

Siddhant Mishra-Sharma (MIT/AI FI) Summer School

/66

18

Variational inference

The intractability of $p(x)$ is closely related to the intractability of the *posterior* $p(z | x)$

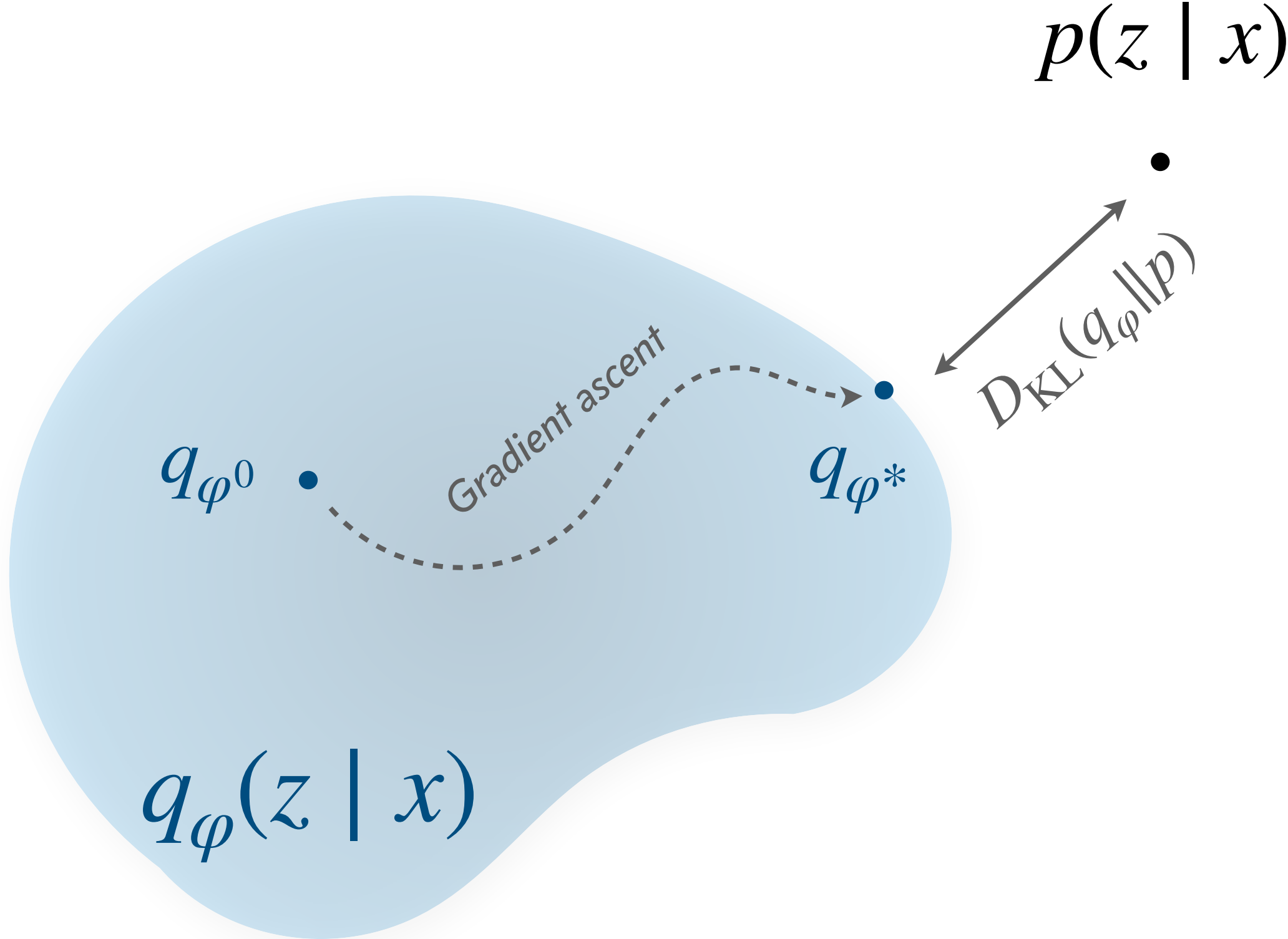
$$p(z \mid x) = \frac{p(x, z)}{p(x)}$$







(Bayes' theorem)



≥ 0

Evidence

—

Evidence Lower BOund (ELBO)

$$D_{\text{KL}} \left(q_{\phi}(z) \parallel p(z \mid x) \right) = \log p(x) - \left\langle \log p_{\vartheta}(x, z) - \log q_{\phi}(z) \right\rangle_{q_{\phi}(z)}$$

