

Siddhant Mishra-Sharma (MIT/AI FI) Summer School

170

2

5

Variational inference

$$D_{\text{KL}}\left(q_{\varphi}(z)||p(z|x)\right)=\log p(x)-\left\langle\log p_{\vartheta}(x,z)-\log q_{\varphi}(z)\right\rangle_{q_{\varphi}(z)}$$



Evidence Lower Bound (ELBO)



Evidence





≥ 0

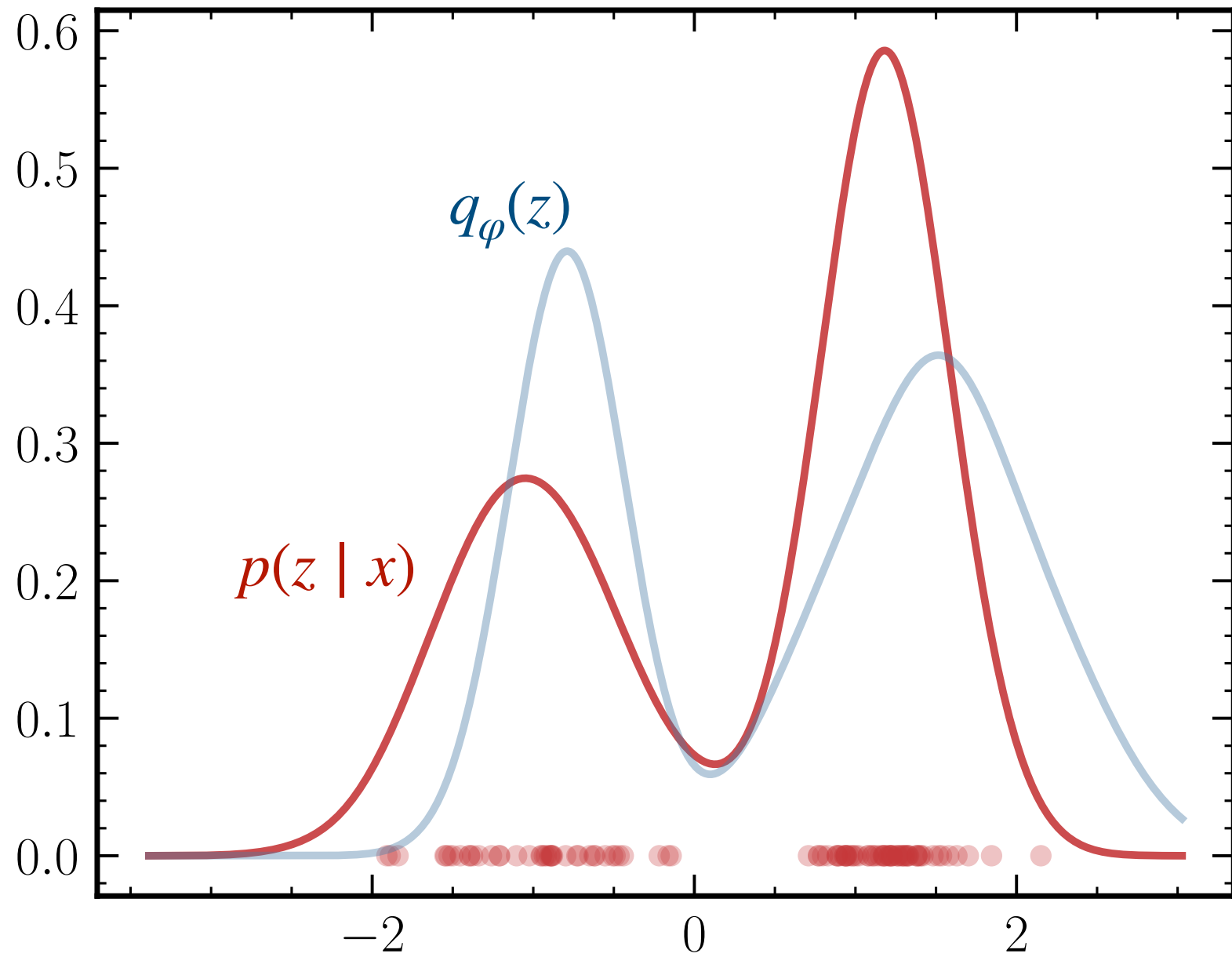
Ageneral-purpose technique for posterior estimation

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{ELBO} &= \left\langle \log p_{\vartheta}(x, z) - \log q_{\varphi}(z \mid x) \right\rangle_{q_{\varphi}} \\
&= \left\langle \log p_{\vartheta}(x \mid z) + \log p(z) - \log q_{\varphi}(z \mid x) \right\rangle_{q_{\varphi}} \\
&= \underbrace{\left\langle \log p_{\vartheta}(x \mid z) \right\rangle_{q_{\varphi}}}_{\text{“Reconstruction”}} - \underbrace{D_{\text{KL}} \left(q_{\varphi}(z \mid x) \parallel p(z) \right)}_{\text{“Regularization”}}
\end{aligned}$$

