from three sides and its fall is believed near. With its capture he will have removed the "index finger" of the ugly salient whose arm was crushed by yesterday's sweeping advance.

GERMANS ORDERED TO HOLD TOWN

That General von Gallwitz expected a great blow to fall in the region of Chaulnes is demonstrated by the fact that he ordered General von Heim, who is in charge of this sector, to hold the town at all costs and furnished reserves for six furious and immediate counter-attacks, all of which broke down, the Teutons being unable to penetrate the deadly barrage fire.

In addition to this important strategic success, which means a big step in the clearing of the French path to the fortress of Peronne, General Foch's troops made considerable headway north of the river in the encircling of Combles, the railway town indispensable to the Germans on their present defense line.

Between Vermandovillers and Maricourt the first line was carried along a two and a half mile section and the defenses were pierced north of Chilly after four hours of bloody fighting which resulted in the evelopment of 1,200 Germans with cannon and machine guns and the capture of the village.

COUNTER-BLOWS REPULSED

Hospital Farm, partly taken yesterday, Bemincte wood and part of Martinvesc wood also fell to the French in to-day's push.

All Teuton counter-blows, struck with particular vigor between Combles and Le Forest, broke down under the French shell curtain and every inch of ground won in the last sixty hours was firmly held up to the instants of to-night's official communique.

The British on their part struck out from Guillemont village, captured Sunday night, and pushed their lines nearly a mile eastward, seizing part of Leuze wood and clearing of the defenses the whole area between the Falfemont farm and Leuze wood as well as between that wood and Ginchy village.

Thus the entire German system of second-line defense between the Moquet farm and the point where the French and British join is now in the hands of Sir Douglas' troops.

Violent counter-attacks were repulsed everywhere.

The British have taken in the fighting from Sunday to last night 1,200 prisoners. The total taken by the French numbers 4,605. General Foch has captured thirty-six guns

(Continued on Page 2, Column 6.)

CANADA MAIL BAN NAMES S. F. OFFICES

CANADA'S secret postoffice blacklist became known for the first time in the United States yesterday, when a copy of it was placed at the disposal of "The Examiner."

The blacklist, arranged in alphabetical order, contains the name of every person and periodical in the United States that is supposed by the Canadian government to be engaged in aiding the Teuton cause or propaganda directed against the Allies. Hindu revolutionists in San Francisco receive especial attention.

Dominion postmasters are ordered to forward blacklisted mail to Ottawa.

Mail addressed to the following San Francisco addresses is ordered blacklisted:

The American Independent, San Francisco, or branch office, 407-408 Hilbernia building, Los Angeles.

Austrian Consulate.

Bulgarian Consulate.

Fatherland Corporation or its agents.

German-American National Alliance.

German Consulate.

German and Austrian Aid Society.

"Ghadr," Hindu publication.

Hindustan-Gadar party, 436 Hill street.

Turkish Consulate.

Yugantar Ashram Society.

GERMANS TO FIGHT GREECE

Neutrality Violated, Berlin's Opinion as War Moves Are Made; Greek Reservists Summoned

By International News Service

LONDON, September 5.—That Germany is preparing to take action against Greece as a result of that country's submission to the demands of the entente which include the expulsion of all Teutonic agents from the country, is indicated in dispatches from Amsterdam.

The fact that Greece has allowed armed forces from allied battleships to hunt down German and Austrian subjects in the streets of Athens is considered an utter violation of neutrality and it is reported that an ultimatum is in process of preparation at Berlin. Parliamentary leaders have been called into conference by the Imperial Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg and early action is expected.

Meanwhile, owing not be unfavorable impression created in the public mind at Athens by the sight of foreign landing parties making arrests of the subjects of neutral countries, the French and British Ministers are reported to have agreed to allow the Greek police to make what arrests remain to be made. So great was the popular hostility to the action of the allies that street battles are reported to have occurred in Athens and several persons to have been wounded.

Greece is making quiet preparations to enter the war at an early date, according to Athens dispatches. Five classes of reservists have already been remobilized, it is stated, and to-day 500 Greeks who have residences in the United States were prevented from embarking on a liner for New York.

A Central News dispatch asserts that allied agents have found many letters from German spies in the Greek mails.

King Constantine has fully recovered his health, according to a Reuter dispatch, but to-day refused to grant audience to a deputation of Venizelists on the plea of illness. Meanwhile revolutionary activities continue in the Saloniki district and, in fact, in a great part of Macedonia. The Committee of National Defense, which is an outgrowth of the Venizelist movement, has taken over the reins of government in these sections, constituting itself a government within a government. It formally certifies to its intentions to cause a general uprising of Greeks against the Bulgarian invaders, and has announced that it will establish courts-martial and a press bureau.

Cliff Blankenship's Resignation Accepted

SALT LAKE CITY, September 5.—The resignation of Cliff Blankenship as manager of the Salt Lake Baseball Club was accepted to-day.

U.S. BEGINS REPRISALS TO DOWN BLACKLIST

Drastic Legislation Enacted by Senate Empowering Nation to Use Arms Provided in Amendment to New Revenue Law

Seizure of Offending Vessels, Heavy Fines and Imprisonment Provided in Amendment to New Revenue Law

Imports From Belligerents May Be Stopped When Fighting Nations Discriminate Against Products Sent From America

By International News Service

WASHINGTON, September 5.—Legislation of the most drastic character, that will permit of retaliation and reprisals against the allies and effectively stop the British blacklist policy was written into the general revenue bill by the Senate to-day.

The emergency revenue bill was passed at a midnight session.

An amendment proposed by Senator Thomas of Colorado and adopted without dissent, empowers the President to refuse clearance papers to any belligerent merchantman that refuses American goods unless and only because of lack of cargo space. An attempt to sail without clearance is made punishable by heavy fine and imprisonment of two years. The ship may be seized by the Government.

STATE DEPARTMENT APPROVES MEASURE

The amendment, it was admitted, was drafted with the approval of the State Department. This administration is especially significant in view of the provision "that the President is hereby authorized and empowered to employ such part of the land and naval forces of the United States as shall be necessary to carry out the purposes of this act."

The application of this power to use naval vessels in enforcing the act would mean the virtual blockading of our own coasts by our own warships to prevent the escape of allied ships that had been refused clearance papers.

EMERGENCY ACT AIMED AT BRITISH

The Thomas amendment is admittedly an emergency measure. Nobody attempts to conceal the fact that it was aimed at the acts of the British government. The Senate has been informed that every diplomatic effort of this government to bring about relief for American citizens subjected to the blacklist proved futile. The approval of the State Department is accepted as proof of a determination on the part of the administration to begin an aggressive policy to protect the rights of American and other neutral commerce.

Use of the navy might be required in event any American ship were seized in other ports by the British government. The amendment is in line with that put into the shipping bill, but goes much further and is far more efficacious as a remedy.

PHELAN PROPOSAL CALLED 'REVOLUTIONARY'

Another amendment which its opponents charged carried as revolutionary, offered by Senator Phelan, would prohibit the use of the mails, cables, wireless, express or other means of communication to citizens of countries that do not accord full and free facilities to American citizens in commerce, including the unhampered traffic in the mails.

The amendment intends that all American citizens shall have the same free use of them means of communication with any belligerent country that is accorded the citizens of belligerent countries in the United States. The prohibition is to be enforced when the President shall be satisfied there is reasonable ground to believe such discrimination exists and after a proclamation has been issued. This amendment also was adopted without protest.

On August 31 an amendment af-

How Some Realty Operators Started

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