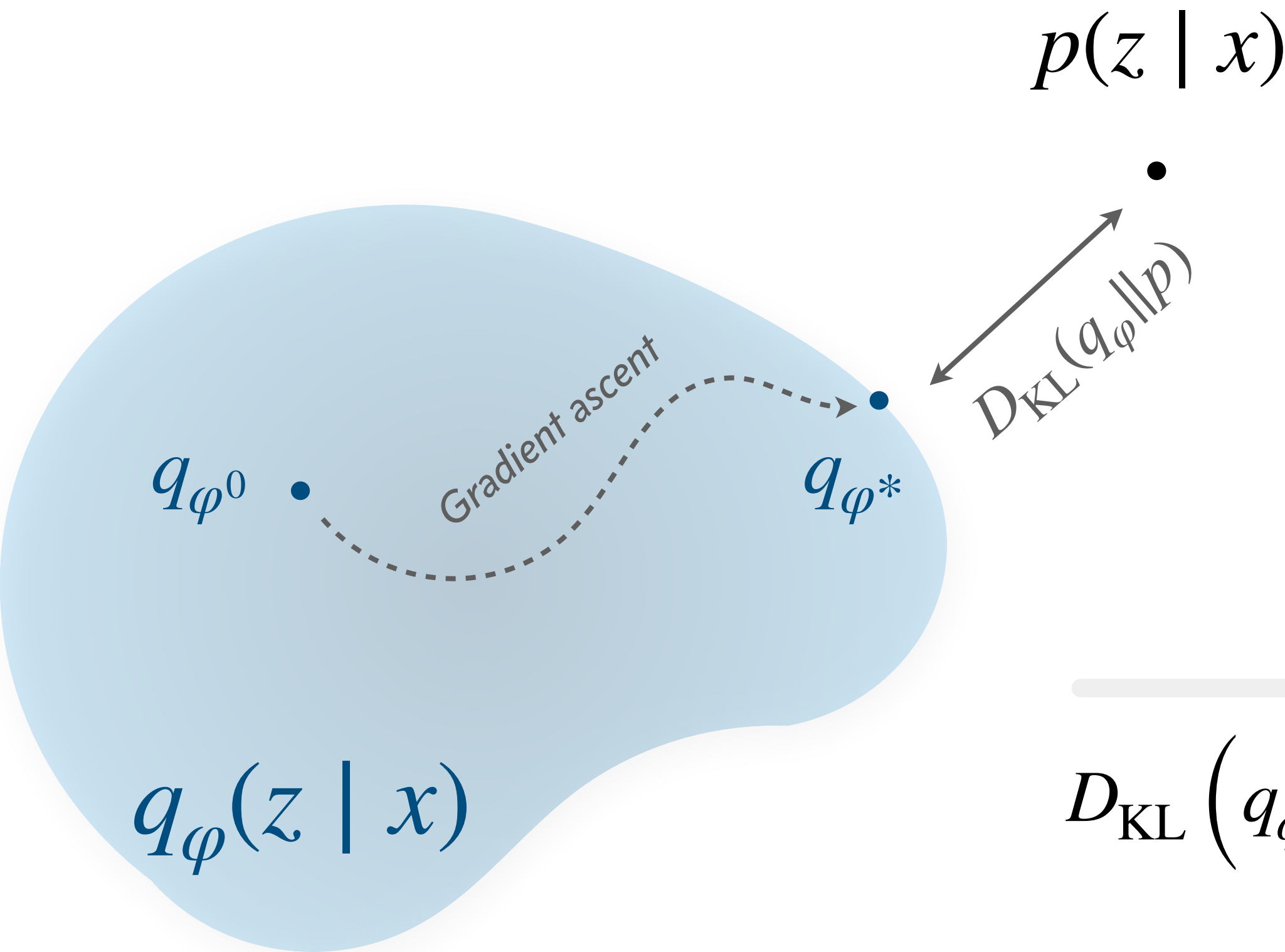
A two-for-one!

- ✓ Estimate approximate posterior $q_{\phi}(z) \approx p(z \mid x)$
- ✓ Estimate likelihood/evidence ELBO $\approx p(x)$

Variational inference

The intractability of $p(x)$ is closely related to the intractability of the posterior $p(z \mid x)$

$$p(z \mid x) = \frac{p(x, z)}{p(x)} \quad (\text{Bayes' theorem})$$



A two-for-one!

- ✓ Estimate approximate posterior $q_\phi(z) \approx p(z \mid x)$
- ✓ Estimate likelihood/evidence $\text{ELBO} \approx p(x)$

$$D_{\text{KL}}(q_\phi(z) \parallel p(z \mid x)) \geq 0 \quad \text{Evidence} - \text{Evidence Lower BOund (ELBO)}$$
$$D_{\text{KL}}(q_\phi(z) \parallel p(z \mid x)) = \log p(x) - \left\langle \log p_\theta(x, z) - \log q_\phi(z) \right\rangle_{q_\phi(z)}$$

Variational inference

A general-purpose technique for posterior estimation

$$\overbrace{D_{\text{KL}}(q_\phi(z) \| p(z | x))}^{\geq 0} = \overbrace{\log p(x)}^{\text{Evidence}} - \overbrace{\left\langle \log p_\theta(x, z) - \log q_\phi(z) \right\rangle_{q_\phi(z)}}^{\text{Evidence Lower BOund (ELBO)}}$$