“Reconstruction”

“Regularization”

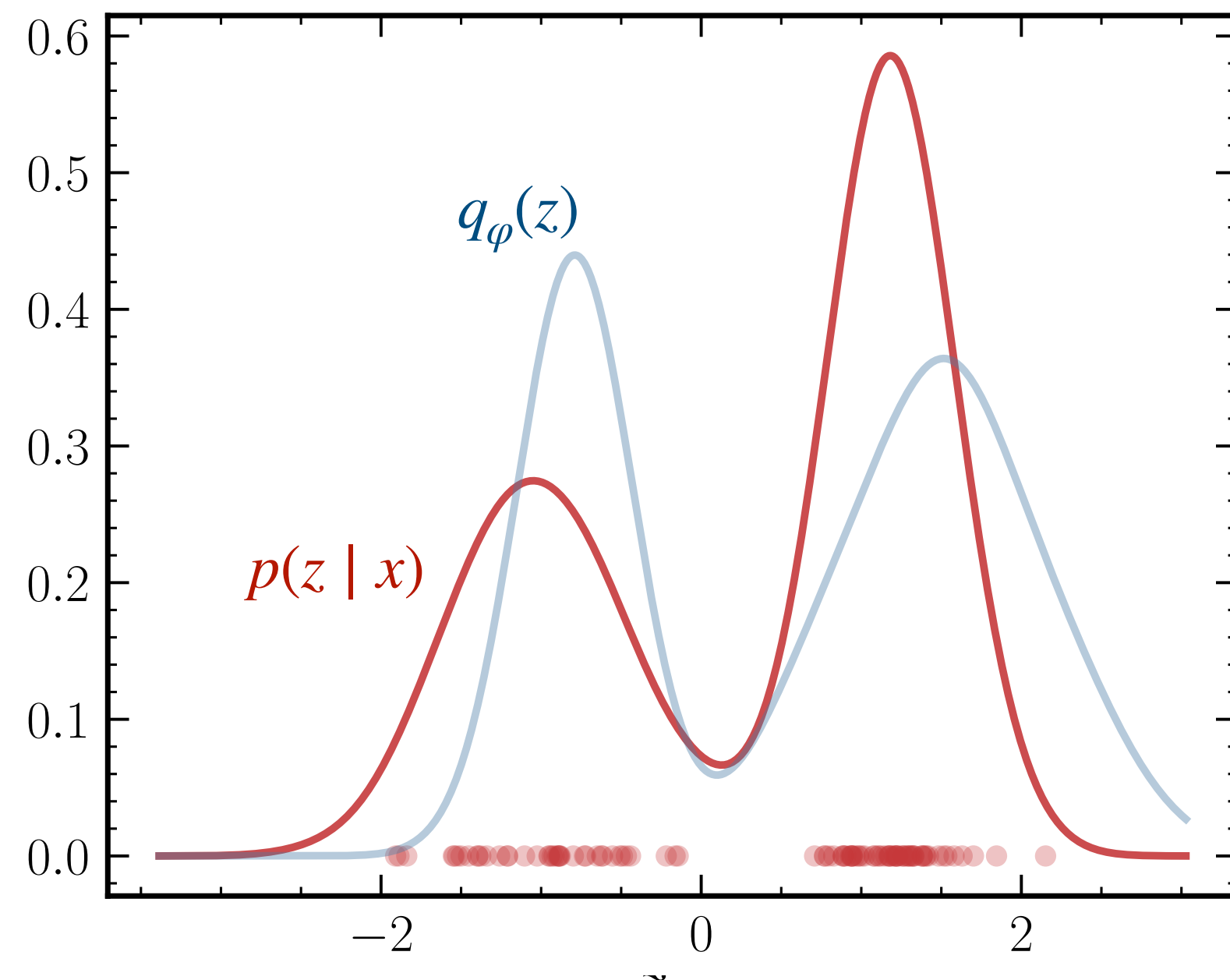




Variational inference

A general-purpose technique for posterior estimation

$$\begin{array}{c} \geq 0 \qquad \text{Evidence} - \text{Evidence Lower BOund (ELBO)} \\ \hline D_{\text{KL}} \left(q_{\phi}(z) \| p(z | x) \right) = \log p(x) - \left\langle \log p_{\theta}(x, z) - \log q_{\phi}(z) \right\rangle_{q_{\phi}(z)} \end{array}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \text{ELBO} &= \left\langle \log p_{\theta}(x, z) - \log q_{\phi}(z | x) \right\rangle_{q_{\phi}} \\ &= \left\langle \log p_{\theta}(x | z) + \log p(z) - \log q_{\phi}(z | x) \right\rangle_{q_{\phi}} \\ &= \underbrace{\left\langle \log p_{\theta}(x | z) \right\rangle_{q_{\phi}}}_{\text{"Reconstruction"}} - \underbrace{D_{\text{KL}} \left(q_{\phi}(z | x) \| p(z) \right)}_{\text{"Regularization"}} \end{aligned}$$

VAEs in practice

