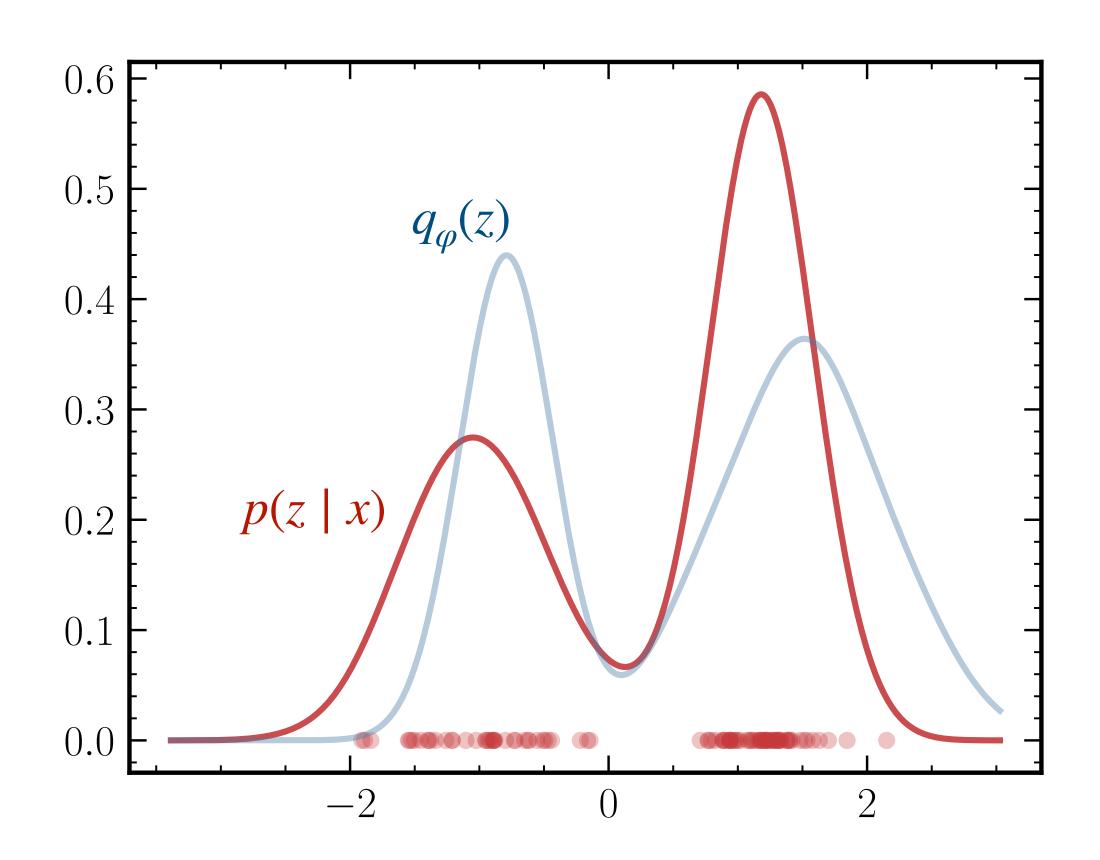
KL-divergence

A measure of similarity between two probability distributions

$$D_{KL}(Q||P) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dx \, q(x) \log \left(\frac{q(x)}{p(x)}\right)$$
$$= \left\langle \log \frac{q(x)}{p(x)} \right\rangle_{x \sim q(x)}$$

Formally: expected excess "surprise" from using P as a model when the actual distribution is Q



KL-divergence

 $D_{\mathrm{KL}}(Q||P) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \mathrm{d}x \, q(x) \, \log\left(\frac{q(x)}{p(x)}\right)$

A measure of similarity between two probability distributions

Not symmetric! $D_{KL}(Q||P) \neq D_{KL}(P||Q)$

